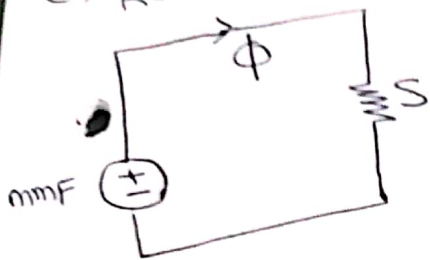


# Difference between magnetic ckt and Electric Circuit:-

## Magnetic Circuit

- 1) Flow is of Flux
- 2) MMF is the cause of Flux

3) Reluctance  $\frac{\text{MMF}}{S} = \frac{NI}{S} = \phi$



4)  $S = \frac{L}{\mu_0 \mu_r A}$

5) Permeance =  $\frac{1}{S}$

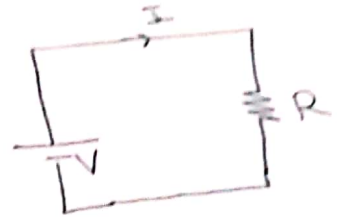
6) Magnetic Field density =  $B = \frac{\phi}{A}$

i.e Flux per unit area

## Electric Field

- 1) Flow is of current
- 2) EMF is the cause of current

3)  $I = \frac{V}{R}$



4)  $R = \frac{\rho L}{A}$

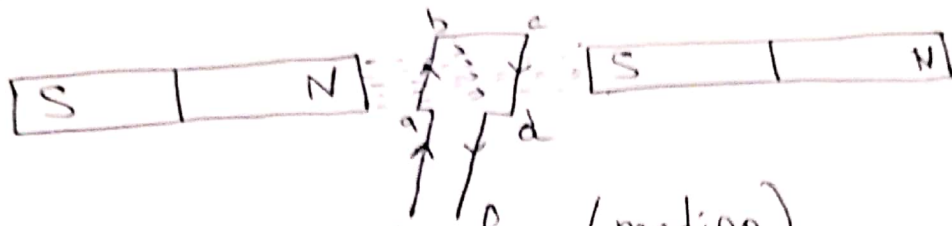
5) Conductance =  $\frac{1}{R}$

6) current density (J) =  $\frac{I}{A}$

i.e current per unit Area

## Fleming's left hand rule:-

→ This rule is used in motors to find out the direction of force on a current carrying conductor in a magnetic field.



• Thumb = direction of force (motion)

First finger = direction of flux

Middle finger = direction of current.

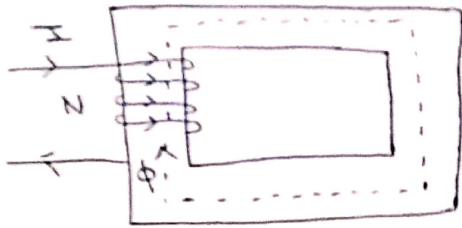
→ place all the 3 fingers at right angle to each other. In the above case, direction of current is from left to right and direction of force will be downward. In this case, direction of force will be upward. So in this

Suppose in section c-d, current will flow outward. So in this section, direction of force will be upward.

Remember F.L.R is used in DC motor while R.R is used in DC generators.

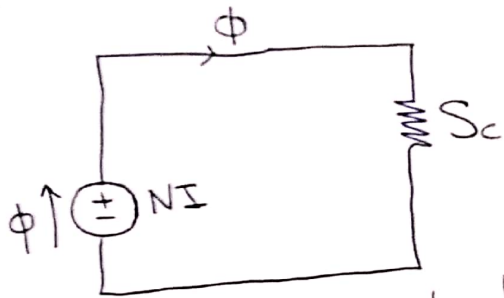
KT 1:-

Model the below given magnetic circuit into electrical circuit.



Direction of  $\Phi$  can be found by Right hand thumb rule

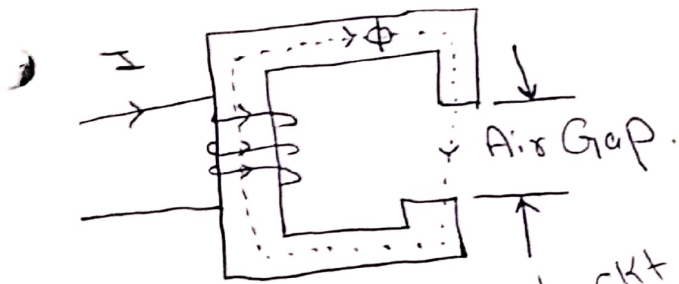
Ans:- The equivalent electrical circuit is shown below:-



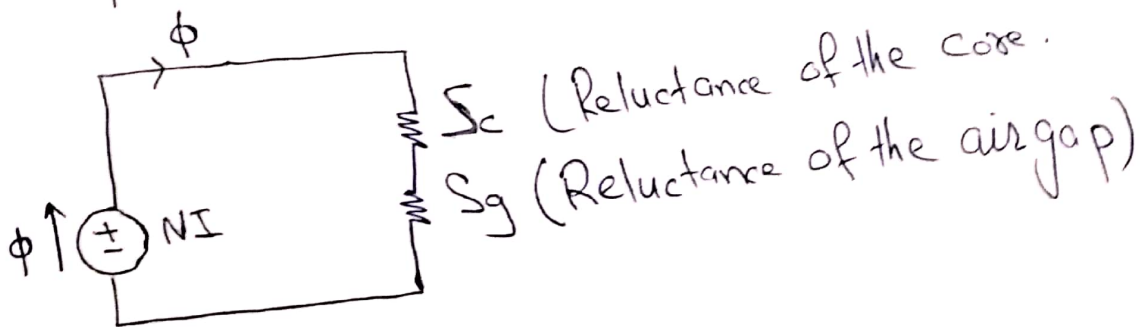
where  $S_c$  is the reluctance of the core.

KT #2:-

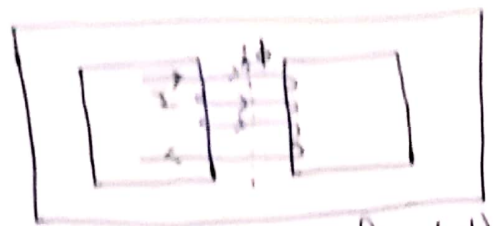
Model the below given magnetic ckt into electrical ckt.



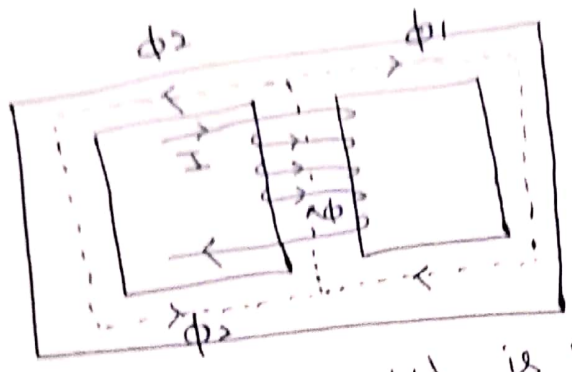
The equivalent electrical ckt is shown below:-



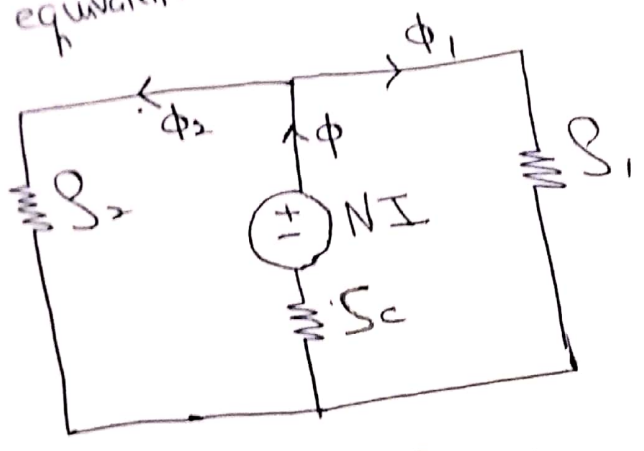
Q. 3.



In this case, the total flux ( $\Phi$ ) will divide itself into 2 fluxes,  $\Phi_1$ ,  $\Phi_2$ . as shown below:

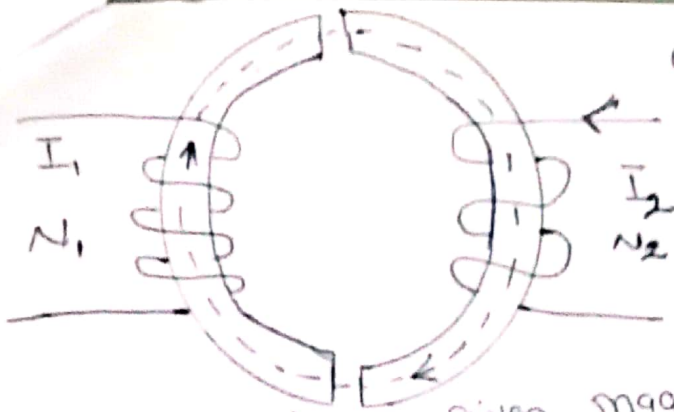


The equivalent electrical ckt is shown below:-

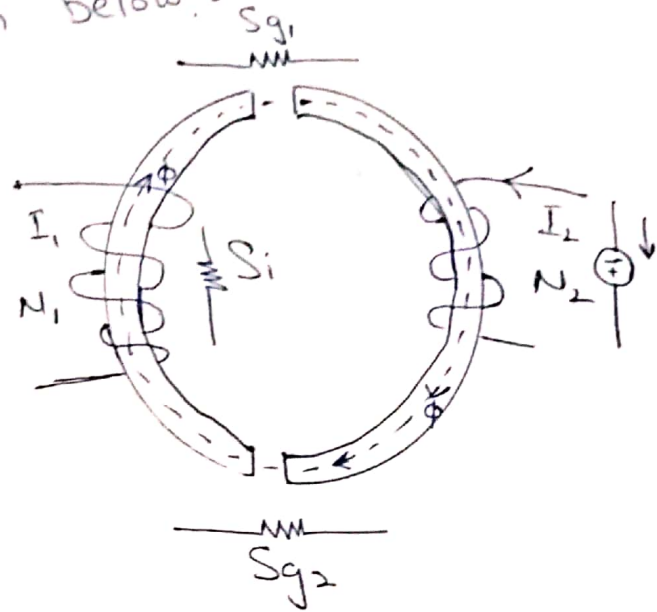
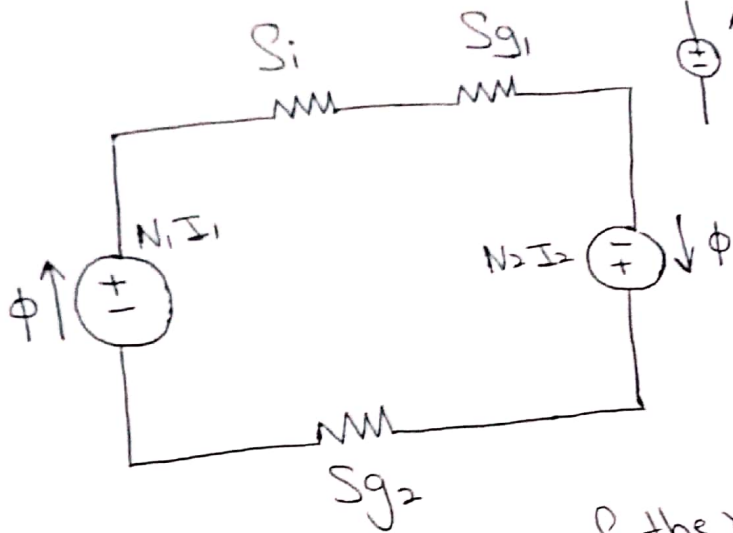


- where  $S_c$  = Reluctance of the core.
- $S_1$  = Reluctance of Right portion of the core
- $S_2$  = Reluctance of Left portion of the core.

CKT 4.



Model the above given magnetic circuit as electrical circuit.  
 Ans: - First of all we will find the direction of flux by right hand thumb rule as shown below.



Where  
 $S_i$  = Reluctance of the ring  
 $S_{g1}$  = Reluctance of above air gap (b/w ring)  
 $S_{g2}$  = " " below " " ( " " )