

Date = 30/Nov/2020

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I.D NO = 18057

Class = Pak studies B.S - English

Section = A

Paper = Pakistan Studies by Sir Saad Haider

Attempt all the following questions.

Q:1:- Discuss Sir Syed Ahmed Khan's educational and political services for the Muslims.

Ans:- Sir Syed Ahmed Khan - (17 Oct 1817 - 27 March 1898):-

He was an Islamic pragmatist, Islamic reformer and philosopher of nineteenth century British India.

Educational Services:-

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan felt the importance of education for Muslims and he built many educational institutions for Muslims and in different areas of India.

1) He opened ~~to~~ one Madrasah in Muradabad in (1858) and one in Ghaziabad (1862) which improved the educational

status of Muslims.

2) Then in 1864 He laid the foundation of a society which secures ^{people} the Urdu meaning of English works.

3) But the biggest service for Muslims was the foundation of university of Aligarh in (1875) in which Muslims though taught both scientific and religious education which actually raised the Muslims of India in the field of Education.

Political services:

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was considered as the father of two nation theory.

The main points of this theory are:

The Muslims and Hindus are two different nations and they can not live together because of their different religion which can not allow them to be happy.

with each other.

This theory later become the main cause of division of India into Pakistan and India.

Ans: 2- Political and Constitutional phase from 1947 to 1958.

~~When~~ When Pakistan separate from India on the 14th Aug 1947 Pakistan followed the British system to post the prime minister system.

On the very next day at the prime minister's secretariate, the governor general of Pakistan Quaid-e-Azim appointed Liaquat Ali Khan to established and lead his administration on 15th Aug 1947.

Before ~~Marshall~~ Marshal Law enforced by Ayub Khan in 1958 7 prime ministers served Pakistan.

P. T. O

Governor general of Pakistan.

1) 1st: Quaid-e-Azam (1947 to 1948)

2nd: Khwaja Nazim Uddin

3rd: Ghulam Muhammad

4th: Sikandar Mirza

President \Rightarrow Sikandar Mirza

Prime Ministers of Pakistan:

1st \Rightarrow Liaqat Ali Khan 14 Aug to 16 Oct 1951

2nd: Nazim Uddin 17 Oct 1951 - 17 Oct 1953

3rd: Muhammad Ali Bogra 1953 to 1955

4th: Chaudhary Muhammad Ali

12 Aug 1955 - 12 Sep 1956

5th: Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardi

12 Sep 1956 - 17 Oct 1957

6th: I.I Chaudhary 16 Dec 1957

7th: Feroz Khan Noon

7 Oct 1958

Ans 3 Geography of Pakistan:

Geographical Location:

Pakistan is located in south Asian it form the northwest of subcontinent of indopakistan. It lies between the latitude of 23, 31 and 36, 45 north and between the longitude of 61, 75 and 31 east. It is bounded to the west by Iran to the east by India to the north by Afghanistan which is called Durand line into the south by Arabian sea. Pakistan border with India 1660 km border with Afghanistan 2250 km border with China 585 km and border with Iran 805 km.

Area and population:

Pakistan cover are of 796,096 km square

Population vice provinces:

- 1) Punjab
- 2) Sindh

3) Kpk.

4) Balochistan.

Balochistan is largest province covering 43% of the total area where Punjab is 25% Sindh 3rd with 17% and Kpk covering 13%. At the time of partition of the subcontinent 1947, the population of the area now forming population was only 3 crores and respect of population Pakistan is presently 7th largest most populated country of the world. China 1261 billion, India 1014 billion, USA 275 million, Indonesia 224 million, Brazil 172 million, and Russia 146 million.

Climate of Pakistan:

Climate of Pakistan extreme dry in base of climate condition.

Cold weather - December - March.

Hot weather - April, June.

Monsoon weather - July - September.

Post monsoon - October - Mid December.

The End!