

ENGLISH III

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15453 Csc-201

Define and explain Abstract and Conclusion in Technical writing, also explain on what basis we differentiate abstract and conclusion?

ABSTRACT:

The word Abstract comes from a Latin word "Abstractum", which means a concise form of a longer piece of writing.

An Abstract is a brief and concise summary of a thesis, research article or any other in-depth analysis of a subject.

An Abstract is used to help the reader quickly get the idea and overview of that paper.

The Abstract should be based on what you have written in that paper. There are two main types of Abstract.

1) Descriptive Abstract:

Descriptive Abstract are used for humanities and social science papers, or psychological essays.

It is usually very short between 50-100 words.

Some key parts of a descriptive Abstract have are:

- 1) Background
- 2) Purpose
- 3) Focus or Interest
- 4) Overview of Contents

2) Informative abstract:

Informative Abstracts are used in scientific psychology and engendering reports. It is longer than the Descriptive Abstract, usually up to 200 words.

Some key parts of the informative Abstract are as follow:

- 1) Background
- 2) Aim or Purpose of research
- 3) Method used
- 4) Findings or results
- 5) Conclusions

Conclusion:

The Conclusion is a short review of what you have found from your experiment and will not contain any new information that has not already been introduced elsewhere in your report.

From Conclusion, the reader has a clear idea of what you found in your experiment and how this links back to your original aims and objectives.

Readers will also understand how your work could be built upon, applied or further validated.

The conclusions section provides an effective ending to your report.

In conclusion:

- 1) You state whether you have achieved your aims
- 2) Gives a summary of the key findings or information in your report
- 3) Highlights the major outcomes of your investigation and their significance
- 4) Recommend future works
- 5) States the commercialization potential or practical application of your outcome

Difference between Abstract and Conclusion:

Abstract:

- 1) The abstract is the absolute last thing you compose.
- 2) It ought to be a free, independent content, not a portion duplicated from your paper or dissertation.
- 3) The motivation behind the abstract is to report the primary points and results of your research.
- 4) Not all abstracts will contain decisively similar components.

Conclusion:

- 1) Conclusion gives a summary of the whole dissertation or the report.
- 2) It is like the summary. The summary is a generally equivalent burden on all parts of the thesis/report, although the Conclusions section focuses primarily on the results, conclusions and proposals of the task.
- 3) You cannot submit new material in this section.
- 4) For most technical reports and master theses, the conclusions would generally have an extension of about 3 to 5 pages