

$f(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ ,  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x)^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 0$   
 $f(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$  |  $\int (f(x))^{-1} \cdot 2 f'(x) dx$   
 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \ln(f(x)) + C$   
 $= 2 \ln(\sqrt{x+1}) + C$

$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}}$   
 $f'(x) = \frac{1}{(x)^{\frac{3}{2}+1}}$   
 $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

Q7:  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}}$  Rationalizing

$\frac{dx}{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}} = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}}{(\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x})(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x})} dx$

$= \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}}{(\sqrt{x+1})^2 - (\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}}{x+1 - x} dx = \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{1} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1} \right) dx$

$= \int (x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}} dx + \int x^{\frac{1}{2}} dx = \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\frac{3}{2}} + C$

$= \frac{2}{3} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} (x)^{\frac{3}{2}} + C$

376  
 $\frac{\frac{1}{2}+1}{\frac{1}{2}+1} = \frac{1}{2}$

Q Evaluate following indefinite integrals.

(i)  $\int (3x^2 - 2x + 1) dx$

(ii)  $\int \left( \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx = \left( \frac{2}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} + C \right)$

(iii)  $\int (2x+3)^{\frac{1}{2}} dx$