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I-D :- 7209.

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Subject :- Introduction to Structure Dynamics
& Earthquake Engineering.

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Time :- 9 AM - 3 PM.

Ihtisham
29-06-20

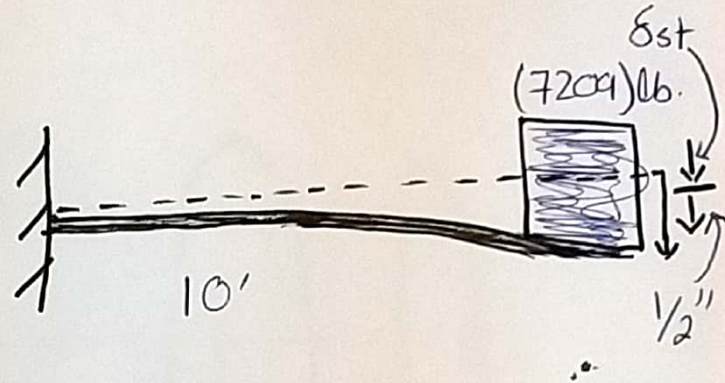
Question # 01.

Problem. ~~Part A~~

①

Given data:-

- Downward Direction = $\frac{1}{2}$ in.
- $E = 29,000$ Ksi
- $I = 150$ in⁴.
- $S_{st} = 7209$.



Solution:-

E.O.M. for damped free vibrations is;

$$k u + c \dot{u} + m \ddot{u} = 0 \longrightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

It is known as ~~beam~~ that;

$$k = 90625 \text{ lb/ft} \quad \xi \quad m = 31.06 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{Sec}^2/\text{ft}$$

$$C = \xi \times 2m \omega_n = \cancel{7209} \times \cancel{2} \times \cancel{31.06}$$

$$= \cancel{7209} \times 2 \times 31.06 \times 54.9 \times 0.025$$

$$C = 85.26 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{Sec}/\text{ft}$$

By substituting value of k, C, ξ, m in $\textcircled{1}$ we get,

$$90625 u + 85.26 \dot{u} + 31.06 \ddot{u} = 0$$

Solution to the EOM for damped ^② free vibration

is:

$$u(t) = e^{-\zeta \omega_n t} \left[u(0) \cos(\omega_D t) + \frac{1}{\omega_D} \left[\dot{u}(0) + u(0) \zeta \omega_n \right] \sin(\omega_D t) \right]$$

- $\omega_D = 54.9 \text{ rad/sec}$

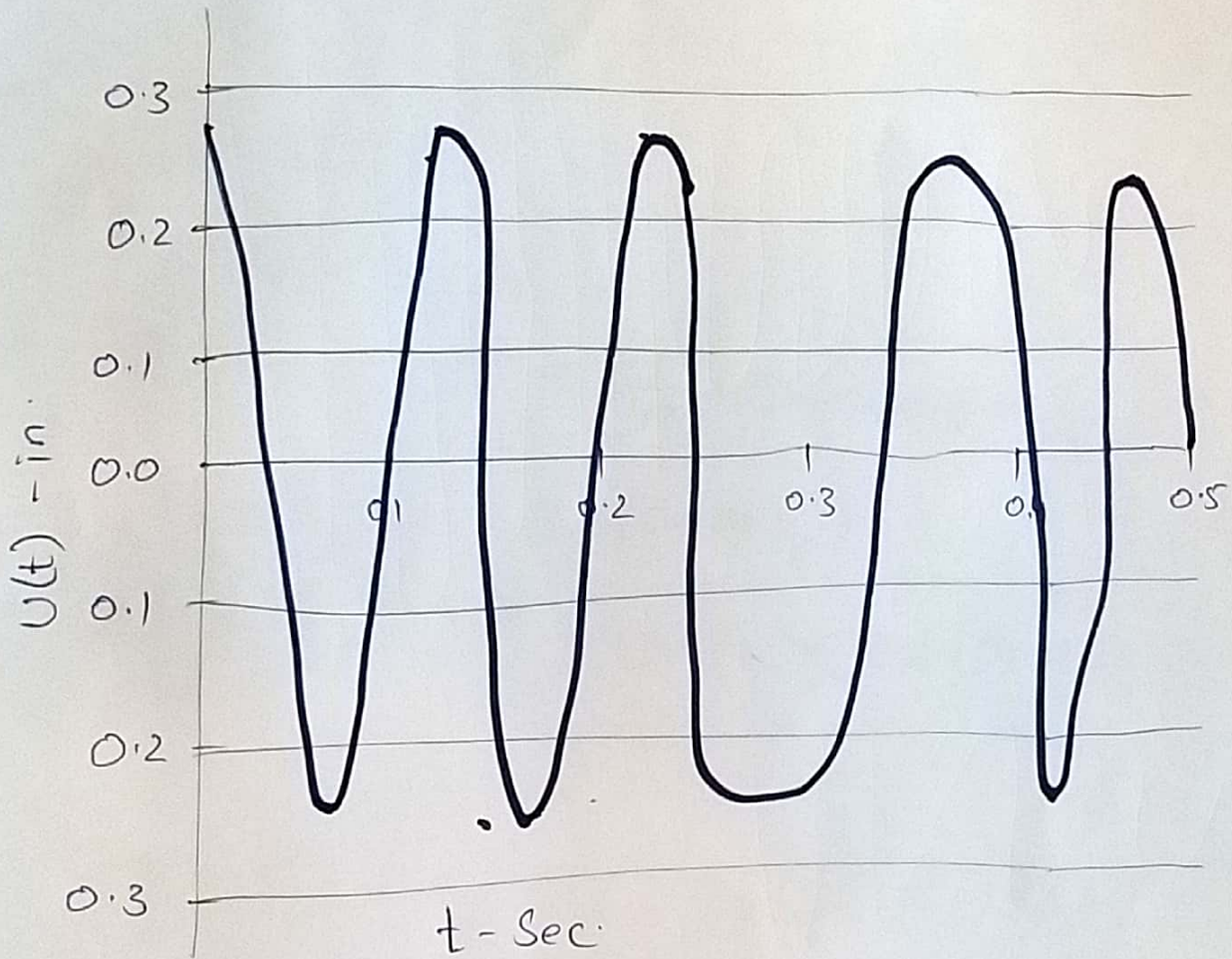
- $u(t) = e^{-0.025 \times 54.9 t} \left[\frac{1}{48} \times \cos(54.9 t) + \frac{1}{54.9} \times \left[0 + \frac{1}{48} \times 0.025 \times 54.9 \times \sin(54.9 t) \right] \right]$

- $u(t) = e^{-1.373 t} \left[0.0208 \times \cos(54.9 t) + 0.00052 \times \sin(54.9 t) \right]$

- $F_s(t) = k \cdot u(t) = 90625 \times u(t)$

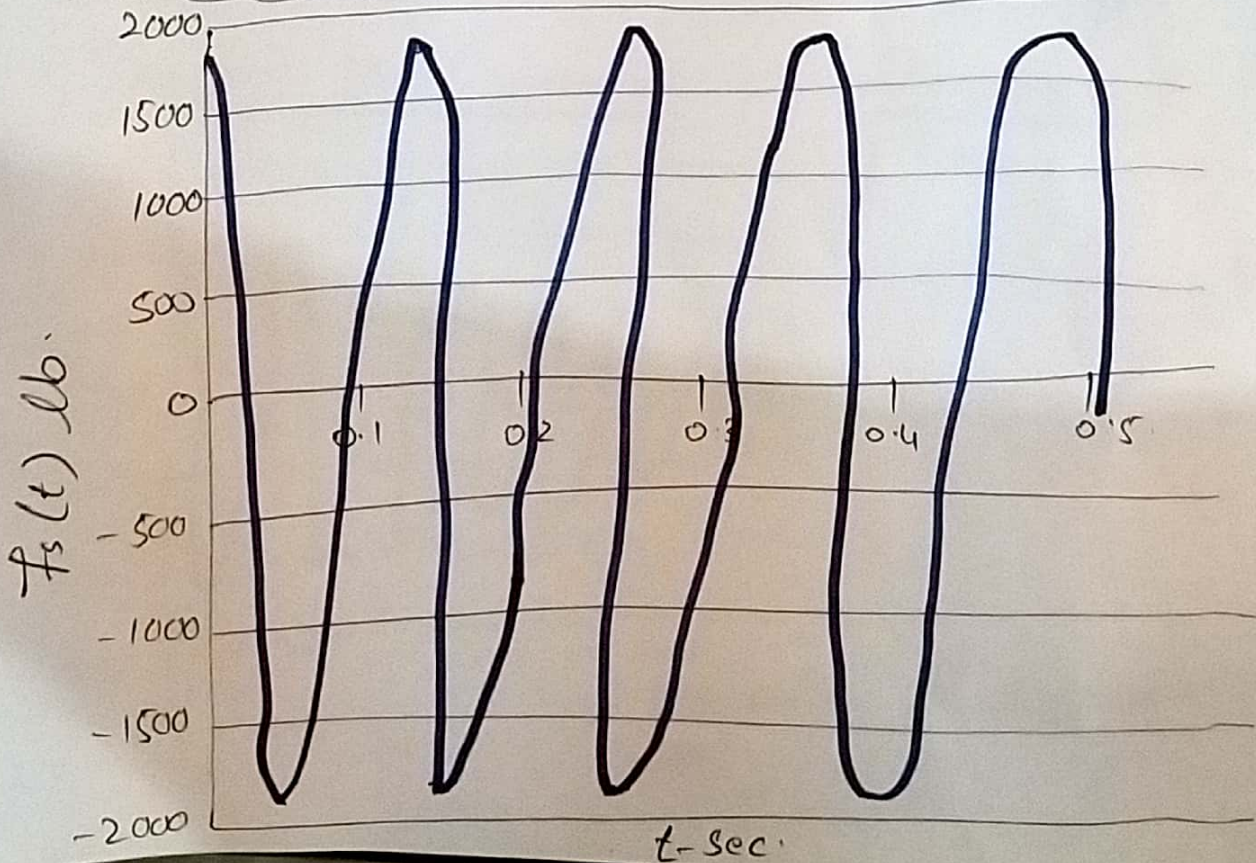
- $F_s(t) = e^{-1.373 t} \left[1885 \cos(54.9 t) + 47.13 \times \sin(54.9 t) \right]$

3) Undamped Free Vibration:- Question # 001.



Variation of displacement with time.

Variation of displacement with time.



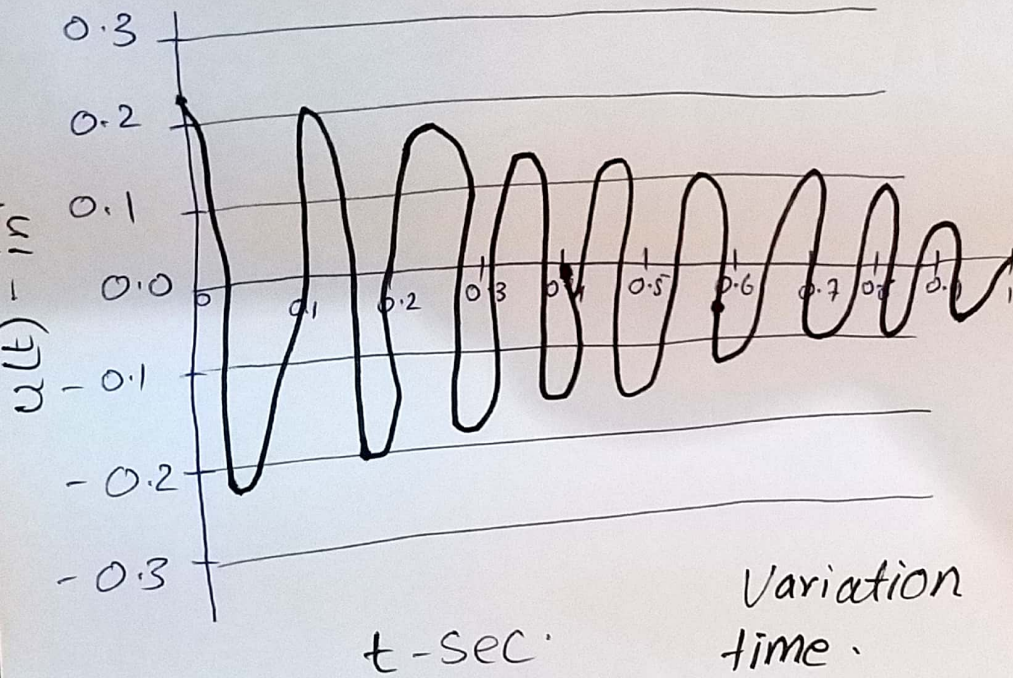
Variation of Equivalent Static Forces with time.

Damped Free Vibration:-

Question # 2.

4

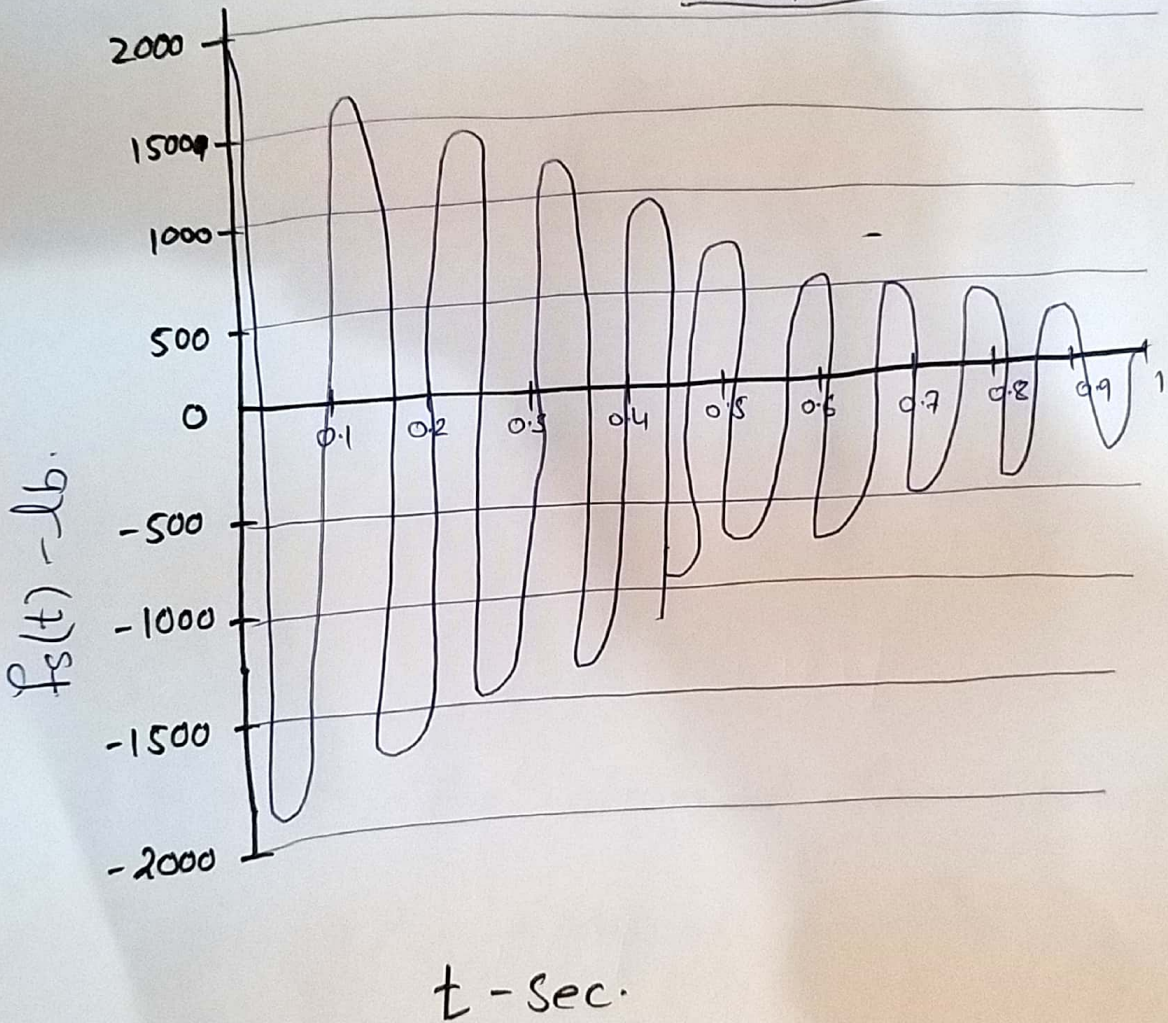
Ans:-



Variation of displacement with time.

Damped Free Vibration:-

5



Variation of Equivalent Static forces with time.

6

Damping Ratio of Reinforcement:-

Concrete with considerable Creaking = 3-5%
= 3%

Using the data of the beam given in Question #01.

Solution:-

E.O.M. For damped free vibration is

$$kU + c\dot{U} + m\ddot{U} = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

From Question #1

$$k = 90625 \text{ lb/ft} \quad \& \quad m = 240.15 \text{ lb}^2\text{sec}^2/\text{ft}$$

$$\omega_n = 19.425 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$c = \zeta \times 2m\omega_n$$

$$c = (0.03) \times 2(240.15)(19.425)$$

$$c = 279.89 \text{ lb}^2\text{sec}/\text{ft}$$

Put value in eq - (1)

$$90625U + 279.89\dot{U} + 240.15\ddot{U} = 0$$

Solution to the EOM for damped free vibration is,

$$\Rightarrow U(t) = e^{-\zeta \omega_D t} \left[u(0) \cos(\omega_D t) + \frac{1}{\omega_D} \left[\ddot{u}(0) + u(0) \zeta \omega_D \right] \sin \omega_D t \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_D = 19.425 \text{ rad/sec.}$$

$$\Rightarrow U(t) = e^{-0.03 \times 19.425 t} + \left[\frac{1}{24} \times \cos(19.425 t) + \frac{1}{19.425} \times \left[\frac{0+1}{24} \times 0.03 \times 19.425 \right] \times \sin(19.425 t) \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow U(t) = e^{-0.582 t} \left[0.041 \times \cos(19.425 t) + 0.001325 \times \sin(19.425 t) \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow F_s(t) = k \cdot U(t) \Rightarrow 90625 \times U(t)$$

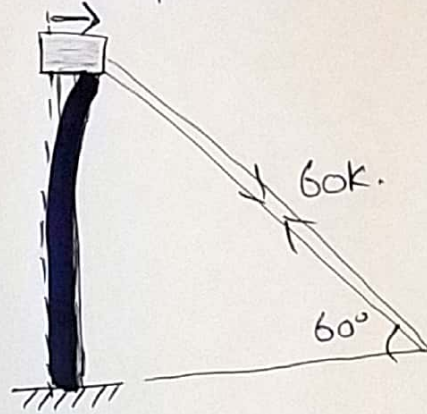
$$\Rightarrow F_s(t) = e^{-0.582 t} \left[(90625 \times 0.041) \cos(19.425 t) + (90625 \times 0.001325) \sin(19.425 t) \right]$$

$$F_s(t) = e^{-0.582 t} \left[3715.62 \cos(19.425 t) + 113.28 \sin(19.425 t) \right]$$

Question #03:-

$$(7209/1000) \text{ in} = 7.2 \text{ in}$$

(8)



Solution:-

$$u_1 = 7.2 \text{ in}$$

After

$$J = \quad , u_{j+1} = u_6 =$$

a) Damping Ratio:-

$$\zeta = \frac{1}{2\pi\delta} \ln \left[\frac{u_1}{u_{j+1}} \right]$$

$$= 87 = \frac{1}{2\pi\delta} \ln (7.2/2.286)$$

$$= 0.0254 = 2.54\%$$

b) $T_n = ?$

7 cycle of vibration are completed in 3.75 sec

- Time required to complete one cycle =

$$3.75/7 = T_n$$

$$= T_n = 0.53 \text{ sec}$$

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Now,

$$\omega_D = \omega_n \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$$

$$2\pi / \omega_D = 2\pi / (\omega_n \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2})$$

$$\Rightarrow T_D = T_n / \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_n = T_D \times \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_n = 0.53 \times \sqrt{1 - (0.0254)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_n = 0.5098 = \boxed{0.51 \text{ sec}}$$

c) $k = ?$

$$k = \frac{60 \times \cos 60^\circ}{2} = 15 \text{ k/in}$$

$$k = 18000 \text{ lb/ft}$$

d) weight of the tank, $w = ?$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{k}{\left(\frac{w}{g}\right)}} = \sqrt{\frac{k \times g}{w}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_n^2 = k \times g / w$$

$$w = k \times g / \omega_n^2$$

$$\text{also } \omega_n = 2\pi / T_n$$

(10)

$$\Rightarrow W = kg \left(\frac{4\pi^2}{T_n^2} \right) = kg \times \frac{T_n^2}{4\pi^2}$$

$$W = \frac{18000 \text{ lb}}{\text{ft}} \times \frac{32.2 \text{ ft}}{\text{Sec}^2} (0.51 \text{ sec})^2$$

$$W = 74875 \text{ lb} \quad = \boxed{74.9 \text{ K}}$$

e) $c = ?$

It is known that $\zeta = \frac{c}{2m\omega_n}$

$$\Rightarrow c = \zeta \times 2m\omega_n = \zeta \times dm \times (2\pi/T_n)$$

$$\Rightarrow c = \frac{0.0254 \times 4 \times \pi \times \left(\frac{74875}{32.2} \right)}{0.51}$$

$$\Rightarrow c = 1455.3 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{sec} / \text{ft}$$

f) = No. of cycle to reduce displacement amplitude from ~~2~~² in, to 0.5 in, $j = ?$

$$j = \frac{1}{2\pi\zeta} \ln \left(\frac{u_j}{u_{j+1}} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow j = \frac{1}{2 \times \pi \times 0.0254} \ln \left(\frac{2}{0.5} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow j = 8.69 \text{ or } 9 \text{ cycles}$$