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Paper " Pak Study 5

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan 1817-1898

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan flourished from 1817-1898 AD as the founder of Aligarh Movement. His rank among the greatest Muslim reformers of the 19th century. He came to the rescue of his religionists after the war of independence vengeance against the Muslims as a result of the atrocities of the British. Muslim were cut off from the main stream of political, social, economic, and educational developments at this critical juncture, Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was the first Muslim leader to realize that if the Muslims continued to keep themselves away from the political, social and educational activities then they would be completely absorbed by the Hindus.

Signature:

Community.

Sir Syed Educational Service

Sir Syed Khan was the first muslim leader who realised, the importance of education for his people, in the order of equip the muslim with ornament of the knowledge he open the following educational societies which revolution the life of the muslim of community

- a) to madrasahs in Muradabad (1858) and Ghaziabad (1862) were open which important educational persian.
- b) in 1864 Sir Syed Ahmad Khan ~~at~~ laid, the foundation of Scientific Society which translated, of English works into Urdu.
- c) M.A.D High School Ali ghar, was founded in 1875,
- d) in 1877 Mad High School was given the status of a College and inaugurated, by Vicroy Lord Lytton later on this college become, a University in (1920) AD,

Q Explain first political and Constitutional phase from (1947 to 1958)

(First 1st phase 1947 to 1958)

After the partition of India on the Midnight of 14 and 15 August 1947 Pakistan followed the British system of Gaing, the post of prime ministers.

Based of the prime minister Secrete the Governor, General of Pakistan Quaid-Azam appointed. Liaqat Ali Khan to establish and lead the Administration on 15 August 1947 Before the presidential system in "1960" 7, prime ministers, had served between 1947 until Marshal-Law, in 1958-1971 by Ayub Khan

Governer Generals of Pakistan

- 1) 1st Governer general, Quaid-e-Azam, - 1947 to 1948,
- 2) 2nd Governer general of Khawaja Nizamuddin
- 3) 3rd Governer general Gulam Muhammad,
- 4) Last Governer general Sikandar Mirza, 1965
- 5) President => Sikandar Mirza,

Signature: _____

Prime Ministers of Pakistan

1st => Liaqat Ali Khan 14 Aug - 16 Oct 1951

2nd => Nizam uddin Fazl 1951 - 17 Oct 1953

3rd => Muhammad Ali Bogra
17 April 1955

4th => Choudhary Muhammad Ali
12 Aug 1955 -> 12 Sep - 1956

5th => Huseain Shaheed Saharwardi,
12 Sep 1956 17 - Oct 1957

6th => I. I Chandigash,
16 Dec - 1957

7th => Feroz Khan Noon
7 - Oct - 1958

Q3, what do you know about the Geography of Pakistan?

Ans, Pakistan is located in South Asian at form the Northwest of Sub-continent Indopak. It lies between latitude of $23,31$ and $36,45$ North and between the longitudes of $61,75$ and 31 East, it is bounded to the west by Iran to the East by India, to the North by Afghanistan, which is called Durand line, to the South by Arabian Sea, Pakistan border with India 1610 km, border with China 585 km, border with Afghanistan 2252 km, border with Iran 805 km Pakistan.

Area and Population

Cover area of $796,96$ km²
Square population vice provinces

- Punjab
- Sindh
- KPK
- Baluchistan

Baluchistan largest province covering 43% of the total area where
Pit. Punjab is 25% Sindh

Signature: _____

3rd with 17% and KPK covering 13%. At the time of partition of the Subcontinent 1947, the population of the area now forming Pakistan was only 3 crore and present of population Pakistan is 7th most populated country of the world, China, 1261 billion, Indonesia 224 Million, Brazil 172 Million, and Russia 146 Million.

Climate of Pakistan

Climate of Pakistan is extreme dry in base of climate condition

Cool weather — December, March

Hot weather — April, June

Monsoon weather — July - September

post Monsoon — October - Mid December