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Question No: 1

What is the difference between paternalist and consumerist type of Doctor-Patient relationship?

Answer:

Doctor-Patient Relationship?

Definition:-

"The relation established by doctor and patient when the doctor interacts with a patient to make their sufferings less and prevent it's illness."

Difference between Paternalist and Consumerist:

Paternalist

- This type of relation means in which doctor make the decision in order to benefit the patients.
- Doctor is the expert and patient expected to cooperate.
- Doctor acts as a parent.
- This type appears to be more important when patient are very sick.
- Passive patient and a dominant doctor.

Consumerist

- The type of interaction in which the decision is made by patient.
- Control of doctor is reduced because of patient.
- Doctor follows the patient's opinions.
- Patients can have their own choice.
- When things seem to go wrong patients question doctor's.
- Dominant patient and passive patient.

Question No: 02

Which one is the most effective type/ style of doctor-patient relationship, and why? Explain in detail.

Answer:-

Mutuality:-

- It is the most effective and best type of doctor-patient relationship.
- In this type the patient define their problems in an open and full manner.
- Decisions can easily be made from a mutual and collaborative relationship.
- Both the parties brings strengths and resources to the relationship.
- Active Listening, Educating Patients, Exchange of ideas.
- With the help of doctor patient can fully understand what problem they are coping

- Mutuality describes the shared control between patient and doctor.
 - Both doctor and patient are treated as experts in their own regard.
 - In mutuality both doctor and patient come to a shared agreement about the best plan moving forward.
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Question No: 3

Write a detailed note on types of interviews.

Answer:-

Definition:-

"It is a conversation between two or more people where questions are asked to a person to get the required responses or answers."

Types Of Interviews

There are five types of Interviews.

1. Panel Interview.
2. One-to-one interview.
3. Video Conference interview.
4. Presentation or Demo Interview.
5. Case interview.

1. Panel Interview:-

- In panel Interview three to six members are included.
- They ask questions from candidates to know their skills, knowledge and decision making ability, etc.
- All the members collectively rate the candidates and take a final decision.

For Example:-

- Job Interview
- Armed force Interview
- Admission Interview

2. One-to-One Interview:-

- It is the most common interview where only interviewer and the interviewee is present.

For Example:-

- Viva
- Job Interview
- Counseling session.

3. Video-Conference Interview:-

- Video Conference is used to conduct interviews using video technology from a distance.
- They expand the scope of searching for qualified candidates with less cost and time involvement.

For Example:-

- National and multinational job's recruitments.

4. Presentation OR Demo Interview.

- This type of interview focus on one of the tasks that you will be required to perform.
- Questions are asked in between the presentation as well as after the presentation.

For Example:-

- Class Presentation.
- Teacher's recruitment
- Marketing.

5. Case Interview:-

- It is a unique type of interview in which the applicant is faced with difficult business situations that need to be investigated.
- It determines the candidates analytical ability and problem-solving skills by grasping how the applicant thinks and how the applicant approaches problems.

For Example:-

- Doctors Interview
- Psychotherapists interview
- Marketing professionals Interview.

Question No: 5

Suppose you are working as a dental

Explain in your own words in detail.

Answer:-

Being a dental technologist first of all I will try to reach it's mental health by knowing it's behavior.

For this I will do some question like, what's your name, your profession his/her education etc. in a friendly manner.

- If He/she is in pain I will give his/her a painkiller in order to overcome the pain, so that he/she can understand what I want to convey.
 - I will do my best in order to understand the patient problem in order to treat them properly.
 - Asking in open ended question like;
 - * How are you feeling
 - * Introducing the equipment and SOP.
 - * Becoming more friendly and explain everything in friendly manner.
 - In this way the patient will feel that the doctor is so welcoming and caring.
 - He will start feeling that his/her life is in safe hand.
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