

Inverse Laplace transform -

$$\frac{5}{s} + \frac{1}{s-4} + \frac{2}{s-3}$$

$$f(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{5}{s} + \frac{1}{s-4} + \frac{2}{s-3} \right\}$$

$$= 5 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{s} \right) + \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{s-4} \right) + 2 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{s-3} \right)$$

$$= 5(1) + e^{-4t} + 2e^{3t}$$

$$F(s) = 5 + e^{-4t} + 2e^{3t}$$

$$\frac{8}{s+2} + \frac{1}{3s-5} + \frac{3}{s^3}$$

$$f(t) = 8 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{s+2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{s-5/3} \right) + 3 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{s^3} \right)$$

$$= 8e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{3} e^{5/3t} + \frac{3}{2} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{s^3} \right)$$

$$= 8e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{3} e^{5/3t} + \frac{3}{2} t^2$$

$$Q \quad \frac{8}{3s^2+12} + \frac{3}{s^2-49}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sol: } f(s) &= \frac{8}{3(s^2+4)} + \frac{3}{s^2-49} \\ &= \frac{4}{3} \left[\frac{2}{s^2+4} \right] + \frac{\cancel{7} \times 7}{s^2-49} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\frac{2}{s^2+4} \right] + \frac{3}{7} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\frac{7}{s^2-49} \right]$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \sin 2t + \frac{3}{7} \sinh(7t)$$

$$Q \quad \frac{3s-4}{s^2+5}$$

$$\text{Sol: } F(s) = \frac{3s}{s^2+5} - \frac{4}{s^2+5}$$

$$= 3 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\frac{s}{(s)^2 + (\sqrt{5})^2} \right] - \frac{4}{\sqrt{5}} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\frac{\sqrt{5}}{(s)^2 + (\sqrt{5})^2} \right]$$

$$= 3 \cos(\sqrt{5}t) - \frac{4}{\sqrt{5}} \sin(\sqrt{5}t)$$

$$Q \quad 7/s^2-9$$

$$\text{Sol: } = \mathcal{L}^{-1} (7/s^2-9)$$

$$= 7 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{(s^2-9)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{7}{3} \times \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{s^2-9} \right) = \frac{7}{3} \sinh(3t)$$

$$Q \ H(s) = \frac{s+3}{s^2-3s-10}$$

$$\text{Sol: } H(s) = \frac{s+3}{s^2-3s-10}$$

$$= \frac{s+3}{s^2-5s+2s-10}$$

$$= \frac{s+3}{s(s-5)+2(s-5)}$$

$$= \frac{s+3}{(s+2)(s-5)}$$

$$\frac{s+3}{(s+2)(s-5)} = \frac{A}{(s+2)} + \frac{B}{(s-5)}$$

$$(s+3) = A(s-5) + B(s+2) \rightarrow (*)$$

Let $s = 5$ in $(*)$

$$(5+3) = A(5-5) + B(5+2)$$

$$8 = B(7) \Rightarrow B = 8/7$$

Let $s = -2$ in $(*)$

$$(-2+3) = A(-2-5) + B(-2+2)$$

$$1 = A(-7) \Rightarrow A = -1/7$$

$$H(s) = \frac{-1/7}{(s+2)} + \frac{8/7}{(s-5)}$$

$$= -1/7 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{s+2} \right) + 8/7 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{s-5} \right)$$
$$= -1/7 e^{-2t} + \frac{8}{7} e^{5t}$$

$$Q \quad y'' - 5y' + 6y = 0$$

$$y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 2$$

$$\text{Sol: } L[y''](s) - 5L[y'](s) + 6L[y](s) = 0$$

$$s^2 L[y] - sy(0) - y'(0) - 5[sL[y] - y(0)] + 6L[y] = 0$$

$$s^2 Y(s) - 2s - 2 - 5sY(s) + 10 + 6Y(s) = 0$$

$$Y(s)[s^2 - 5s + 6] - 2s - 2 + 10 = 0$$

$$[s^2 - 5s + 6]Y(s) = 2s - 8$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{2s - 8}{s^2 - 5s + 6}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{4}{s+2} + \frac{-2}{s-3}$$

$$L^{-1}[Y(s)] = 4L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s+2}\right] + (-2)L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s-3}\right]$$

$$y(t) = 4e^{-2t} - 2e^{3t}$$