

Name = SUBHAN ULLAH

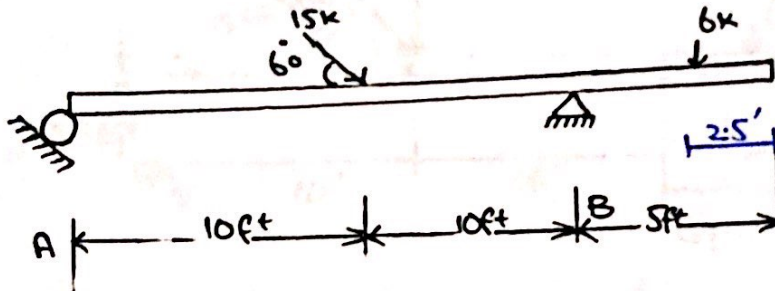
KHAN

ID# = 7861

Section = B

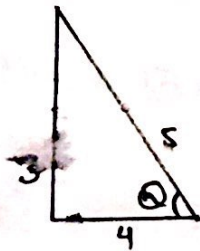
SUBJECT = STRUCTURAL
ANALYSIS-I

QNO 18 Determine the Support reaction in the beam given below-



Solution:- first of all we have to find the angle for the roller support-

So-



therefore using Trigonometry

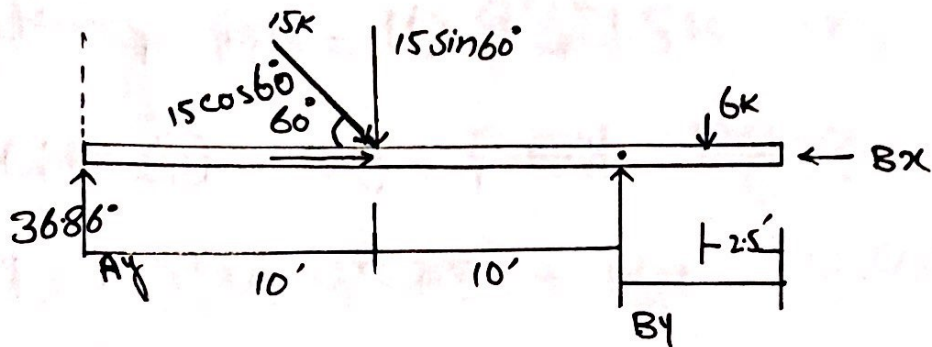
$$\sin Q = P/H$$

putting $P=3$ $H=5$

$$Q = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$$

$$Q = \sin^{-1}(0.6) \Rightarrow 36.86^\circ$$

So now-



① $\Sigma F_x = 0$ According to Equilibrium
 $\rightarrow \leftarrow$

$$15 \cos 60^\circ - B_x - A_y \sin 36.86^\circ = 0$$

$$7.5 - B_x - 0.599 A_y = 0 \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

② $\Sigma F_y = 0$ $\uparrow \downarrow$ Taking upward direction vertical force positive

$$A_y \cos 36.86^\circ + B_y - 6k - 15 \sin 60^\circ = 0$$

$$0.80 A_y + B_y = 18.99 \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

③ $\Sigma M_B = 0$ $\uparrow \downarrow$ $\curvearrowright \curvearrowleft$

$$(A_y \cos 36.86^\circ \times 20) - (15 \sin 60^\circ \times 10) + 6 \times 2.5 = 0$$

$$16 A_y - 190 + 15 = 0$$

$$16 A_y - 175 = 0$$

$$\frac{16A_y}{16} = \frac{175}{16} \quad | \quad \underline{A_y = 10.9375k}$$

Putting $A_y = 10.9375k$ in
equ (2) to find $B_y = ?$

$$0.80(10.9375) + B_y = 18.99$$

$$8.75 + B_y = 18.99$$

$$\boxed{B_y = 10.25k}$$

Putting value of A_y in equ (1)
to find out B_x

$$7.5 - B_x - 0.599(10.9375) = 0$$

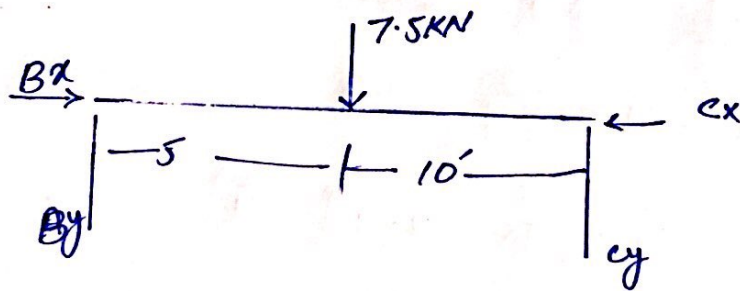
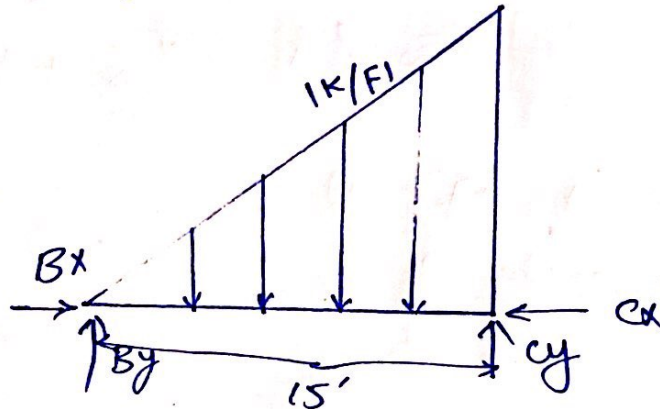
$$\boxed{B_x = 0.9375k}$$

QNO2:-

Sol:- ID# = 7861

(1) Free body diagram

V.U.L



~~Cy~~ 10 k area = $\frac{1}{2} b \times h = \frac{1}{2} (15)(1)$
 $= 7.5\text{ kN}$

Distance = $\frac{1}{3}(b) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{3}(15) \Rightarrow 5'$

(i)

$\Sigma F_x = 0 \rightarrow + \leftarrow -$

$B_x - C_x = 0 \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$

(ii)

$\Sigma F_y = 0 \uparrow + \downarrow -$

$B_y + c_y = 7.5 \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$

(iii)

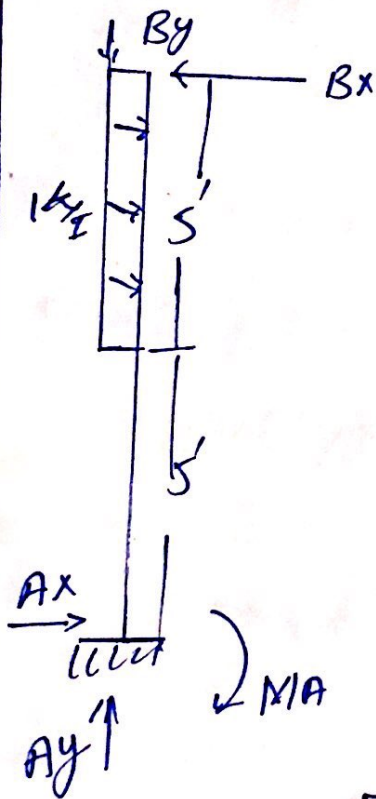
$$\sum M_B = 0 \quad \uparrow + \quad \downarrow -$$

$$(7.5 \times 5) - C_y \times 15 = 0$$

$$37.5 = 15 C_y \Rightarrow C_y = 2.5 \text{ k}$$

Put the value in eq (2)

$$B_y + 2.5 = 7.5 \Rightarrow B_y = 5 \text{ k}$$



$$(i) \sum F_x = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad \leftarrow$$

$$A_x + (1 \times 5) - B_x = 0$$

$$A_x - B_x = -5 \rightarrow (3)$$

$$(ii) \sum F_y = 0 \quad \uparrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$A_y - B_y = 0 \rightarrow (4)$$

$$(iii) (1 \times 5) \times (2.5 + 5) - 10 \times 10 = 0$$

$$37.5 = 10 B_x = 0$$

$$B_x = 3.75$$

Put the value in eq (3)

$$A_x - 3.75 = -5$$

$$A_x = -1.25$$

Now since C and D are at same line thus the load is transferred

So

$$C_y = 10 \text{ k}$$

$$\text{So } |D_y = -10 \text{ k}|$$

put the value of B_y in eq (4)

$$A_y - 20k = 0$$

put the value of B_x in eq (1)

$$A_y - 5k = 0 \quad A_y = 5k$$

put the value of B_x in eq (1)

$$3.75 - C_x = 0$$

$$\underline{C_x = 3.75 \text{ k}}$$

so

$$D_x = 3.75 \text{ k}$$

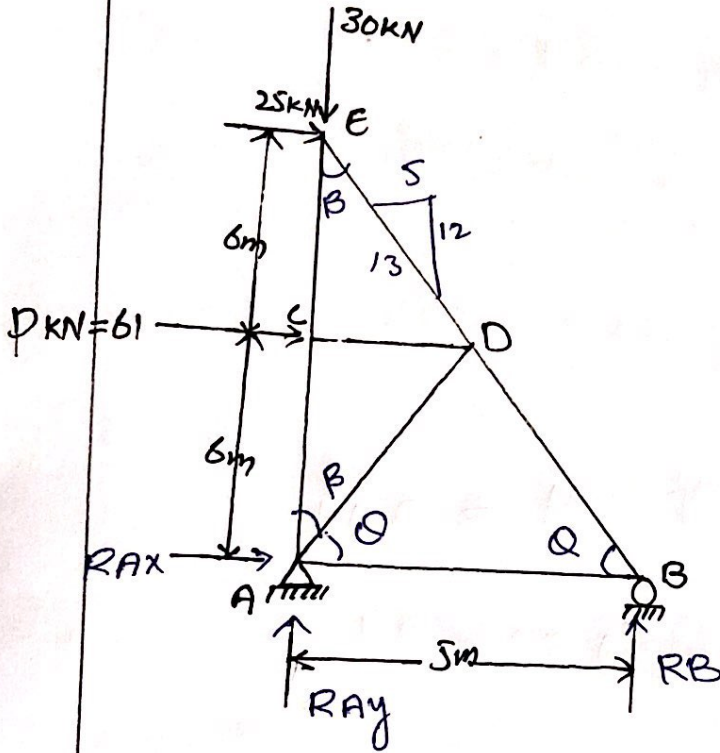
$$\sum M_b = \uparrow +$$

$$(-1 \times 5)(2.5) - (A_x \times 10) + MA = 0$$

$$-2.5 - (1.25 \times 10) + MA = 0$$

$$MA = 15$$

QNO 38



$$Q = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)$$

$$Q = 67.4^\circ$$

$$B = 90^\circ - Q$$

$$B = 90^\circ - 67.4^\circ$$

$$B = 22.6^\circ$$

$$\sum M_B = 0 \quad [\curvearrowright +]$$

$$25 \times 12 - 30 \times 5 + 61 \times 6 + R_{AY} \times 5 = 0$$

$$\frac{8R_{AY}}{5} = -\frac{516}{5} \Rightarrow R_{AY} = 103.2 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad [\uparrow +]$$

$$-103.2 - 30 + R_B = 0$$

$$R_B = 133.2 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad [\rightarrow +]$$

$$R_{AX} + 61 + 25 = 0$$

$$R_{AX} = -86 \text{ kN}$$

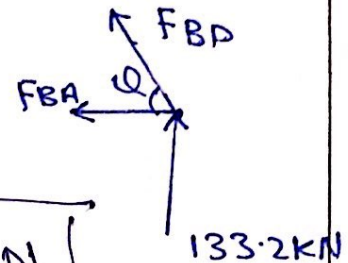
⇒ Using Method of Joint

Joint B:-

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad 133.2 + F_{BD} \sin \alpha = 0$$

$$F_{BD} = \frac{-133.2}{0.92}$$

$$\boxed{F_{BD} = -144.783 \text{ kN}}$$



$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$F_{BA} = 144.783 \cos \alpha$$

$$\boxed{F_{BA} = 55.02 \text{ kN}}$$

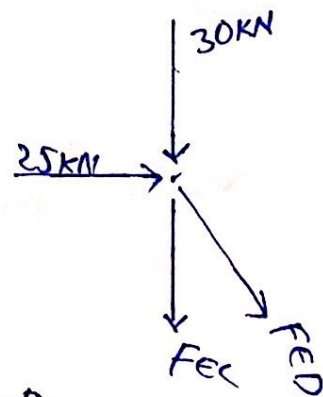
Joint E:-

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad (\uparrow +)$$

$$-30 - F_{EC} - F_{ED} \cos \beta = 0$$

$$-30 - F_{EC} - (65.05) \cos 22.6^\circ = 0$$

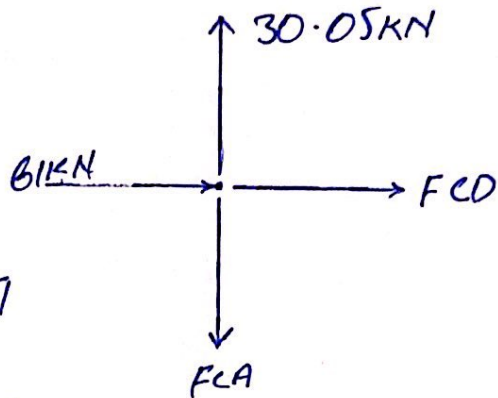
$$\boxed{F_{EC} = 30.05 \text{ kN}}$$



$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad \rightarrow +$$

$$25 + F_{ED} \sin \beta = 0 \Rightarrow F_{ED} = -65.05 \text{ kN}$$

⇒ Joint C:



$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad [\rightarrow +]$$

$$F_{CD} = 61 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad [\uparrow +]$$

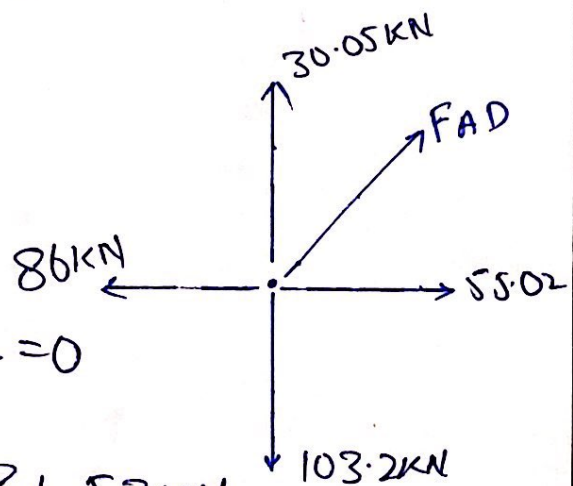
$$F_{CA} = 30.05 \text{ kN}$$

⇒ Joint A:

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$-86 + F_{AD} \cos \theta + 55.02 = 0$$

$$F_{AD} = \frac{30.98}{\cos(67.38)} = 81.53 \text{ kN}$$



$$\boxed{F_{AD} = 81.53 \text{ kN}}$$

MEMBER FORCES:

$$F_{AB} = 55.02 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{AC} = 30.05 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{BD} = -144.783 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{CD} = -61 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{CE} = 30.05 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{DE} = -65.05 \text{ kN}$$