

Date: _____

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Semester = 1st

Paper = Pak study

Rollnumber = 17304

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(1)

Qno 1 :-

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan :-

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan flourished from 18-17-1898 A.D. AS the founder of Aligarh movement he is ranked among the greatest muslim reform of the 19th century. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was the first muslim leader to realised that if the muslim continued to keep themselves along from the political, social and educational activities then they should completely absorbed by hindu community.

Sir Syed Educational Service :-

Sir Syed Ahmad play a vital role in the educational uplift about of the muslims in india. He did the following steps to improve the educational standards set up for journal

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Tahzibul-Akhlaq which continued articles of influential muslim who agreed with Sir-syed Ahmad Khan approach towards education.

Steps :-

Two madrasas in Muradabad and Ghaziabad were opened in Persian per education in

(2) M.A.D high school are opened in 1875

(3) In 1864 Sirsyed Ahmad Shah laid the foundation of Scientific Society which transmitted English work into Urdu.

(a) Political Service:

The carrier of political was Sirsyed in 1878 was nominated by Victoria legislative council. In 1886 he organised the all india

⇒ The first formal step to transform Pakistan into an ideological state was taken in March 1949 when Liaquat Ali Khan introduced the Objective Resolution in the Constituent Assembly.

⇒ After the partition of India on the midnight of 14 August 1947, Pakistan followed the British system by getting the post of Prime Minister.

Based at the Prime Minister's Secretariat of the Governor General of Pakistan, Quaid-e-Azam appointed Liaquat Ali Khan as the first Prime Minister and led his administration on 15 August 1947.

Governor General of Pakistan:-

1st	Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah	(1947-1948)
2nd	Sir Khwaja Nazimuddin	(1948-1951)
3rd	Ghulam Mohammad	(1951-1955)
4th	Yusuf Razvi	(1955-1958)
	Shindar Mirza	(1958-1961)

Prime Minister of Pakistan:-

Name

Tenure

Mr Liaquat Ali Khan

1947 to 1953

Khwaja Nazimuddin

1953 to 1955

Mr - Mohammad Ali
Baqara

1955 to 1957

CH - Mohammad Ali

1957 to 1959

Mr. Hussain Shaheed Suhrawadi

1959 to 1959

Mr Ibrahim Ismail Chaudhary

1973 to 1977

Malik Pervez Khan

1985 to 1988

muhammadan educational conference in allgach
which promoted his vision of modern
education and political unity of
muslim

①
Qno 2

First Political phase
(1947 to 1958)

In 1947 the founder father of Pakistan agreed to appoint Liaquat Ali Khan as the country's prime minister with Muhammad Ali Jinnah as both first governor general and speaker of the state parliament. (1947)
When Jinnah died of TB in 1948 Islamic scholar Mulana Shabbir Ahmad described Jinnah as the great Muslim after the Mughal Emperor Aurangzeb and compared Jinnah's death to the prophet's pathing.

Qno 3+

Geography of Pakistan:

→ Geography of Pakistan:

The geography of

Pakistan is a pound blend of landscapes varying from Planes to desert's forest and Plateaus ranging from the coastal areas of the Arabians sea in the south to the mountains of Karakoram, Hindukush, Himalya ranges in north.

→ Location of Pakistan:

Pakistan is located in Southern Asia. Pakistan is bordered by Arabian Sea to the South, Iran and Afghanistan to the west, India to the east and China to the north.

→ Total area:

The total area of Pakistan is ~~9~~ 9,960,960 km square.

Rizvi

Date: _____

Khan

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The name Pakistan means literally a land
abounding the pure or a land which
the pure abound in Urdu and Persian.

