

Q. Define Fluid Mechanics and its branches?

Ans: Fluid Mechanics:

It is the Branch of physics concerned with the mechanics of fluids (liquid, gases and plasma) and the forces on them.

It can be divided into two branches.

(1) Fluid statics

(2) Fluid dynamics

(1) Fluid statics: It is a branch of fluid ~~statics~~ mechanics that studies fluids at rest. It embraces the study of the conditions under which fluids are at rest in stable equilibrium.

(2) Fluid dynamics: It is a subdiscipline of fluid mechanics that deals with fluid flow. The science of liquids and gases in motion.

Q. Define an absolute and gauge pressure?

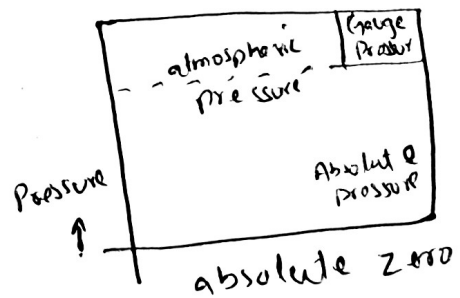
Ans: Absolute pressure:

if pressure is measured relative to absolute zero it is called absolute pressure.

Gauge pressure?

When it is measured relative to atmospheric pressure as base, it is called gauge pressure. If pressure is below atmospheric, it is called vacuum.

$$P_{abs} = P_{atm} + P_{gauge}$$



Q

Given data

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Height of Tank} &= 7648 \text{ mm} \\ &= 7.648 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Cross section area} = 0.2 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Specific weight} = 9810 \text{ N/m}^3 = 9.810 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

Required: (a) Pressure at surface of water = ?

(b) At center

(c) at bottom

Sol

Pressure at surface of water

$$h = 0$$

$$\text{So } P_w(\text{surface}) = \gamma h = 9810 \times 0$$

$$P_w = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

(b) Pressure at center of Tank

$$h = \frac{7648}{2} = 3824 \text{ mm} = 3.824 \text{ m}$$

$$P_w(\text{center}) = 9.810 \times 3.824 = 37.51 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

(c) Pressure at bottom  $h = 7648 = 7.648 \text{ m}$

$$P_w(\text{bottom}) = 9.810 \times 7.648$$

$$P_w(\text{bottom}) = 75.02 \text{ kN/m}^2$$