

Assignment # 03 Microprocessor & Assembly Language BS (CS) Spring semester 2018

- Q.1 Using the value –35, write it as an integer literal in decimal, hexadecimal, octal, and binary formats that are consistent with MASM syntax.
- Q.2 Create a single integer expression that uses all the operators. Calculate the value of the expression.
- **Q.3** Write the real number -6.2×10^4 as a real number literal using MASM syntax.
- **Q.4** Discuss the following MASM directives:

INCLUDE	.386	.MODEL	.STACK	PROTO
.DATA	.CODE	PROC	ENDP	END

- **Q.5** Which statement halts the assembly language program?
- Q.6 What type of argument must be passed to the ExitProcess procedure?
- Q.7 What is a calling convention, and how is it used in assembly language declarations?
- Q.8 What types of files are produced by the assembler and linker?
- Q.9 Which operating system component reads and executes programs?
- Q.10 Create an uninitialized data declaration for a 08-bit, 16-bit, and 32-bit unsigned and signed integers.
- Q.11 Create a data definition for a doubleword that stored it in memory in little endian format.
- Q.12 Show the order of individual bytes in memory (lowest to highest) for the following doubleword variable: val1 DWORD 87654321h
- Q.13 Find out if you can declare a variable of type DWORD and assign it a negative value.
- Q.14 Declare an array of 120 uninitialized unsigned doubleword values.
- Q.15 Declare an array of byte and initialize it to the first 5 letters of the alphabet.
- Q.16 Declare an unsigned 16-bit integer variable named wArray that uses three initializers.
- Q.17 Declare a string variable containing the name of your favorite color. Initialize it as a null-terminated string.
- Q.18 Why might you use a symbolic constant rather than an integer literal in your code?
- Q.19 Write a statement that causes the assembler to calculate the number of bytes in the following array, and assign the value to a symbolic constant named ArraySize:

myArray WORD 20 DUP(?)

Q.20 Show how to calculate the number of elements in the following array, and assign the value to a symbolic constant named ArraySize:

myArray DWORD 30 DUP(?)

Q.21 Write a program that defines symbolic constants for all seven days of the week. Create an array variable that uses the symbols as initializers.

- **Q.22** Write a program that defines symbolic names for several string literals (characters between quotes). Use each symbolic name in a variable definition.
- **Q.23** Differentiate between *equal-sign* directive and *EQU* directive.
- Q.24 Give examples of three different instruction mnemonics having zero, one, and two operands.
- **Q.25** How is a source file different from a listing file?
- **Q.26** Write a program that contains two instructions: (1) add the number 5 to the EAX register, and (2) add 5 to the EDX register. Generate a listing file and examine the machine code generated by the assembler. What differences, if any, did you find between the two instructions?
- Q.27 How are data labels and code labels different?
- Q.28 Name the four basic parts of an assembly language instruction.
- Q.29 Show an example of a block comment.
- Q.30 Why is it not a good idea to use numeric addresses when writing instructions that access variables?
- Q.31 Find out, by trial and error, if a program can have multiple code and data segments.
- Q.32 Write a program that calculates the following expression, using registers:

A = (A + B) - (C + D)

Assign integer values to the EAX, EBX, ECX, and EDX registers.