

Name # Zohaib Ahmad

ID # 7797

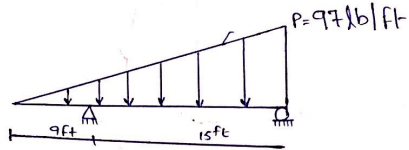
Section # A

Subject # Structural Analysis - 1

Instructor # Engr. Muhammad Saqib

Exam # Final Term

Q No: 1



Solution:-

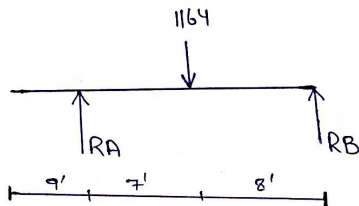
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total load} &= \frac{1}{2} (l) (b) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (24) (97) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Total} = 1164$$

$$\text{load location} = \frac{2}{3} (l)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} (24)$$

$$= 16$$



Now Finding Reactions

$$\boxed{\sum F_y = 0} \quad R_A + R_B - 1164 = 0$$

$$R_A + R_B = 1164$$

$$\sum M_A = 0 \quad \uparrow +$$

$$- R_B \times 15 + 1164 \times 7 = 0$$

$$15 R_B = 8148$$

$$R_B = 543.2$$

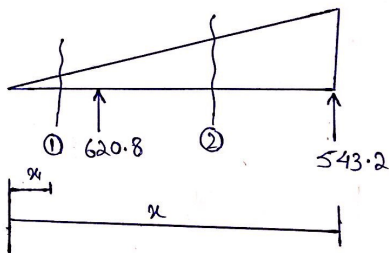
$$R_A + R_B = 1164$$

$$R_A = 1164 - R_B$$

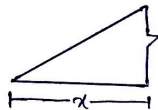
$$R_A = 1164 - 543.2$$

$$R_A = 620.8$$

Finding shear of equation



Section = 1~1

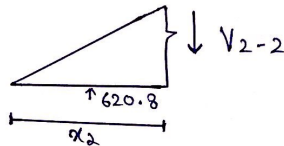


$$V_{1-1} = \frac{1}{2} \times \alpha_1 \times \frac{97}{24} \alpha_1 = \frac{97}{48} \alpha_1^2$$

$$V_{1-1} = \frac{1}{\alpha=0} = \frac{97}{48} \times (0)^2 = 0$$

$$V_{1-1} = \frac{1}{\alpha=9} = \frac{97}{48} (9)^2 = 163.81 \text{ lb}$$

Section = 2-2



$$\sum f_y = 0 \uparrow +$$

$$-V_{2-2} + 620.8 - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{97}{48} \alpha_2^2 \times \alpha_2 = 0$$

$$V_{2-2} = 620.8 - \frac{97}{48} \alpha_2^2$$

$$V_{2-2} |_{\alpha=9} = 620.8 - \frac{97}{48} (9)^2 = 457.11 \text{ lb}$$

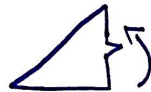
$$V_{2-2} |_{\alpha=24} = 620.8 - \frac{97}{48} (24)^2 = -543.2$$

For bending moment For section 1-1

$$M = -\frac{1}{2} \times \alpha_1 \times \frac{97}{24} \times \frac{1}{3} \alpha_1$$

$$M = -\frac{97}{144} \alpha_1^3$$

$$\alpha_1 = 0-9$$



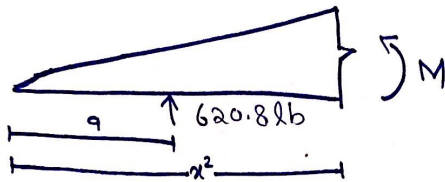
at $\alpha = 0$

$$M = -97/144 (0)^3 = 0$$

$$\text{at } x = 9$$

$$\Rightarrow M = -97/144 (9)^3 = -491.026 \text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft}$$

For Section 2-2



$$M = 620.8 \times (x_2 - 9) - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{97}{24} x_2 \times x_2 \times \frac{1}{3} \times x_2$$

$$M = 620.8(x_2 - 9) - \frac{97}{144} x_2^3 \quad (x_2 = 9 - 24)$$

$$\text{at } x_2 = 9'$$

$$M = 620.8(9 - 9) - \frac{97}{144} (9)^3 = 0 - 491.062$$

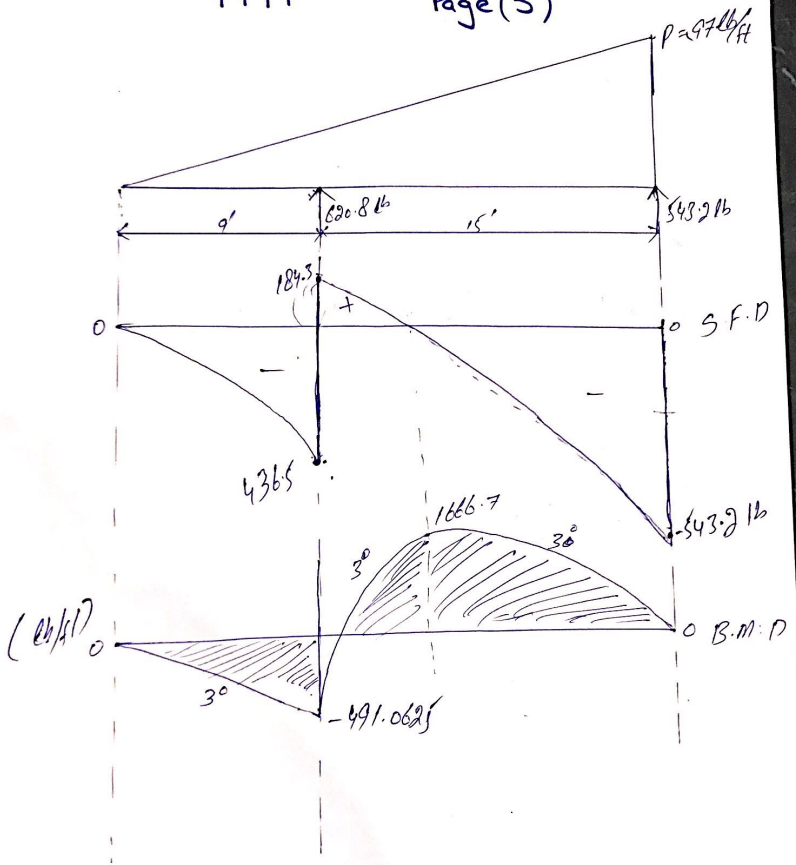
$$M = -491.062$$

$$\text{at } x_2 = 24'$$

$$M = 620.8(24 - 9) - \frac{97}{144} (24)^3$$

$$M = 9312 - 9312$$

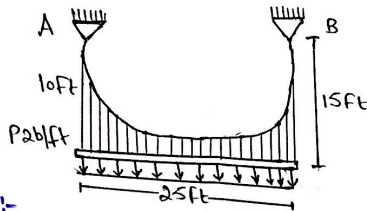
$$M = 0 \text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft}$$



Q No 2

7797

Page (5)



Given Data:-

Uniformly load $w_0 = 797 \text{ lb/ft}$

$T = ?$

Formula:-

$$y = \frac{w_0}{2F_H} x^2$$

Putting values

$$15 = \frac{797}{2F_H} x^2$$

$$10 = \frac{797}{2F_H} (25 - x)^2$$

$$\frac{797 x^2}{2(15)} = \frac{797}{2(10)} (25 - x)^2$$

$$x^2 = 1.5 (625 - 50x + x^2)$$

$$x^2 = 937.5 - 75x + 1.5x^2$$

$$x^2 - 1.5x^2 + 75x - 937.5 = 0$$

$$-0.5x^2 + 75x - 937.5 = 0$$

$$0 = 0.5x^2 - 75x + 937.5$$

By quadratic equation

$$x_1 = 136.23 \text{ ft}$$

$$x_2 = 13.76 \text{ ft}$$

By quadratic eqn given value is

$$x_2 = 13.76 \text{ ft}$$

$$F_H = \frac{w_0 x^2}{2y} \Rightarrow F_H = \frac{797}{2 \times 15} (13.76)^2$$

$$F_H = 5030.068$$

At B:

$$y = \frac{w_0}{2F_H} x^2 \Rightarrow \frac{797}{2 \times 5030.068}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \tan \theta_B \Rightarrow 0.158x \Big|_{x=13.76}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \tan \theta_B = 2.17$$

Now to find the angle

$$\tan \theta_B = \tan^{-1} 2.17 \Rightarrow \theta_B$$

$$\theta_B = \tan^{-1} 2.17$$

$$\theta_B = 65.25^\circ$$

At point A: B

$$y = \frac{w_0}{2F_H} x^2 \Rightarrow \frac{797 \times x^2}{2 \times 8 \times 5030.68}$$

$$dy/dx = \tan \theta_H = 0.158x \Big|_{x(25-13.76)}$$

$$\tan \theta_A \Rightarrow 1.77$$

$$\theta_A = \tan^{-1} 1.77$$

$$\theta_A = 60.53^\circ$$

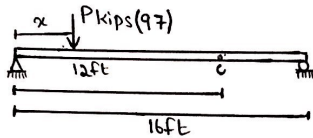
$$T_A = F_H / \cos \theta_A = 797 / \cos(60.53)$$

$$T_A = 1620.024 \text{ lb. Ft}$$

Q No:-3

Solution:-

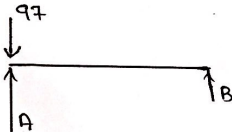
→ Influence Line



Reg No = 7797

Now Put 97 ↗

Now we know that

For $x=0$ $R_A=?$ ID = 7797

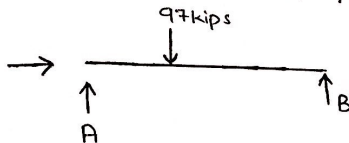
$$\sum M_B = 0 \quad (\uparrow + \quad \downarrow -)$$

$$(97 \times 16) - R_A (16) = 0$$

$$1552 = R_A (16)$$

$$R_A = \frac{1552}{16}$$

$$R_A = 97 \text{ kip}$$

For $x=1\text{ft}$ $R_A=?$ 

$$\sum M_B = (\uparrow +)$$

$$(97 \times 15) - R_A (16) = 0$$

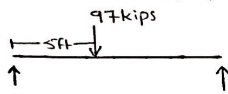
$$1455 = R_A (16)$$

$$R_A = \frac{1455}{16}$$

$$R_A = 90.9375 \text{ kips}$$

For

$$x = 5 \quad R_A = ?$$



$$(97 \times 5) - (R_A \times 16) = 0$$

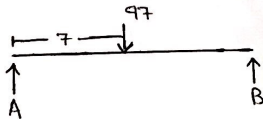
$$485 = R_A \times 16$$

$$R_A = \frac{485}{16}$$

$$R_A = 30.31 \text{ kips}$$

Now cut.

$$x = 7 \quad R_A = ?$$



$$\sum M_A = (\uparrow +)$$

$$(97 \times 7) - R_A \times 16 = 0$$

$$\frac{679}{16} = R_A$$

$$R_A = 42.43 \text{ kips}$$

A horizontal beam of length 16 units is shown. A downward force of 97 kips is applied at the right end. An upward reaction force is indicated at the left end, labeled A.

$$-R_A (16) + 97 (0) = 0$$

$$R_A = 0$$