

ASSIGNMENT:

(i) Choose the best options:

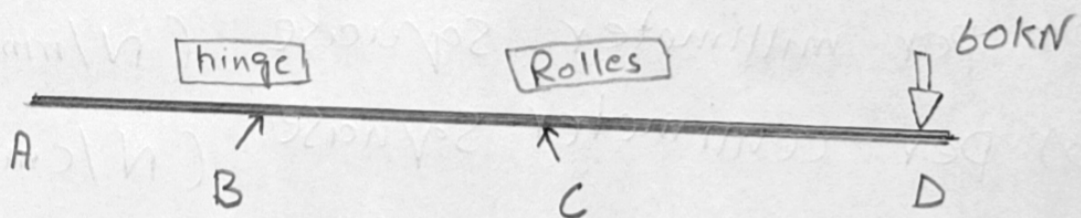
B is a hinge support and C is roller support. A and D are free ends. A load of 60 kN acts (ind) in down ward direction at point D. sign conventions are as usual.

AB, CD = 1m and BC = 3m.

All force options are in kN/m.

All deformation options are in m.

E and I are given.



7: the relation of shear stress and shear strain of an elastic material is

- (a) Modulus of Rigidity
- (b) Shear Modulus
- (c) Modulus of Elasticity
- (d) Both (a) and (b)

ANSWER: D

18) Stress may be defined as

- (a) Force per unit length
- (b) Force per unit volume
- (c) Force per unit area
- (d) None of these

ANSWER C

9 stress may be expressed in Newtons

- (a) per millimeter square (N/mm^2)
- (b) per centimeter square (N/cm^2)
- (c) per meter square (N/m^2)
- (d) None of these

ANSWER :: A

10 :: According to Muller Breslar theorem on conjugate beam slope is equal.

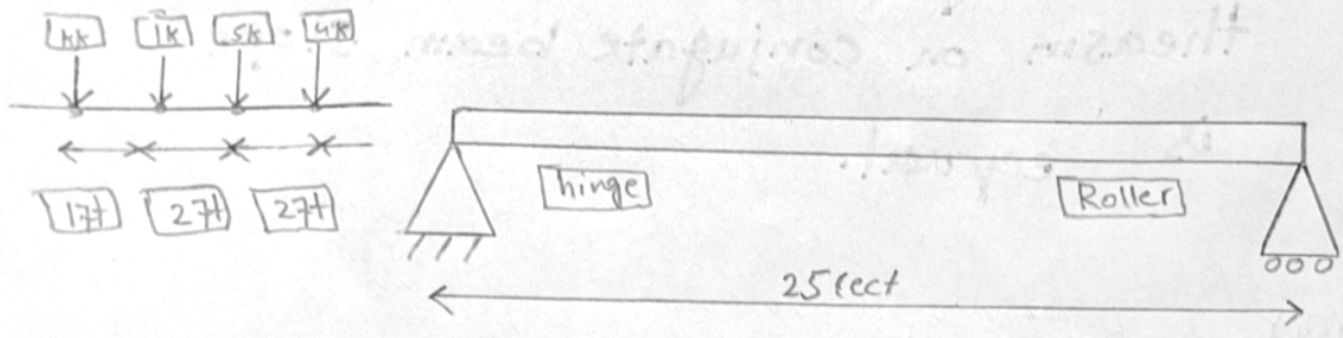
- (a) Moment
- (b) Shear
- (c) Deflection
- (d) None of these

Answer B

end

Question No 2

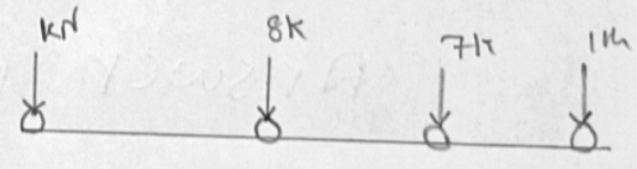
Find maximum live moment in girder by using Absolute max shear and max moment method.



APPROACH:

- (i) Calc force resultant (F_R)
- (ii) place each concentrated load equidistance from the centerline as resultant (F_R)
- (iii) Use statics and equation.

(ii) FORCE RESULTANT F_R

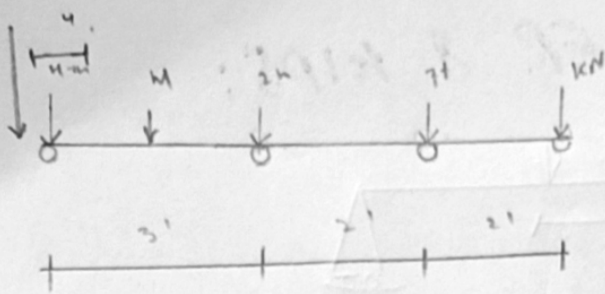


So for finding force resultant

$$x = \frac{\sum Fx}{\sum F} \text{ (So taking one side reference)}$$

$$= \frac{(10)(0) + 8(3) + 7(5) + (1)(7)}{10 + 8 + 7 + 1}$$

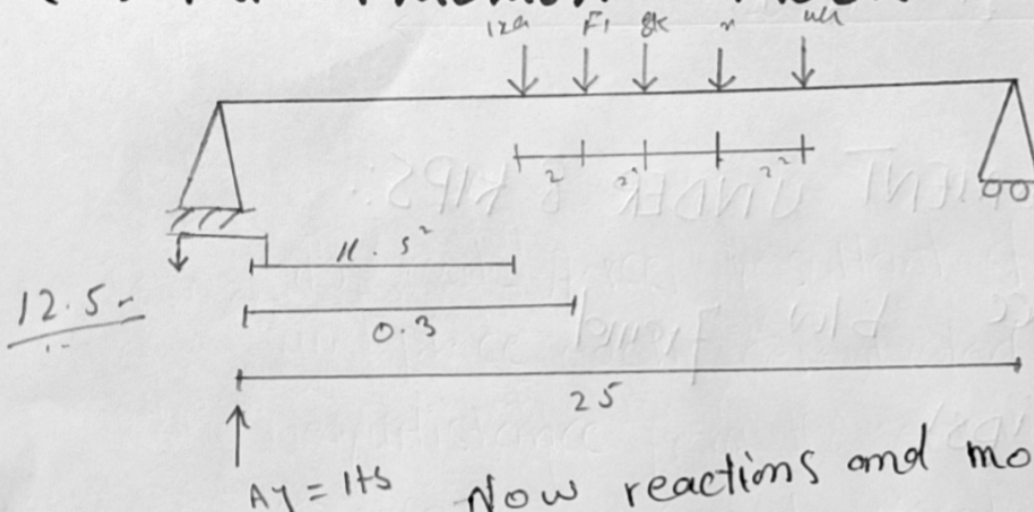
$x = 2.687\text{ft}$ so we get net force resultant if taking reference from left -



now likely brute force method

I need this first side band 10k and F_x to be equilibrium from centerline

(ii) MAX: MOMENT UNDER 10K LOAD

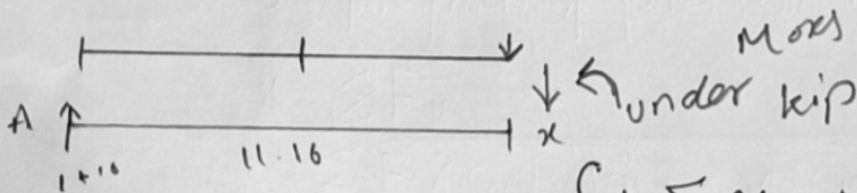


Distance w.r.t to
kps and F_x
 $x = 2 \cdot \frac{7 \text{ id}}{2}$
 $= 1.34 \cdot 2$

Now reactions and moment using statics

$$\sum M_B = 0; 4(6.34) + 3(8.84)(x-84) + 10(13.84) - A_y(25) = 0$$

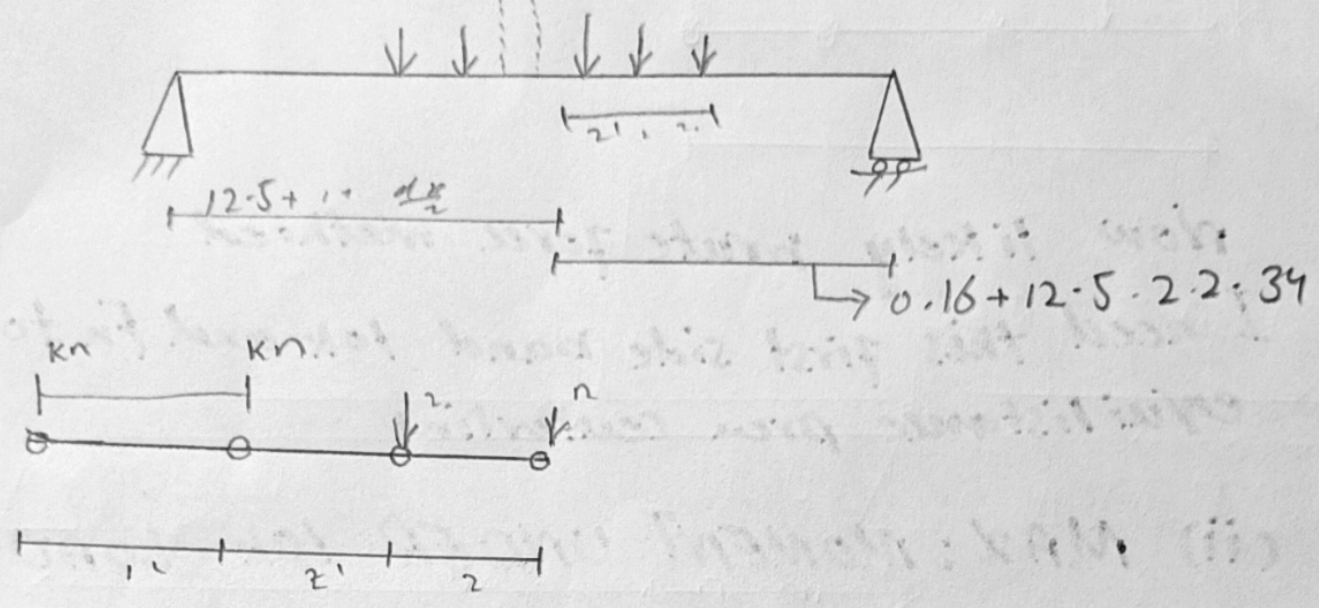
For finding moment let $A_y = 9$ kps
us use cut and sectioning



$$\sum M_o = - (11.1)(11.16) + M_{max} + 0$$

M_{max} at 10 kips = R 4.55 kips ft

(iii) Max MOMENT UNDER 8 KIPS:



(iii) Max MOMENT UNDER 8 KIPS:

(Distance b/w 7 and

8 kips)

$$= 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 68$$

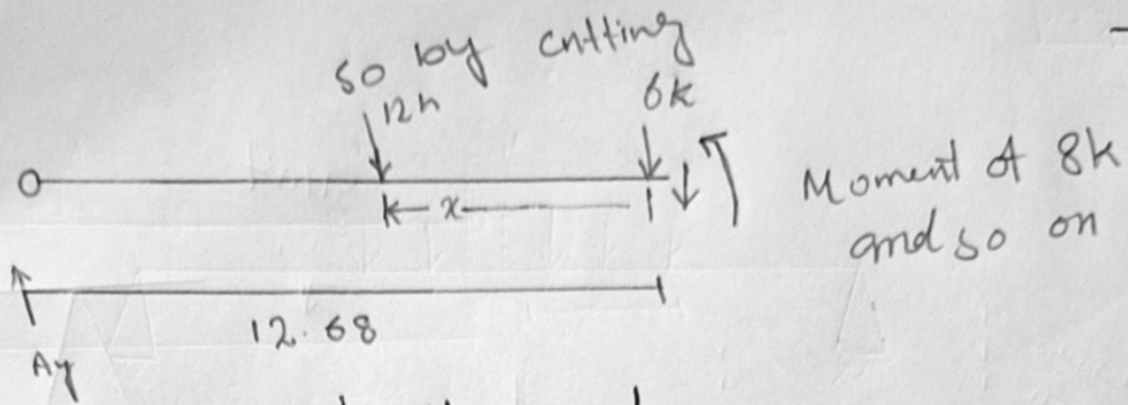
$$= 0.32$$

$$x = \frac{0.32}{2}$$

$$= 0.16$$

Now its time for reaction

and moment

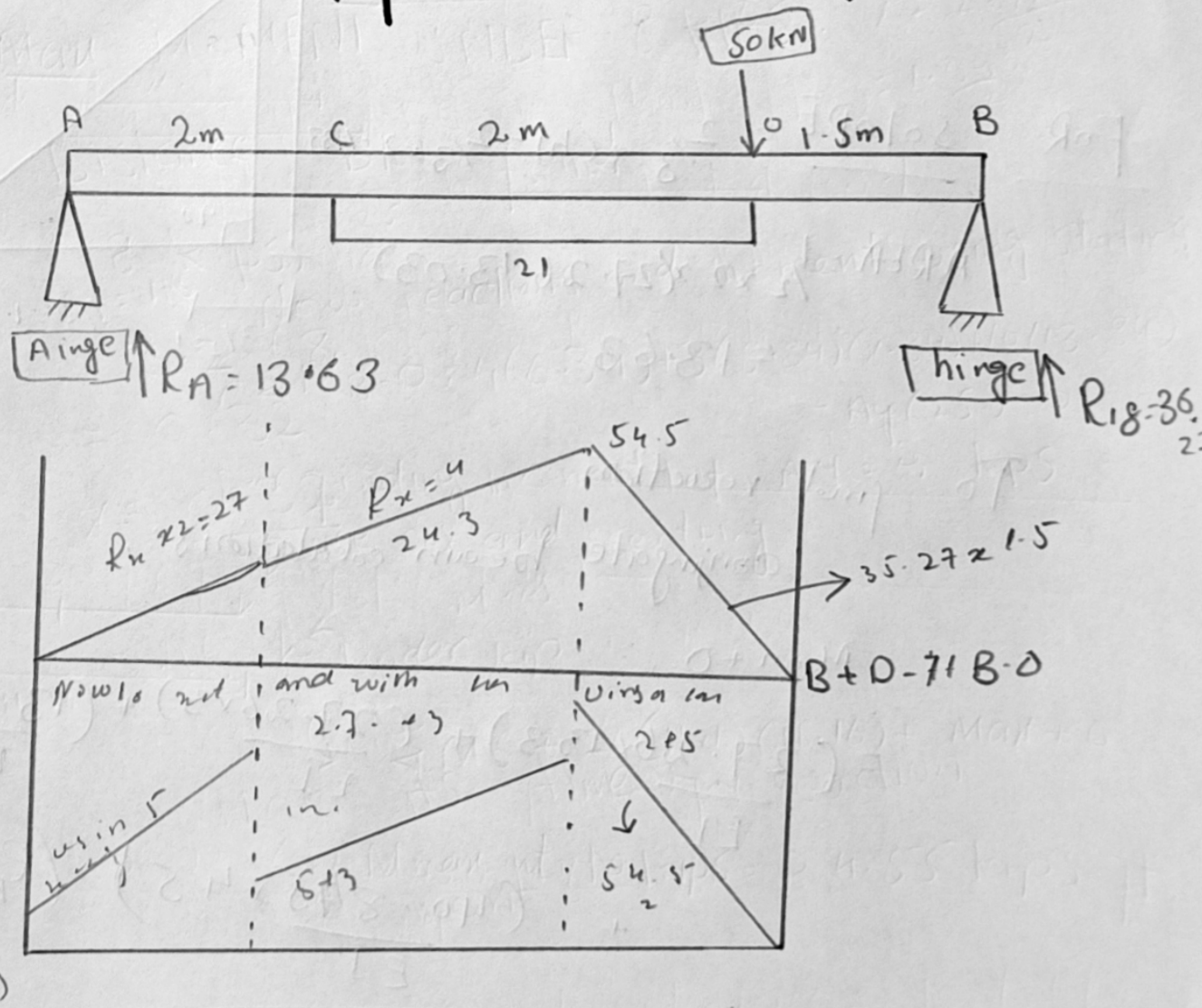


So at the end

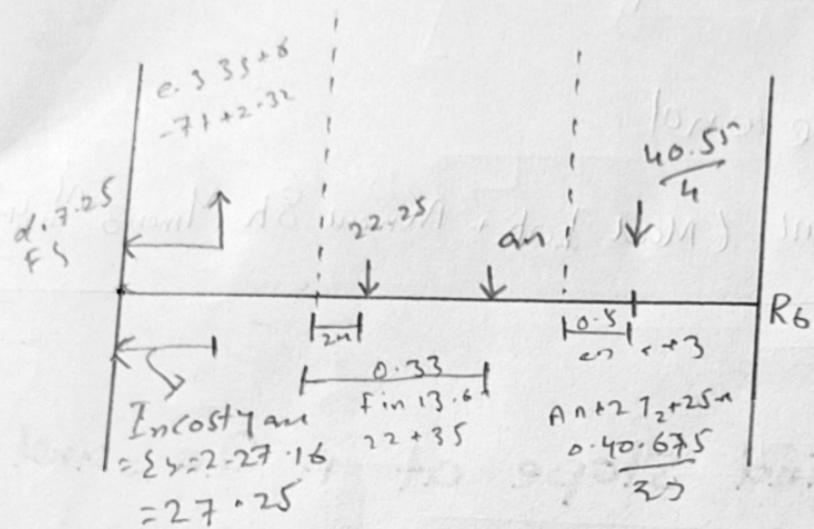
We will get Mment (Mau 1ok + Mment 8k Mment 3 + M ment)

Question :: 03

Find slope at A QA and deflection at D?

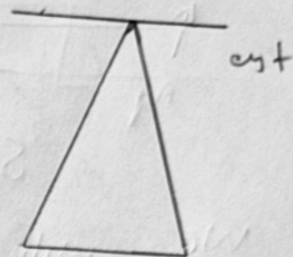


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SIMNT

0.1

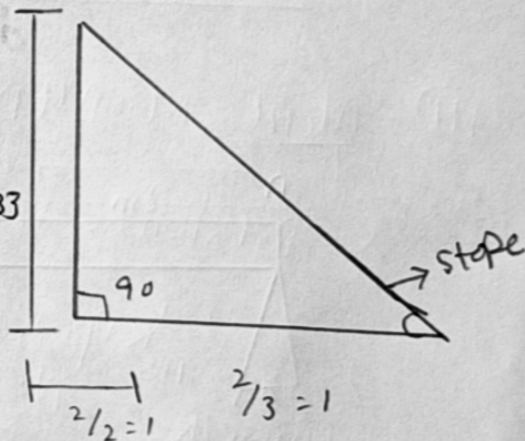


Assegerent

Cetangle $\frac{1}{2} cah$

FOR SLOPE $= \frac{2}{3} \times (h) = \frac{2}{3} \times 2 = 1.33$

AREA $= \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times (27.26 + 13.03)$
 $= 13.63$



To find reaction

conjugate beam calculations:

Mon + 0

$$= \left(\frac{27.26 \times 13.3}{EI} \right) + \left(\frac{27.26 \times 3}{EI} \right) + \left(\frac{13.63 \times 3.33}{EI} \right)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{40.875 \times 4.5}{EI} \right) + (R_B \times 5.5)$$

$$R_B = \frac{63.15}{EI} \text{ kN}$$

$$+ \uparrow \sum F_y = 0$$

$$R_A + R_B = 27.26 + 27.26 + 13.63 + 40.875$$

$$R_A = \frac{45.205}{EI} \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$

(a) Now slope at (A)

$$Q_A = S.F. = A$$

$$R_A = \frac{45.865}{EI} \text{ Radian}$$

(b) Deflection @ D

$$\Delta_D = B.M.D @ D$$

$$= (R_B + 1.5) = \left(\frac{40.875 \times 0.5}{EI} \right)$$

$$= \frac{74.2875}{EI} \text{ m } (\uparrow)$$

the end