

# Final Term paper

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Sec:- B

Subject:- Structural Analysis

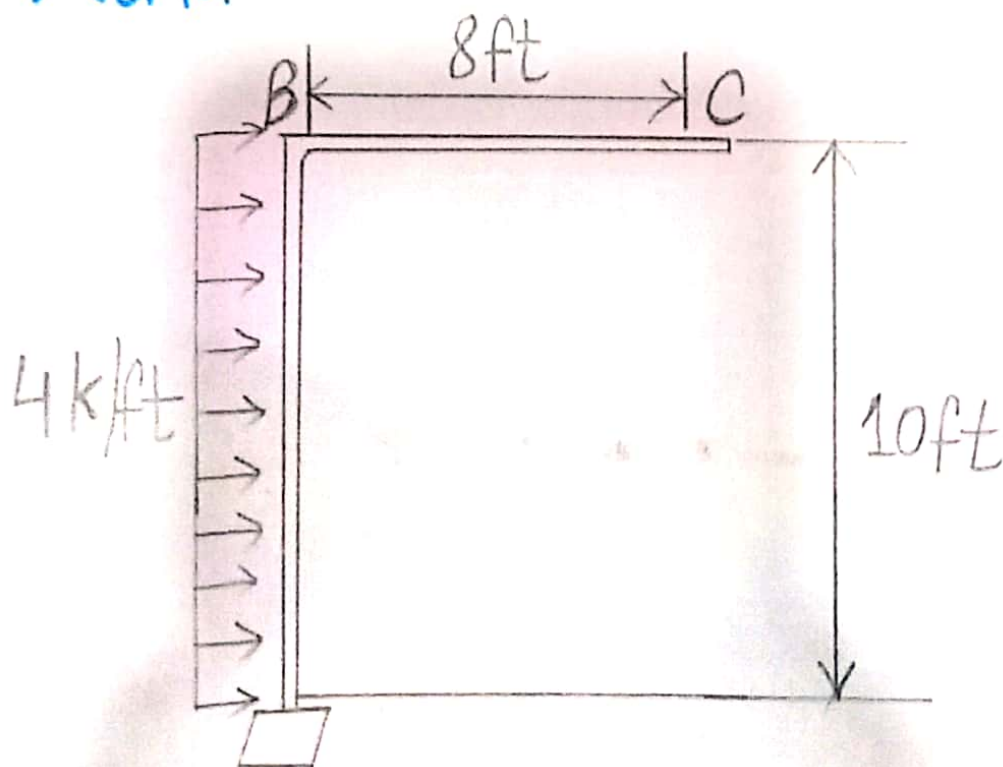
Submitted to:- Sir Amjad Islam

Deptt BE(C)

①

## Question # 01

Determine the vertical displacement of free end point C on the frame shown in Figure. Take  $E = 29(10^3)$  Ksi and  $I = 600 \text{ in}^4$  for both members. Use method of Virtual Work.



②

Sol:-

$$\hookrightarrow \sum M_A = 0$$

$$-4(10)(5) + C_y(8) = 0$$

$$C_y = 25 \text{ kip}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \uparrow +$$

$$25 + A_y = 0$$

$$A_y = -25 \text{ kip}$$

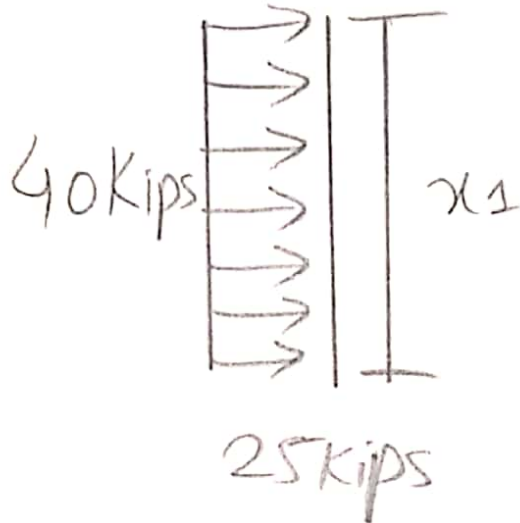
$$\sum F_x = 0 \rightarrow +$$

$$40 - A_x = 0$$

$$A_x = 40 \text{ kips}$$

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Taking Section,



Real moment

$$\sum M_1 = 0$$

$$-40(x_1) + 4x_1\left(\frac{x_1}{2}\right) + C_{x_1=0}$$

$$M_1 = 4x_1 - 2x_1$$



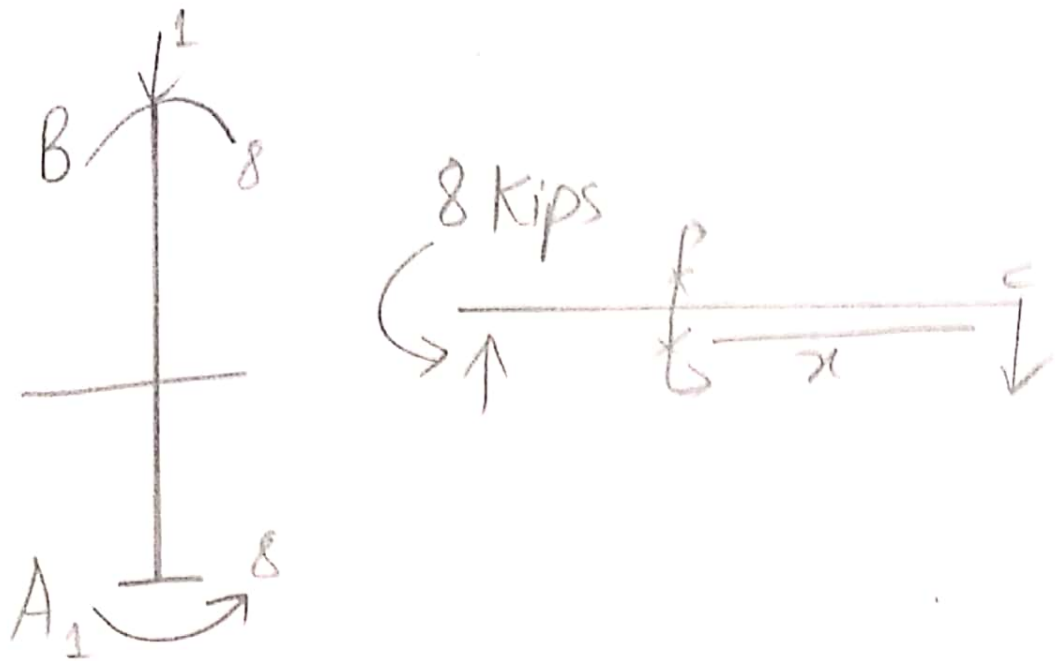
$$-25(x_2) + M_2 = 0$$

$$M_2 = 25x_2$$

Kips

(4)

Vertical moment



Members	BA	CB
origin	B	C
limit	0-10	0-8
M	$2x^2$	0
m	8	x

By virtual work method

$$1 \cdot \Delta_1 = \int_0^{10} \frac{(2x^2)(8)dx}{EI} + \int_0^8 \frac{(0)(x)}{EI}$$

(5)

$$\Delta_1 = \frac{16x^3}{3} \Big|_0^{10} + 0$$

$$\Delta_1 = \frac{16 \times 1000}{3} / EI$$

$$\Delta_1 = \frac{5333.33}{29 \times 10^3 \times 600}$$

$$\Delta_1 = 3.06 \times 10^{-4} \text{ in}$$

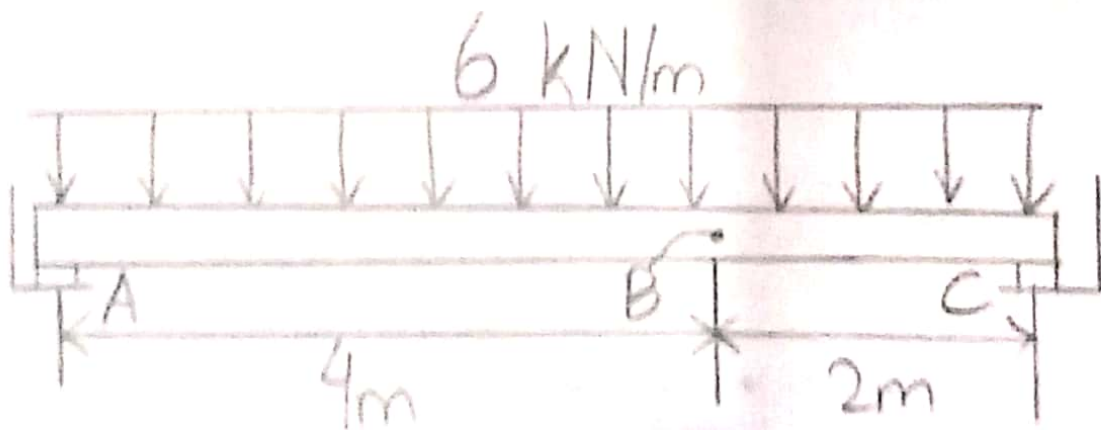
$$\Delta_1 = 3.06 \times 10^{-4} \text{ in}$$

Ans

(6)

## Question # 02

Determine the slope and displacement at point B. Assume the support at A is a pin and C is a roller. Take  $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$ ,  $I = 60 (10^6) \text{ mm}^4$ . Use Castigliano's Theorem.

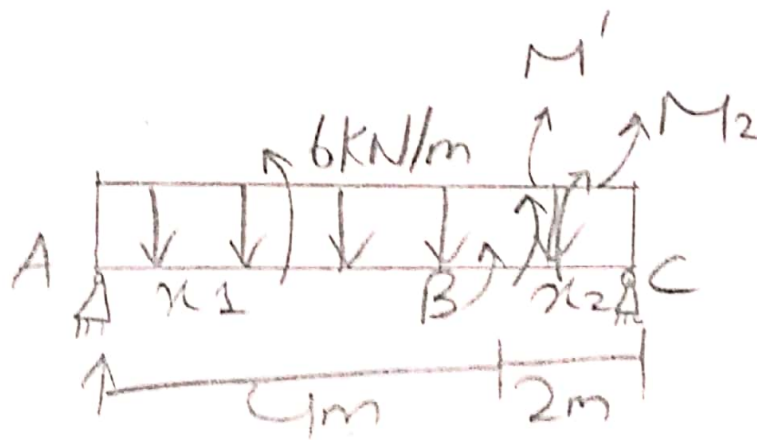


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Sol:-

Slope and displacement  
at point "B"

(a)



$$R_1 + R_2 = 0 \rightarrow \textcircled{i}$$

$$\sum M_A = 0 \quad \text{G} +$$

$$1 + R_2(6) = 0$$

$$-0.16667 \text{ put in } \textcircled{i}$$

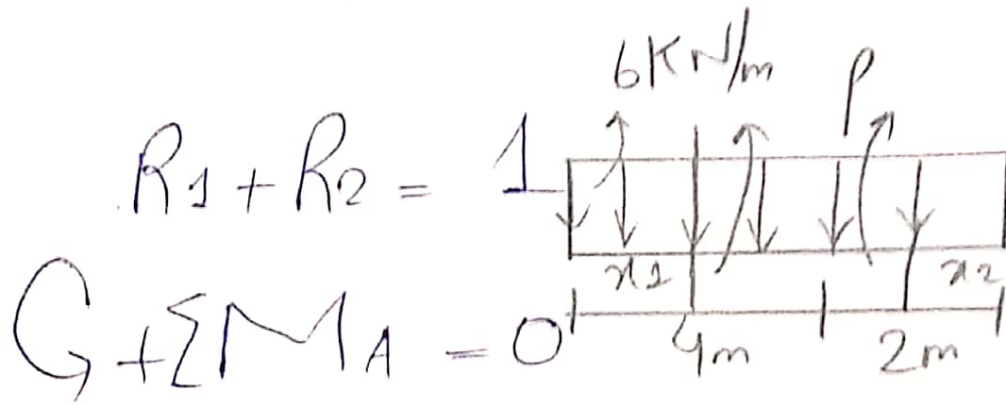
$$R_1 + (-0.16667) = 0$$

$$R_1 = 0.16667 \text{ KN}$$



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b.



$$-(1)(4) + R_2(6) = 0$$

$$R_1 = 0.16667 \text{ kN}$$

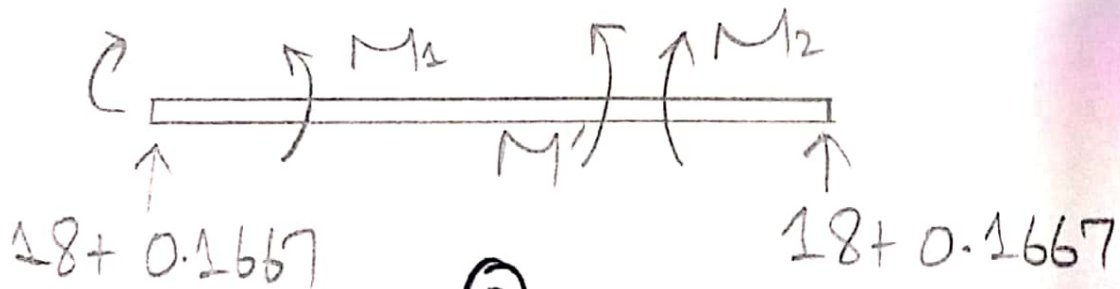
$$R_2 = 1 - 0.16667$$

$$R_2 = 0.83333 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_2 = 0.8333 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_1 = (18 + 0.16667M) \times (1-2) \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$M_2 = (18 - 0.16667M) \times 2 - 2 \times \frac{1}{2}$$

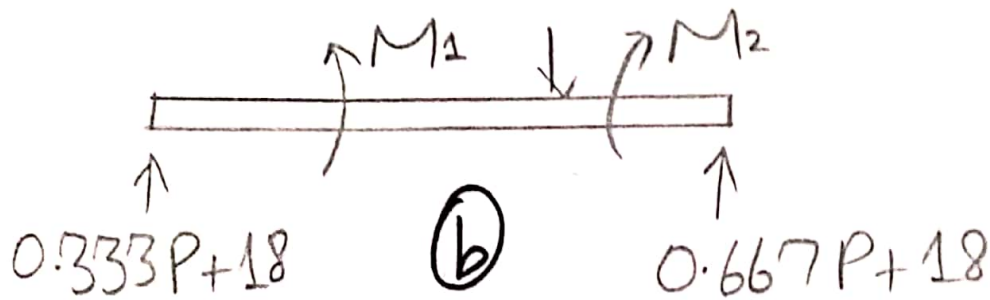


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(9)

$$M_1 = (0.333P + 18)x_1 - 2x_1^2$$

$$M_2 = (0.667P + 18)x_2 - 2x_2^2$$



The displacement function shown in the figure (a) above,

$$\frac{\partial M_1}{\partial M'} = 0.1667x_1 \text{ and}$$

$$\frac{\partial M_2}{\partial M'} = 0.1667x_2$$

Set

$M' = 0$  then

$$M_1 = (18 + 0.1667(0))x_1 - 2x_1^2$$

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$$M_1 = (18x_1 - 2x_1^2)$$

$$M_2 = (18x_2 - 2x_2^2)$$

$$\theta_B = \int_0^2 M_1 \left( \frac{\partial M_1}{\partial M_1'} \right) \frac{dx}{EI}$$

$$= \int_0^4 \frac{(18x_1 - 2x_1^2)(0.1667x_1) dx_1}{EI}$$

$$+ \int_0^2 \frac{(18x_2 - 2x_2^2)(0.1667x_2) dx_2}{EI}$$

$$\theta_B = \frac{42.65}{EI} + \frac{6.66}{EI}$$

$$\theta_B = \frac{49.31}{EI}$$

$$\theta_B = \frac{49.31}{(200 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2)(0.0006)}$$

$$\theta_B = 0.4411 \text{ rad}$$

(11)

For the displacement functions are shown in figure "b"

$$\frac{\partial M_1}{\partial P} = 0.333x_1 \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{\partial M_2}{\partial P} = 0.667x_2$$

also set  $p=0$

Now,

$$M_1 = (18x_1 - 2x_1^2) \text{ KN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_2 = (18x_2 - 2x_2^2) \text{ KN}\cdot\text{m}$$

Thus

$$\Delta B = \int_b^L M_1 \left( \frac{\partial M}{\partial P} \right) \frac{dx}{EI}$$

$$\Delta B = \frac{\int_0^4 (30x_1 - 2x_1^2)(0.333x_1) dx}{EI}$$

$$+ \frac{\int_0^2 (30x_2 - 2x_2^2)(0.667x_2) dx}{EI}$$

$$\Delta B = \frac{218.5}{EI}$$

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$$\Delta B = \frac{218.5}{(200 \times 10^6)(0.00006)}$$

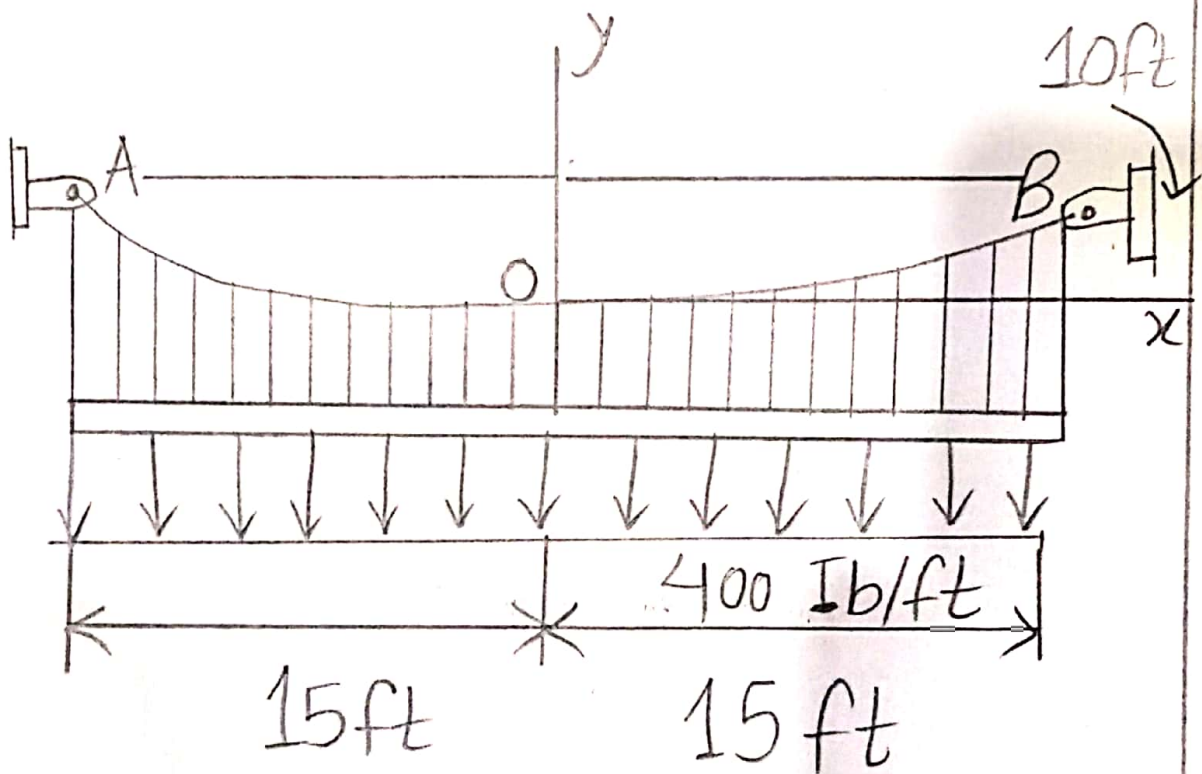
$$\Delta B = 0.018 \text{ m or } 18 \text{ mm}$$

Ans

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## Question # 03

The Cable is Subjected to the uniform loading. If the Slope of the cable at point O is zero, determine the equation of the curve and the force in the cable at O and B.



(14)

Sol:-

As we know that,

$$y = \frac{h}{L^2} x^2 = \frac{10}{15^2} x^2$$

$$y = \frac{10}{225} x^2$$

$$y = 0.0444 x^2$$

Now,

$$T_0 = Fu = \frac{W_0 L^2}{2h} = \frac{400(15)^2}{2(10)}$$

$$T_0 = 4500 \text{ lb}$$

Divide by 1000,

$$T_0 = 4500/1000$$

$$T_0 = 4.5 \text{ K}$$

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As we know that,

$$T_B = T_{MAX} = \sqrt{F_u^2 + (W_0 L)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(4500)^2 + (400)^2 (15)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{20250000 + (400 \times 15)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{20250000 + (6000)^2}$$

$$= \cancel{\sqrt{20250000 + 36000000}} \quad 7500 \text{ lb}$$

$$T_B = T_{MAX} = 7.5 \text{ K}$$

As we know,

$$T_B = T_{MAX} = W_0 L \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{L}{2h}\right)^2}$$

$$T_B = T_{MAX} = 400(15) \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{15}{2(10)}\right)^2}$$

$$T_B = T_{MAX} = 6000 \sqrt{1 + \frac{225}{400}}$$



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$$= 6000 (1.25)$$

$$= 7500 \text{ lb}$$

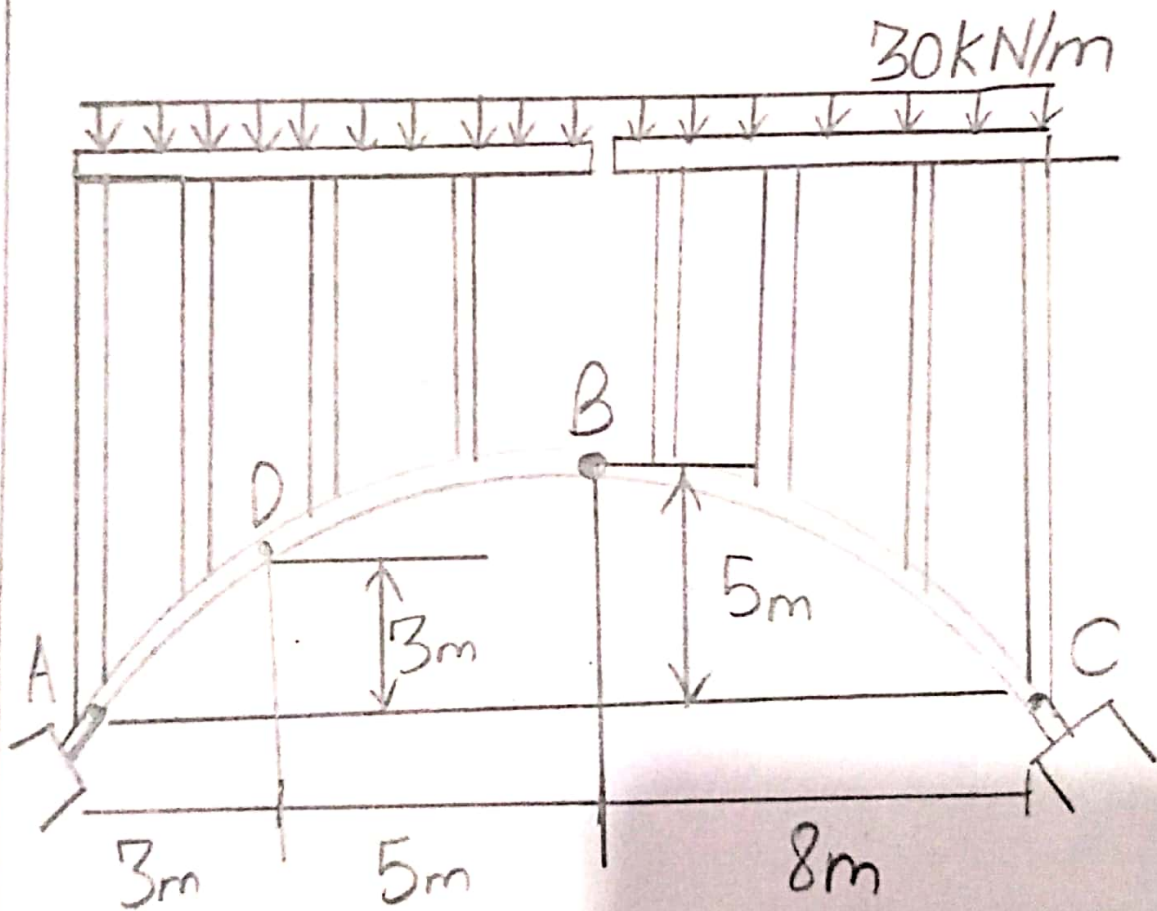
Divide by 1000

$$T_B = T_{MAX} = 7.5 \text{ K}$$

Ans

### Question # 04

The three hinged spandrel arch is subjected to the uniform load of  $30 \text{ kN/m}$ . Determine the internal moment in the arch at point D.



(18)

Sol:-

Member AB;

$$\hookrightarrow + \sum M_A = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow B_x(5) + B_y(8) - 240(4) = 0$$

Member BC;

$$\hookrightarrow + \sum M_C = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -B_x(5) + B_y(8) + 240(4) = 0$$

Now,

$$B_x = 192 \text{ KN}, B_y = 0$$

Segment BD,

$$\hookrightarrow + \sum M_D = 0$$

$$= 192(2) - 150(2.5) - M_D = 0$$

$$\boxed{M_D = 9 \text{ KN}\cdot\text{m}}$$

Ans

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