

Submitted To = Engr Adeed Khan.

Submitted By = Abdullah Aziz

I-D = 7671

Section = Senior.

Semester = Summer (Final)

Subject Name = Structure II.

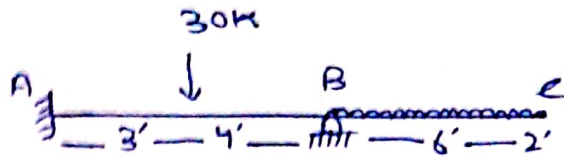
Exam = Summer (Final)

Date = 25-09-2020

IQAA NATIONAL

UNIVERSITY.

QNO# 01 :-



Sol:-

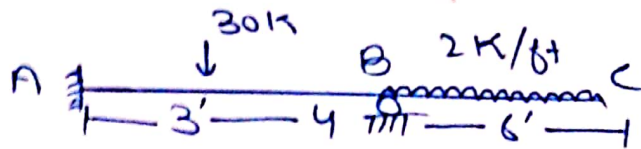
Step # 01 :-

Determining kinematic

indefiniteness :-

$$K \cdot I = 5^{\circ}$$

So we have to reduce the extended portion.



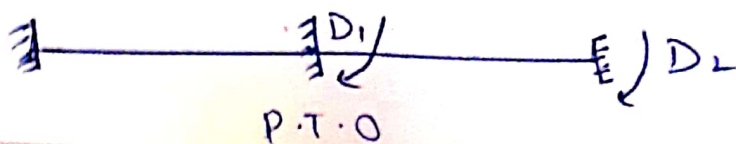
$$\Rightarrow \frac{2(2)}{1} = 4k/ft$$

Now

$$K \cdot I = 2^{\circ}$$

Step # 02 :-

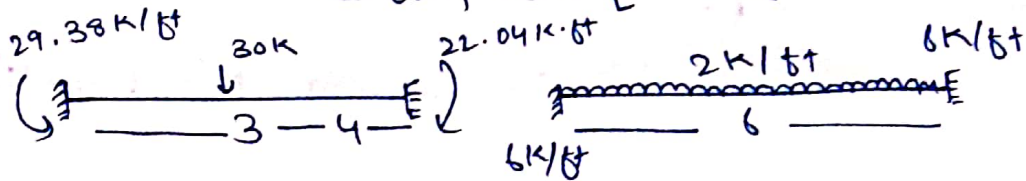
Determine unknown joint displacement.



$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ? \\ ? \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} AD_1 \\ AD_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step # 03:-

Compute [ADL] Matrix.



⇒ For point load (Not at mid):-

For left end :-

$$\frac{Pab^2}{L^2} = \frac{(30)(3)(4)^2}{(7)^2} = 29.38k/ft$$

For Right End :-

$$\frac{Pa^2b}{L^2} = \frac{(30)(3)^2(4)}{(7)^2} = 22.04k/ft$$

⇒ For UDL :-

$$\frac{WL^2}{12} \rightarrow \frac{(2)(6)^2}{12} = 6k/ft$$

$$ADL_1 = +22.04 - 6 = 16.04k/ft$$

$$ADL_2 = 6k/ft$$

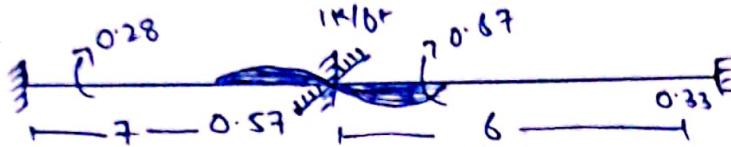
P.T.O

Step # 04 :-

Compute $\{s\}$ matrix

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

a) $D_1 = 1K, D_2 = 0$



$$\frac{4EI}{7} = 0.57 \quad \left| \quad \frac{2EI}{6} = 0.33$$

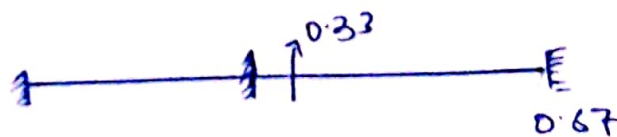
$$\frac{4EI}{6} = 0.67 \quad \left| \quad \frac{2EI}{7} = 0.28$$

$$S_{11} = 0.57 + 0.67$$

$$= 1.24EA$$

$$S_{12} = 0.33EA$$

b) $D_1 = 0, D_2 = 1K$



P.T.O

$$\frac{4EI}{6} = 0.67$$

$$\frac{2EI}{6} = 0.33$$

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 1.24 & 0.33 \\ 0.33 & 0.67 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step # 05:-

compute $[D]$ matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \times \begin{bmatrix} ADL_1 \\ ADL_2 \end{bmatrix} -$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} ADL_1 \\ ADL_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\begin{bmatrix} 1.24 & 0.33 \\ 0.33 & 0.67 \end{bmatrix}} \times \text{adj } A \times \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} -$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 16.04 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

P.T.O

$$|K| = (1.24 \times 0.67) - (0.33 \times 0.33)$$

$$= 0.8308 - 0.1089.$$

$$|S| = 0.7219.$$

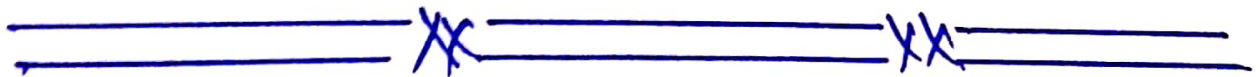
$$\text{Adj } A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.67 & -0.33 \\ -0.33 & 1.24 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now .

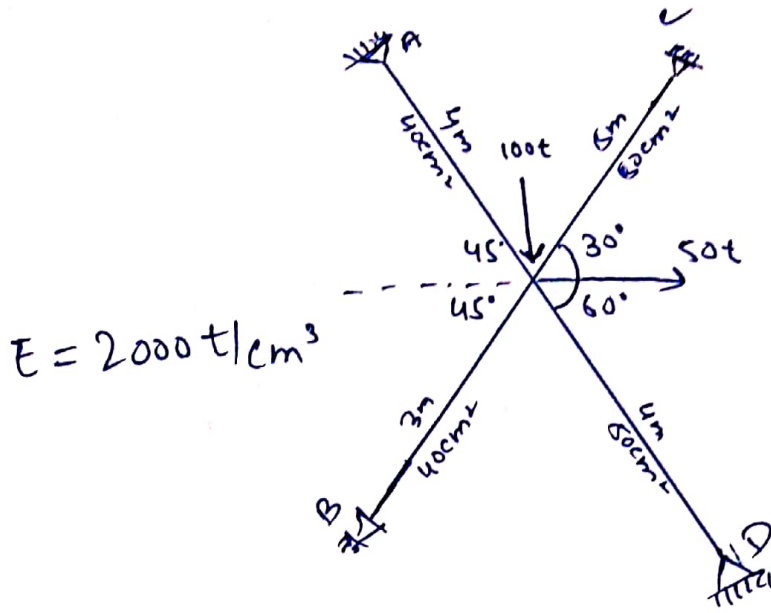
$$\begin{bmatrix} AD_1 - ADL_1 \\ AD_2 - ADL_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 - 16.04 \\ 4 - 6 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 16.04 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} E.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -13.915 \\ 3.894 \end{bmatrix}$$



Q NO # 03 :-



Solution :-

For A :-

$$\sin 45^\circ = \frac{P}{h} = \frac{P}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow P = 2.828 \text{ m.}$$

$$\cos 45^\circ = \frac{b}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = 2.828 \text{ m.}$$

For B :-

$$\sin 45^\circ = \frac{P}{3}$$

$$\cos 45^\circ = \frac{b}{h}$$

$$= b = 2.12 \text{ m}$$

For C:

$$\sin 30^\circ = \frac{P}{h=5} \Rightarrow D = 2.5m$$

$$\cos 30^\circ = \frac{b}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = 4.33m.$$

NOW

$$EA(A) = 2000 \times 40 = 80,000 t.$$

$$EA(B) = 2000 \times 40 = 80,000 t.$$

$$EA(C) = 2000 \times 50 = 100,000 t.$$

$$EA(D) = 2000 \times 50 = 100,000 t.$$

Step # 01

K.I

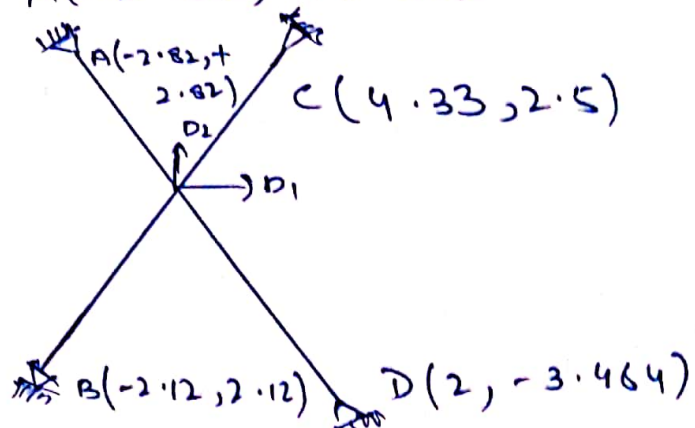
$$K.I = 2j - \gamma.$$

$$= 2(5) - 8 = 2^\circ.$$

Step # 02

Select unknown joint Displacement.

$$A(-2.82, +2.82)$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ? \\ ? \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} AD_1 \\ AD_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 50 \\ -100 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Step # 03:

$$\begin{bmatrix} AMD \end{bmatrix}_{4 \times 2} \quad \text{by} \quad \begin{bmatrix} S \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 2}$$

$$i) D_1 = 1, D_2 = 0.$$

$$AMD = \frac{EA}{L^2} (x_k - x_j)$$

$$AMD_{11} = \frac{80,000}{(400)^2} \times (0 + 282) = 14$$

$$AMD_{21} = \frac{80,000}{(300)^2} \times (0 + 212) = 188.44$$

$$AMD_{31} = \frac{100,000}{(500)^2} \times (0 - 433) = -773.2$$

$$AMD_{41} = \frac{100,000}{(4000)^2} \times (0 - 200) = -125.$$

$$S_{11} = \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{EA}{L^3} (x_k - x_j)^2 \quad (433)^2$$

$$= \frac{80,000}{400^3} (282)^2 + \frac{80,000}{300^3} (212)^2 + \frac{100,000}{500^3} (-433)^2$$

P.T.O

$$+ \frac{10,000}{400^3} (-200)^2$$

$$S_{11} = 99.405 + 133.107 + 149.991 + 62.5$$

$$S_{11} = 445.063$$

$$S_{12} = S_{21} = \sum_{i,j} \frac{EA}{L^3} (x_k - x_j) (y_k - y_j)$$

$$= \frac{80,000}{400^3} (282)(-282) + \frac{80,000}{300^3} (212)(212)$$

$$+ \frac{10,000}{500^3} (-433)(0.250) + \frac{100,000}{400^3}$$

$$(-200)(0 + 346)$$

$$S_{12} = S_{21} = 12.237$$

$$(ii) D_1 = 0, D_2 = 1 \text{ k'}$$

$$AMD = \frac{EA}{L^3} (x_k - x_j)$$

$$AMD_2 = \frac{80,000}{400^2} (-282) = -141$$

P.T.O

$$AMD_{22} = \frac{80,000}{300} (212) = 188.44.$$

$$AMD_{32} = \frac{100,000}{800^2} (-250) = -100$$

$$AMD_{42} = \frac{100,000}{400^2} (346) = 216.25$$

Now,

$$S_{22} = \sum_{i,j} \frac{EA}{L^3} (x_k - x_j)^2$$

$$\frac{80,000}{400^3} (-282)^2 + \frac{80,000}{300^3} (212)^2 + \frac{100,000}{500^3}$$

$$(-250)^2 + \frac{100,000}{400^3} (346)^2$$

$$S_{22} = 469.628$$

Step # 04 :-

$$[D] = [S]^{-1} \times [AD]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 445.063 \\ 12.237 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 50 \\ -100 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1183 \\ -0.0216 \end{bmatrix}$$

P.T.O

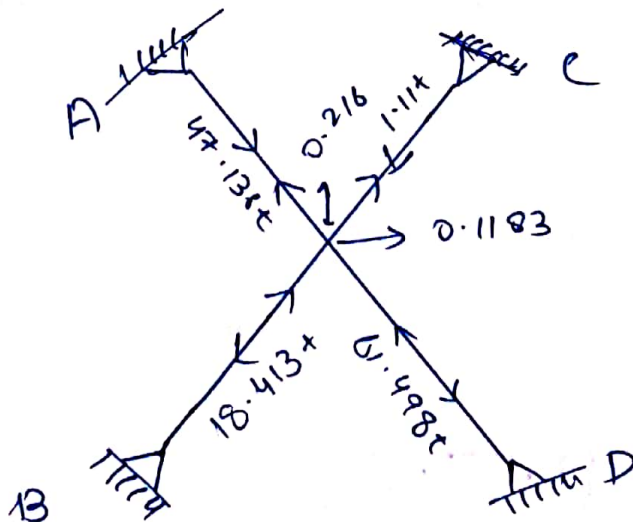
Step # 05 :- (AM)

$$\begin{Bmatrix} AM_1 \\ AM_2 \\ AM_3 \\ AM_4 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 141 & -141 \\ 188.44 & 188.44 \\ -173.2 & -100 \\ -125 & 216.25 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0.1183 \\ -0.216 \end{bmatrix}$$

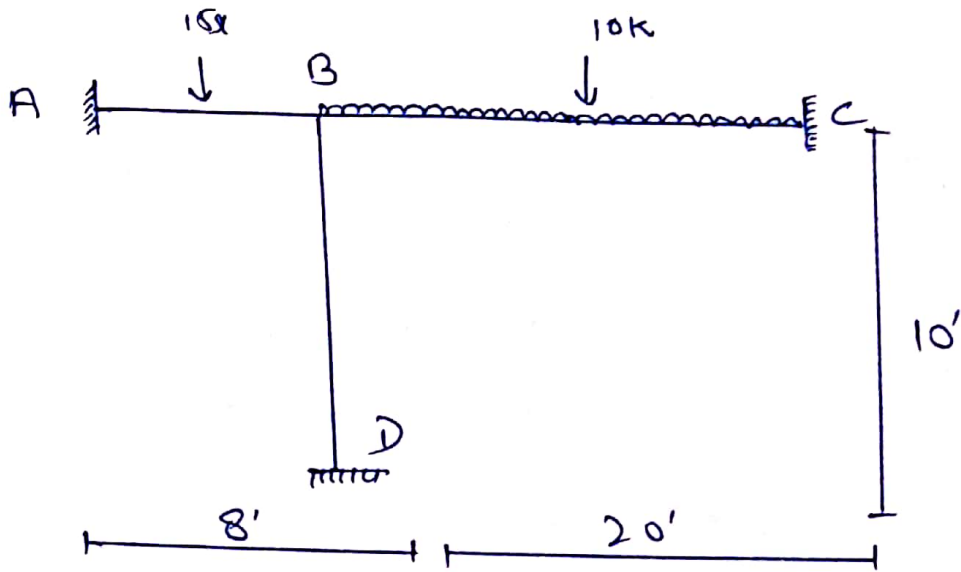
$$\begin{bmatrix} 141 \times 0.1183 + (-141) \times (-0.216) \\ 188.44 \times 0.1183 + 188.44 \times (-0.216) \\ -173.2 \times 0.1183 + (-100) \times (-0.216) \\ -125 \times 0.1183 + 216.25 \times (-0.216) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} AM_1 \\ AM_2 \\ AM_3 \\ AM_4 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 16.68 + 30.46 \\ 22.29 - 40.70 \\ -20.49 + 21.6 \\ -14.79 - 46.71 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} AM_1 \\ AM_2 \\ AM_3 \\ AM_4 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 47.136t \\ -18.413t \\ 1.11t \\ -61.498t \end{bmatrix}$$



Q NO # 03:-

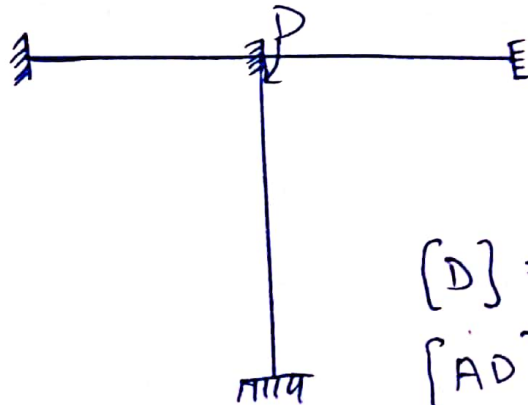


Solution:-

Step No 01 : Determine kinematic indeterminacy.

$$K.I = 1^{\circ}$$

Step NO 02: Determine unknown joint ~~determinen~~ Displacement.



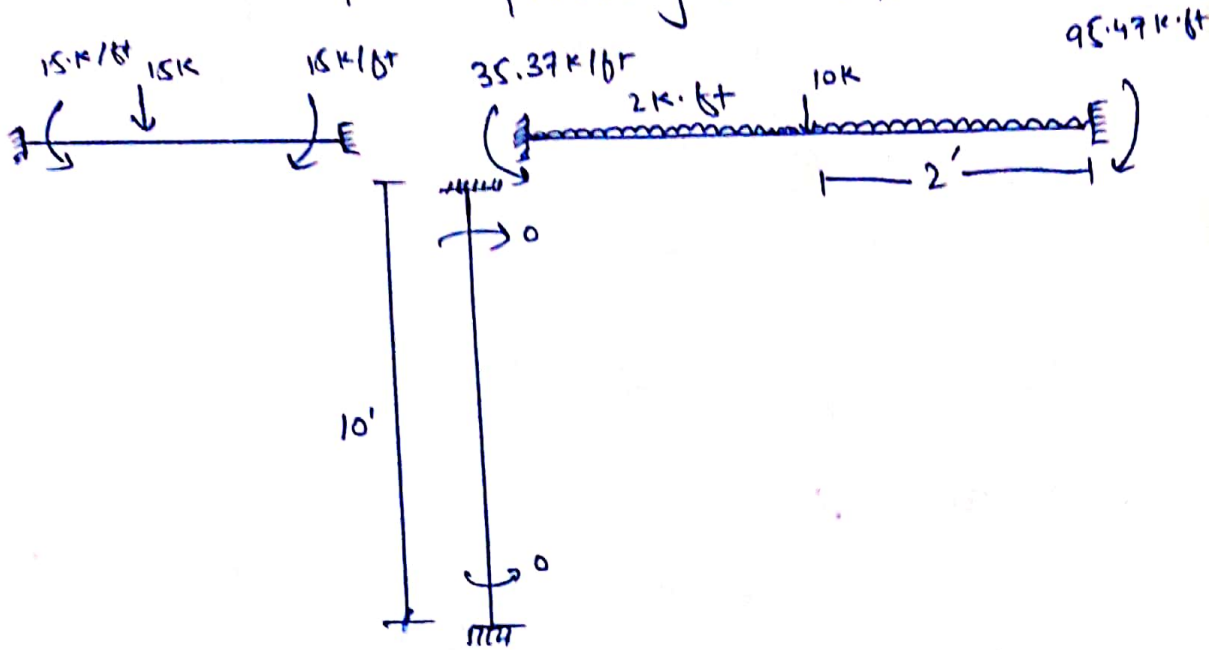
$$[D] = [?]$$

$$[AD] = [0]$$

P.T.O

Step # 03

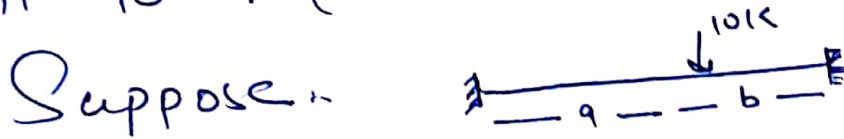
Compute $[AIX]$ matrix.



\Rightarrow point load at center :- $\frac{PL}{8} = \frac{(15)(8)}{8} = 15 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$

\Rightarrow uniformly Distributed load :- $\frac{wL^2}{12}$
 $= \frac{2(20)^2}{12} = 66.67 \text{ k} / \text{ft}$

\Rightarrow point load (Not at mid) :-



For left end :- $\frac{Pab^2}{L^2} = \frac{(10)(12)(8)^2}{(20)^2} = 19.2 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$

For right end :- $\frac{Pa^3}{L^2} = \frac{(10)(12)^2(8)}{(20)^2} =$

$28.8 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$

P.T.O.

So total moment at left end:-

$$19.2 + 66.67 = 85.87 \text{ K.ft.}$$

Similarly at right end:-

$$28.8 + 66.67 = 95.47 \text{ K.ft.}$$

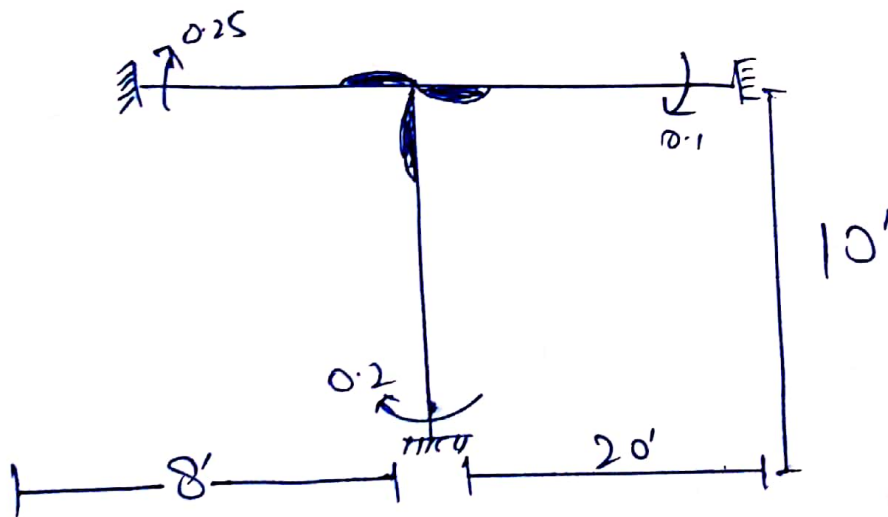
$$\text{So } [ADL] = -85.87 + 15 = -70.87 \text{ K.ft.}$$

Step # 04:-

Determine $[s]$ matrix.

$$[s] = [s_{ij}]$$

Now, $D = 1 \text{ K.}$



$$\Rightarrow \frac{4EI}{8} = 0.5 \quad \frac{2EI}{8} = 0.25 \quad \Rightarrow \frac{4EI}{10} = 0.4$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{4EI}{20} = 0.2 \quad \frac{2EI}{20} = 0.1 \quad \frac{2EI}{10} = 0.2$$

P.T.O

$$[S] = (0.5 + 0.4 + 0.2)EI$$

$$= 1.1 EI.$$

$$[S] = 1.1 EI$$

Step # 05:

Compute $[D]$ Matrix.

$$[D] = [S]^{-1} \times [AD] - [APL].$$

$$[D] = \frac{1}{1.1} \times [0] - [-70.81].$$

$$= \frac{70.87}{1.1}$$

$$[D] = [64.42] 1/EI.$$

==== XX ===== XX =====

the End :-