QUESTION NO 1 TECHNICAL RISK AND THEIR MITIGATION MEASURES IN BRT PESHAWAR PROJECT

**RISK ASSESSMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN**

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| **Risk Description** | **Rating** | **Mitigation Measures** | **Responsibility** |
| **1. Political and/or organizational** | | | |
| (i) Political pressure to fast-track project implementation before the mid-2018 general elections undermines the quality of the project  design and implementation. | S | All possible advance actions have been taken to help the provincial government deliver the main bulk of civil works before the mid-2018 elections. Large consulting teams have been mobilized ahead of loan approval under the PDA. The DED is ongoing and 75% completed. Most tender bid documents have been shared and reviewed by ADB, and the first civil works packages have been advertised in May 2017. Works are expected to start as soon as the project loan is declared effective in September 2017 (this date is tentative). Retroactive financing will be used to shift utilities ahead of loan approval. | Government of Khyber  Pakhtunkhwa  ADB  All PDA consultants |
| (ii) Political competition and rivalry build on flawed comparisons between existing BRT projects in Pakistan and the proposed project, derailing the project. | M | A strong communication team has been recruited as part of the PMCCB consulting team to support the provincial government in designing and implementing a project communication strategy, and engaging with the media and various civil society stakeholders. | Government of Khyber  Pakhtunkhwa PMCCB  consultants |
| (iii) Vested interests (existing public transport operators, shopkeepers, and others along the BRT corridor) try to undermine the project during implementation. | S | Existing operators: Dedicated cost and consultancy support is built into the project design to facilitate bus industry transition through negotiations and capacity building to operate the BRT system. Consultations with the existing bus operators’ federation were held during the PPTA to inform the operators about the project. Under the PDA, skilled negotiators have been recruited to the ODBM consulting team, who will further discuss and develop a business model to include the existing operators as much as possible in the BRT operations. The initial BRT fleet will be financed under the project and leased to private operators to reduce the need to mobilize capital and allow existing operators to participate in the bidding process. The project design also includes a fleet scraping program and compensation mechanism for nonparticipating existing operators.  Shopkeepers’ and traders’ associations: The Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, supported by the PMCCB communication team and ADB project team, engaged with traders’ associations and other organizations (e.g., Lady Reading Hospital and the Cantonment Board) in the vicinity of and impacted by the BRT corridor, to present the project design, consider their concerns, and ensure buy-in and ownership, so that these groups do not oppose the project or ask to change the project design and alignment. | KPUMA  TransPeshawar ODBM  consultants |

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| **Risk Description** | **Rating** | **Mitigation Measures** | **Responsibility** |
| (iv) The delayed  operationalization of the  KPUMA and  TransPeshawar fails to provide necessary critical mass to implement the project and capacity building. | S | Parliament has already approved the legal framework establishing the KPUMA, and TransPeshawar is already licensed as a Section 42 (nonprofit) public company. The government, as part of their commitment, has already approved an annual allocation for the KPUMA’s operations. ADB will finance TransPeshawar’s operational expenditures for 3 years. Organograms and job descriptions for key staff for both organizations have been developed by the PMCCB consultant, who will also provide general support during staff recruitment, and build the staff’s capacity. | Government of Khyber  Pakhtunkhwa  KPUMA  TransPeshawar  ADB  PMCCB  consultants |
| (v) Limited capacity and a lack of coordination and clarity regarding the roles and  responsibilities of the executing and implementing agencies | M | An assessment of additional capacities required by the executing and implementing agencies, including national and international consultants and incremental staff (PMU and PIUs), was included in the project scope. Consultants required by the executing and implementing agencies have been hired under the PDA and are fully mobilized. The government approved advance funding for the PMU and PIUs, and staff are currently being hired. The KPUMA’s board of directors will act as the project steering committee and will guide, oversee, and coordinate among the different entities implementing the project. The PMU, supported by the PMCCB consultants, will report to the KPUMA, provide dedicated coordination support, and be responsible for overall management of the project. The roles and responsibilities of the executing and implementing agencies are outlined in the PAM. | KPUMA  Peshawar  Development Authority  TransPeshawar |
| **2. Governance** | | | |
| (vi) Pakistan’s score for control of corruption, government effectiveness, and regulatory quality remains low. | M | Federal and provincial governments have initiated reforms to strengthen governance. The Right to Information, the Ehtasab Commission (which was established in 2014 to promote accountability), and the Citizens’ Right to Public Services have all been operationalized in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. In addition, several federal-level anti-corruption watchdogs (e.g., the NAB and ombudsman) comprise provincial divisions. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa is also working on a 10-year governance program for long-term systemic reform. The initiative includes training citizens and establishing effective public grievance redress mechanisms. The project will also be ring-fenced by the institution of a mechanism to redress project-based grievances, corruption control, and the periodic review of regulatory compliance. | Government of Pakistan  Government of  Khyber  Pakhtunkhwa  ADB |

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| **Risk Description** | **Rating** | **Mitigation Measures** | **Responsibility** |
| (vii) Due to potential for corruption and political interference (notably with regard to appointments of the ombudsman and chairperson of the NAB), oversight institutions are not perceived to be impartial. | M | Several partners, including the DFID, EU, GIZ, and World Bank, are providing support for legal and judicial anti-corruption reforms. The projects will be effectively insulated from corruption risks in accordance with ADB’s Anticorruption Policy by the building of compliance requirements into the financing agreements and close monitoring of their implementation. | Government of Pakistan  Government of  Khyber  Pakhtunkhwa ADB |
| (viii) Lack of transparency and disclosure of project  activities, especially procurement | S | Project design and implementation arrangements have included several measures to bring more accountability and transparency to procurement. A proper system of procurement planning, tracking of various procurement actions, and complaints monitoring will be implemented. This includes support from a team of experienced procurement and financial consultants already hired under the PDA. The KPUMA will maintain a website to show the updated procurement status. The number of contracts to be procured will be limited, using ICB procedures in most cases, and supervised by international consultants to minimize risks. In addition, direct payment procedures will be used. | KPUMA ADB  PMCCB  consultants |
| **3. Technical** | | | |
| (ix) Longer preconstruction time and delayed start of civil works due to (a) the delayed preparation of bidding documents; and (b) the time required for procurement. | M | Bidding documents have been prepared with the support of the PMCCB consultants hired under the PDA. EPCM consultants have completed 75% of the DED under the PDA, allowing advance procurement to be undertaken for most civil works contracts, which will be ready for award on or before loan effectiveness.  A detailed procurement capacity assessment of both implementing agencies was conducted, and the procurement capacity required to undertake advance actions and contract management was built into the PIUs’ structures. In addition, the national and international consultants hired under the PDA provide oversight. The procurement plan has been designed to reduce the number of packages without compromising competition and to reduce contract management requirements. | Peshawar  Development Authority  ADB  EPCM  consultants  PMCCB  consultants |
| (x) Delays due to the complexity of the design and implementation in the city center and cantonment area. | M | EPCM consultants have been hired in advance under the PDA and initial surveys for both the design and relocation of utilities have been completed. Traffic management and alternate routes have been identified, and the packaging and phasing of procurement and implementation have been synchronized accordingly. | Government of Khyber  Pakhtunkhwa  Cantonment  Board  EPCM  consultants |

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| **Risk Description** | **Rating** | **Mitigation Measures** | **Responsibility** |
| (xi) Public transport users do not utilize BRT at projected levels. | S | The PPTA consultants estimated demand and ridership by following a proven but simplified methodology. These estimates will be further updated and confirmed through detailed additional surveys by ODBM consultants under the PDA. The actual ridership at system opening will depend on the final project design, and quality of the construction and operations management by TransPeshawar. | TransPeshawar ODBM  consultants |
| **4. Public Financial Management** | | | |
| (xii) Incomplete and inaccurate financial reporting | S | Both implementing agencies will adopt the FMM developed by ADB as technical back-stopping. Regular supervision missions and training by ADB will further enhance their capacity to build and establish an effective financial management system.  For TransPeshawar, PMCCB will deploy, when fully established, accounting software for cost control based on ADB’s FMM to establish a proper financial management system for the project. | Peshawar  Development Authority  TransPeshawar  ADB  PMCCB  consultants |
| (xiii) The PMU and PIUs are unfamiliar with ADB’s policies and procedures, and there is a risk that expenditures incurred will not be in accordance with the applicable legal framework. | M | The FMM includes a comprehensive section providing step-by-step guidance on expenditure management, defining the service standards and requisite supporting documentation for payment processing. The PMU in the KPUMA and PIUs in TransPeshawar and the Peshawar Development Authority will adopt the FMM. | KPMUA  Peshawar  Development Authority  TransPeshawar ADB |
| **5. Social and Environmental Risk** | | | |
| (xiv) Unemployment of existing private bus drivers and other workers | M | The project design includes dedicated cost and consultancy support to facilitate the bus industry transition through capacity building to operate the BRT system. This includes training existing drivers and bus industry workers, who will be given employment preference to operate the BRT system. The BRT system is expected to generate around 4,000 jobs directly. | TransPeshawar ODBM  consultants |
| (xv) High traffic congestion leading to delays in vehicular movement (including ambulances), along with an increased risk of accidents during the construction phase of the project. | H | EPCM consultants under the PDA are currently developing a detailed and comprehensive traffic management plan that will ensure the utilization of alternative routes to minimize traffic congestion and reduce traffic and pedestrian movement along the proposed project corridor construction sites. In addition, a comprehensive set of mitigation measures to manage trafficrelated issues during construction is being developed and will be implemented and monitored. | Peshawar  Development Authority  EPCM  consultants |

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| **Risk Description** | **Rating** | **Mitigation Measures** | **Responsibility** |
| (xvi) Noise levels from construction activities near sensible receptors exceeding local and international noise limits,  and leading to disturbance and significant adverse impacts. | M | Noise barriers shall be placed at different strategic locations at work sites along the project corridor to ensure that all key receptors (e.g., educational institutions, healthcare facilities, and residences) are shielded from any high noise levels generated during construction.  In addition, the EIA prepared for the project outlines a comprehensive set of mitigation measures to be implemented to minimize the impacts, if any, of high noise levels. | Peshawar  Development Authority  EPCM  consultants |
| (xvii) Interruption and outage of utilities (e.g., electricity and telephone poles, underground gas, and water and sewerage lines) due to excavation and construction works at sites along the project corridor could significantly disturb sensitive receptors. | M | Effective pre-planning is being conducted with all concerned utility departments to minimize any possible impact(s) on different utilities in each section of the project corridor. Alternative arrangements will also be made wherever the outage of a particular utility is unavoidable. The duration of the utility outage will be minimized as much as possible.  All associated possible mitigation measures, such as keeping communities informed of planned outages, will be conducted to enable them to prepare and plan in advance. | Peshawar  Development Authority  EPCM  consultants |
| (xviii) Delayed land acquisition for depots, no-objections from railways, and the relocation of utilities by relevant agencies may delay civil works. | S | Close coordination has been established with the BOR, and land transfer funds have already been approved by the government and transferred to the BOR. Work will be phased to start in sections that do not require land acquisition. A separate PC-I for the relocation of utilities has been approved, and funds are being transferred to these utilities in advance, along with location maps of the utilities to be removed. This will be closely coordinated by the Peshawar Development Authority, which has a wellestablished coordination mechanism in place with all major utilities to ensure timely removal. | Government of Khyber  Pakhtunkhwa  Peshawar  Development Authority  EPCM  consultants |
| (xix) The security situation deteriorates and impairs project implementation and future BRT operations. | S | The provincial government has committed to provide security to the project site through its Home Affairs Department and local law enforcement agencies. Bidders are instructed to include provisions for security at the camp site. The project design includes measures such as metal detectors in all BRT stations, and security agents in all BRT vehicles. | Government of Khyber  Pakhtunkhwa EPCM  consultants  Contractors |
| **Overall** | **S** |  |  |

H = high, L = low, M = moderate, S = substantial.

ADB = Asian Development Bank; BOR = Board of Revenue; BRT = bus rapid transit; DED = detailed engineering design; DFID = Department for International Development; EPCM = Engineering, Procurement and Construction Management; EU = European Union; FMM = financial management manual; ICB = international competitive bidding; KPUMA = Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Urban Mobility Authority; NAB = National Accountability Bureau; ODBM = Operations Design and Business Model; PAM = project administration manual; PC-1 = Planning Performa One; PDA = project design advance; PIU = project implementing unit; PMCCB = Project Management, Coordination, and Capacity Building; PMU = project management unit; PPTA = project preparatory technical assistance. Source: ADB.

