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Section : (B)

paper : operation research

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Class Timing : (WED : 8 ⇒ 11)

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Q1:- there are total 5 machines and five employments are to be relegated and the related cost network is as per the following Locate the best possible task.

		Machines				
		A	B	C	D	E
Jobs	1	6	12	3	11	15
	2	4	2	7	1	10
	3	8	11	10	7	11
	4	16	19	122	23	21
	5	9	5	7	6	10

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Phase 1:-

Answer:-

Step 1:- Subtract the minimum value of each row from the entries of that row.

		Machines					Row Minimum
		A	B	C	D	E	
jobs	1	6	12	3	11	15	3
	2	4	2	7	1	10	1
	3	8	11	10	7	11	7
	4	16	19	122	23	21	16
	5	9	5	7	6	10	5

Row Reduction

Step 7:- Subtract the minimum value of each column from the entries of that column.

machines		A	B	C	D	E
1		3	9	0	8	12
2		3	1	6	0	9
Jobs	3	1	4	3	0	4
	4	0	3	106	7	5
	5	4	0	2	1	5
column min		0	0	0	0	4

Phase 2: optimization of the problem.

Step 1: Draw a minimum no of Lines to cover all the zeros of the matrix.

procedure:

a) Row Scanning: i) Starting from the first row, one

the following equation: is the exactly one zero in that row? If yes mark a square around that zero and draw a vertical line passing through that zero, otherwise skip that row.

column Reduction

	A	B	C	D	E
1	3	9	0	8	8
2	3	1	6	0	5
3	1	4	3	0	0
4	0	3	106	7	1
5	4	0	2	7	7

Jobs

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Jobs	Machines	Time
1	3	3
2	4	1
3	5	11
4	1	16
5	2	5
		<hr/>
		36

total processing time = 36 chr.

Machines timing

	A	B	C	D	E
1	6	12	3	11	15
2	4	2	7	1	10
3	8	11	10	7	11
4	16	19	122	23	21
5	9	5	7	6	10

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Q2: Solve the following Linear programming problem.

$$\min z = 2x_1 + 3x_2$$

$$\text{Subject to: } \frac{1}{2}x_1 + \frac{1}{4}x_2 \leq 4$$

$$x_1 + 3x_2 \geq 20$$

$$x_1 + x_2 = 10$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

Answer:-

Step 1:- Add surplus variable and artificial variable.

$$\frac{1}{2}x_1 + \frac{1}{4}x_2 + s_1 = 4$$

$$x_1 + 3x_2 - s_2 + a_1 = 20$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + a_2 = 10$$

Step 2:- Add slack variable and set the objective function equal to 0.

$$\min z = 2x_1 + 3x_2 + Ma_1 + Ma_2$$

$$z - 2x_1 - 3x_2 - Ma_1 - Ma_2 = 0$$

(P-6)

Step 3:- creat simple tible

Z	$x_1$	$x_2$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$a_1$	$a_2$	
1	-2	-3	0	0	-M	-M	0
0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	1	0	0	0	4
0	1	3	0	-1	1	0	20
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	10

In the above table " $a_1$ " and " $a_2$ " both are basic variable and having coefficient of " $m$ " in the objective function, but according to the definition of basic variable, it should be zero. Now we have to manipulate this row in order to get zero instead of " $m$ ".

( $MR_3 + R_1$ )

Z	$x_1$	$x_2$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$a_1$	$a_2$	
1	$M-2$	$3M-3$	0	-M	0	-M	$20M$
0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	1	0	0	0	4
0	1	3	0	<u>-1</u>	1	0	20
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	10

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(MR4 + R1)

Z	x1	x2	s1	s2	a1	a2	
	$2M-2$	$4M-3$	0	-M	0	0	30M
1			0	0	0	0	4
0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	1	0	0	0	20
0	1	3	0	-1	1	0	10
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	10

Now Step 4: to find pivot column, steps to find pivot Row, Step 6: to find pivot value.

Z	x1	x2	s1	s2	a1	a2	
	$2M-2$	$4M-3$	0	-M	0	0	30M
0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	1	0	0	0	$4 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = 8$
0	1	3	0	-1	1	0	$20 \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{20}{3}$
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	$10 \cdot \frac{1}{1} = 10$

Step 4

Pivot column

Step 6:  
Pivot value

Step 5  
Pivot Row



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Step 7:- Perform row operations to make pivot equal to 1 and the remaining elements in the first column equal to zero.

$(\frac{1}{3}R3)$

Z	$x_1$	$x_2$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$a_1$	$a_2$	
1	$2M-2$	$4M-3$	0	-M	0	0	$30M$
0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	1	0	0	0	4
0	$\frac{1}{3}$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	$\frac{20}{3}$
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	10

$(-1R3+R4)$

Z	$x_1$	$x_2$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$a_1$	$a_2$	
1	$2M-2$	$4M-3$	0	-M	0	0	$30M$
0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	1	0	0	0	4
0	$\frac{1}{3}$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	$\frac{20}{3}$
0	$\frac{2}{3}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	1	$\frac{10}{3}$

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$(-\frac{1}{4}R_3 + R_2)$

Z	x1	x2	s1	s2	a1	a2
1	$2M-2$	$4M-3$	0	-M	0	30
0	$\frac{5}{12}$	0	1	$\frac{1}{12}$	$-\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{7}{3}$
0	$\frac{1}{3}$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{20}{3}$
0	$\frac{2}{3}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{10}{3}$

$((-4M+3)R_3 + R_1)$

Z	x1	x2	s1	s2	a1	a2
1	$(\frac{2}{3})M-1$	0	0	$(\frac{1}{3})M-1$	$(1-\frac{4}{3}M)$	$20+\frac{10}{3}M$
0	$\frac{5}{12}$	0	1	$\frac{1}{12}$	$-\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{7}{3}$
0	$\frac{1}{3}$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{20}{3}$
0	$\frac{2}{3}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{10}{3}$

step 8:  
repeat process again find pivot column

Pivot Row, and pivot value

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Step 4, 5, 6.

Z	x1	x2	S1	S2	a1	a2	
1	$(\frac{2}{3})M-1$	0	0	$(\frac{1}{3})M-1$	$1-\frac{4}{3}M$	0	$20+\frac{10}{3}M$
0	$\frac{5}{12}$	0	1	$\frac{1}{12}$	$-\frac{1}{12}$	0	$\frac{7}{3} = 5.6$
0	$\frac{1}{3}$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	$\frac{20}{3} = 6.6$
0	$(\frac{2}{3})$	0	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	1	$\frac{10}{3} = 3.3$

Step 7: operation to make pivot value equal to 1 and remaining elements in the pivot column equal to 0

$(\frac{3}{2})R4$

Z	x1	x2	S1	S2	a1	a2	
1	$\frac{2}{3}M-1$	0	0	$\frac{1}{3}M-1$	$1-\frac{4}{3}M$	0	$20+\frac{10}{3}M$
0	$\frac{5}{12}$	0	1	$\frac{1}{12}$	$-\frac{1}{12}$	0	$\frac{7}{3}$
0	$\frac{1}{3}$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	$\frac{20}{3}$
0	$(1)$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	5

(P-11)

$$\left(-\frac{2}{3}M+1\right)R_4+R_1$$

Z	x1	x2	s1	s2	a1	a2	
1	0	0	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}-M$	$\frac{3}{2}-M$	25
0	$\frac{5}{12}$	0	1	$\frac{1}{12}$	$-\frac{1}{12}$	0	$\frac{7}{3}$
0	$\frac{1}{3}$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	$\frac{20}{3}$
0	1	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	5

$$\left(-\frac{5}{12}\right)R_4+R_2$$

Z	x1	x2	s1	s2	a1	a2	
1	0	0	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\left(\frac{1}{2}-M\right)$	$\frac{3}{2}-M$	25
0	0	0	1	$-\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$-\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{1}{4}$
0	$\frac{1}{3}$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	$\frac{20}{3}$
0	1	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	5

(P-12)

$(-\frac{1}{3}R_4 + R_3)$

Z	$x_1$	$x_2$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$a_1$	$a_2$	
					$(\frac{1}{2} - M)$	$\frac{3}{2} - M$	25
1	0	0	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$-\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{1}{4}$
0	0	0	1	$-\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	5
0	0	1	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	5
0	1	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	5

Minimum  $Z = 25$

Z	$x_1$	$x_2$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$a_1$	$a_2$	
Z	1	0	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$(\frac{1}{2} - M)$	$(\frac{3}{2} - M)$	25
$s_1$	0	0	1	$-\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$-\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{1}{4}$
$x_2$	0	1	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	5
$x_1$	0	1	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	5

Min  $Z = 25$

$x_1 = 5$

$s_2 = 0$

$s_1 = \frac{1}{4}$

$x_2 = 5$

$a_1 = 0$

$a_2 = 0$

(P-13)

Q3:- Use Vogel's Approximation Method to obtain the initial feasible solution Q:

Solution:-

					Supply
1	20	22	17	4	120
2	24	37	9	4	70
3	32	37	20	7	50
Demand	60	40	30	110	240
					240

Demand = Supply

Balanced Transportation problem.

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	1	2	3	4					
1	X 20	40 22	X 17	80 4	<del>80</del> 120	13	(13)	-	-
2	10 24	X 37	30 9	30 7	<del>40</del> <del>70</del> <sup>0</sup>	2	2	2	(17)
3	50 32	X 37	X 20	X 15	0 50	5	5	5	17
	<del>60</del>	<del>40</del>	<del>30</del>	<del>110</del>					
	<del>50</del>	0	0	<del>30</del>					
	0			0					
4	(15)	8	3						
4	-	8	3						
8	-	(11)	8						
8	-	-	8						

$$(40 \times 22) + (80 \times 4) + (10 \times 24) + (30 \times 9) + (30 \times 7) + (50 \times 32) = 3520$$

$$880 + 320 + 240 + 270 + 210 + 1600 = \boxed{3520}$$

Ans 3520