

Assignment
Plain & Reinforced Concrete Design-I

Note: Attempt all questions. Answer of the given questions must be uploaded within 06 hours after uploading of question paper. No answer sheet will be considered after given time period.

Q No 1: (10)

A rectangular beam that must carry a service live load of 2.47 kips/ft. and a calculated dead load of 1.05 kips/ft. (without self-weight) on an 18-ft. simple span is limited to 10 inches width and 20 inches total depth for architectural reasons. If $f_y = 60000$ psi and $f'_c = 4000$ psi. What steel area must be provided? Draw sketch of your final design.

Q No 2: (02+02+02+02+02)

- a) Briefly describe Bond stress and Development length.
- b) In which conditions doubly reinforced beam can be used?
- c) Differentiate between T-beam analysis and rectangular beam analysis.
- d) Write short note on the effect of strength reduction factor on flexural strength.
- e) Briefly describe design methods, which one of them can be best used for design of different structural members and why?

Q No 3: (10)

A concrete floor system consists of parallel T beams spaced 10 ft. on centers and spanning 32 ft. between supports. The 6-inch-thick slab is cast monolithically with T beam webs having width $b_w = 14$ -inch and total depth measured from the top of the slab, of $h = 28$ inch. The effective depth will be taken 3-inch less than the total depth. In addition to its own weight, each beam must carry a superimposed D.L of 50 psf and service live load of 225 psf. Material strengths are $f_y = 60,000$ psi and $f'_c = 4000$ psi. Determine the required tensile steel area and select the reinforcement needed for a typical member. Draw sketch of your final design.

“Good Luck”
