## Department of Electrical Engineering Final Assignment

Date: 24/06/2020

Course Details

Course Title: Instructor:	Radar and Satellite Communications	Module: _ Total Marks:	8th 50
	Student Details		
Name:		Student ID: _	
Student Signature:		_	

Q1	Answer the following questions:	Marks 15
	<ul> <li>a) Is there any difference between Backscatter and Clutter, if yes then briefly discuss it? (02 Marks)</li> <li>b) A RADAR system may receive multiple forms of interference signals, so what can be those types of interfering signals discuss any three of them? (03 Marks)</li> <li>c) Discuss both Range resolution and Doppler resolution. How come they are important in target detection on the basis of their basic criteria? (03 Marks)</li> </ul>	CLO 01
Q2	Calculate the following antenna parameters:  a) the gain in dBi of a 3m parabolic reflector antenna at frequencies of 8 GHz and 14 GHz;  b) the effective area of an antenna with 46 dBi gain at 12 GHz. An efficiency factor of 0.55 can be assumed.	Marks 10 CLO 02
Q3	Determine the range and free space path loss, uplink path loss and downlink path loss for the following satellite link:  The service and feeder links between an Iridium satellite located at 760 km altitude and a ground location with a 70° elevation angle. The service link frequency is 1600MHz and the feeder link frequencies are 29.2 GHz uplink and 19.5 GHz downlink.	Marks 05 CLO 02
Q4	A VSAT network operates with a satellite downlink consisting of a 3.2m satellite transmit antenna and a 1.2m ground receive antenna. The carrier frequency is 12.25 GHz, noise bandwidth of the downlink is 20 MHz, and the elevation angle for the ground station network ranges from 25–40 $^{\circ}$ . Determine the minimum RF transmit power required for each terminal to maintain a minimum C/N <sub>0</sub> of 55 dBHz for any of the terminals in the network. The system noise temperature is 400 K. Assume an atmospheric path loss of 1.2 dB for the link. Line losses can be neglected. Antenna efficiency for the satellite antenna is 0.65 and for the ground antennas is 0.55.	Marks 10 CLO 02

Q5	Given below are the specifications of a RADAR system and a target which this				
	RADAR will attempt to detect.				
	<b>RADAR</b> specifications:	Target Specifications:			
	Transmit power 2MW	RCS is 10m2			
	Antenna gain 3000	Range from RADAR is 350nmi.			
	Antenna effective aperture 15m2				
	Transmit frequency 1.27GHz				
	Transmit pulse width 2.5µs				
	Pulse repetition frequency 350pps				
	Receiver noise factor is 3.				
	Determine the following.				
	Effective radiated power of RADAR. (02 Marks) Forward power density of RADAR. (02 Marks)				
	Total power reflected. (02 Marks)				
	Power received/capture from target (04 Marks)				