

NAME :

NAVEED AHMAD

I.D :

7880

SECTION :

4B

SEMESTER :

6th

INSTRUCTOR :

SIR LIAQAT

SUBJECT :

GEOTECHNICAL ENGG

ASSIGN :

1st

Write a geotech report on any civil engg project.

The geotechnical report is ~~base~~ of Secondary Section High School Kambhat.

INTRODUCTION:-

Report is carried out for geotechnical investigation of Secondary Section of High School Kambhat. The purpose of investigation was to evaluate the subsurface condition of site proposed.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:-

The B kanal site is located in Kambhat, Samanbath. Project include whole infrastructure of Secondary Section.

GEOLOGIC OVERVIEW:-

Project is located near Pak-Afghan border at lower dir at northern KP. which is a hilly valley.

The mountain bounding bounding The alluvial places are mostly composed of late Tertiary age hood, assumed that these rocks extends as basement rocks. Saurali group. During the upper Pleistocene and holocene the basin has been filled with silty clay sand and gravel.

SUB-SURFACE:

Four exemplary borings and three pits were excavated in area of proposed site. In general our exploring encountered predominantly silt upto 5^{1/2} depth and after clay soil upto 15" depth.

SEISMICITY:

~~Location~~ Dir district lies in seismically active zone, which is evident from the earth quake catalog maps indicating the magnitude site belong to seismic zone with peak horizontal acceleration. 0.08 to 0.20 g.

LAB- TEST:

Consolidation test, Direct Shear test and unconfined compression test were performed on undisturbed soil specimen obtain from boring holes and test pits using Shelby tube and block sampler additionally atterbury limit test moisture, content. sieve analysis tests were conducted on disturbed samples for classification purpose.

GROUND WATER:

Ground water table was encountered in bore hole NO 2 and 3 at 11' depth from ground table.

CONCLUSION:

The conclusion of tests conducted of the field that bearing capacity of 0.560 TSP may be adopted for construction of site. Since the shrinkage value of foundation lies in 18 to 25, which shows soil class of poor quality. It recommended to replace soil.

In case of missionary P provided
 RCC Column at 10 ft interval and
 Strap beam at the top of Foundation
 RCC Slab to reduce differential
 Settlement.

RESULT.

TERZAGHI'S & SPT VALUE.

S-NO	Marking	Bulk density	M.C %	L.C %	P.C %	Classification of soil	Safe bearing capacity & SPT.	
1	BH1	10.87	11.3	23.9	20.8	ML	0.42	0.8
2	BH2	105.3	10.4	23.6	20.7	ML	0.48	1.0
3	BH3	103.2	11.7	24.9	19.4	ML	0.48	0.6
4	BH4	104.7	8.6	24.8	21.5	ML	0.44	0.43
5	BH5	105.3	1.25	22.8	20.2	ML	0.46	0.33

BH / TP ID	BH1	BH2	BH3	BH4	BH5	TP1	TP2	TP-3
$N_1 = \text{wt of core cutter + soil}$	1.949	1.945	1.893	1.930	1.912	0.485	0.480	0.481
$w_2 = \text{wt of core cutter}$	0.970	0.969	0.939	0.969	0.943	0.186	0.187	0.189
$w_3 = \text{wt of soil } (w_1 - w_2)$	0.979	0.974	0.953	0.947	0.962	0.299	0.290	0.293
% of core cutter	0.0091	0.009	0.0092	0.0092	0.0092	0.0028	0.0029	0.0025
Density = w_3 / w_1	106.5	105.8	103.7	104.1	105.7	10.66	104.5	105.4

FIELD DENSITY:

BH ID.	BH-1	BH-2	BH-3	BH-4	BH-5
$W_1 =$ wt of wet soil + cont	37.89	47.00	33.18	42.17	27.58
$W_2 =$ wt of dry soil + cont	35.19	43.68	31.08	39.00	25.88
$W_3 =$ wt of container	11.08	11.08 12.28	13.00	1.38	12.28
$W_w =$ wt of dry soil	2.69	3.28	2.08	3.17	1.78
$W_s =$ wt of dry soil	24.07	31.37	18.08	37.58	13.60
$C = W_w / W_s \times 100\%$	11.02	10.4	11.5	8.4	12.4.

NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT:

BH TP DP	TP-1	TP-2	TP-3
Shrinkage Limit	20.06	22.21	27.155
Shrinkage Ratio	1.6	1.8	1.4.

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QUIZ = 1st

①

Write a note on different software which are used in geotechnical engg.

17 ALP - Lateral load Piles Analysis Software:

ALP enables you to analyse laterally loaded piles producing out put such as comparison graph in mins. the software predicts pressure horizontal moment. Shear force and bending moment included in a piles when subjected to lateral load, bending moment and impose soil displacement lateral load and bending moment can be applied at any point down the piles as well as partial or full lateral or bending moment restraints.

ACECAL:

This programme analyses the behaviour of the rock slopes under seismic conditions, it evaluates the displacement of rock block subject to dynamic forces on the basis of given accelerogram. This use of calculation method is based on given accelerogram.

③ AM-retain Software :

It is used for checking singles or double retaining wall made for oxidor metal, sheet metal and its based on commercial software.

It - Rea. AM-retain is based on Subgrade Reaction calculation method, but also include Inter checks according to French Standard. NF - P44 - 282.

- ① Failure on the passive side.
- ② Balance on vertical forces.
- ③ Kranz.

④ Deep Virtual Reality ::

This is first software fully integrated with a design software package for automatic model generation. For the first time you can easily demonstrate to your clients what is all about before putting a single shovel in ground.

- Unlimited wall and no of excavations.
- Multiple Slage integration Form Deep 2008.
- Multiple Support type.
- view walls and footings.