

QNO (3)

Given DATA:-

W = uniform load = 400 lb/ft

h = 10 ft

L = 15 ft

Required DATA:-

equation of curve and force in cable = ?

Solution:-

We know that

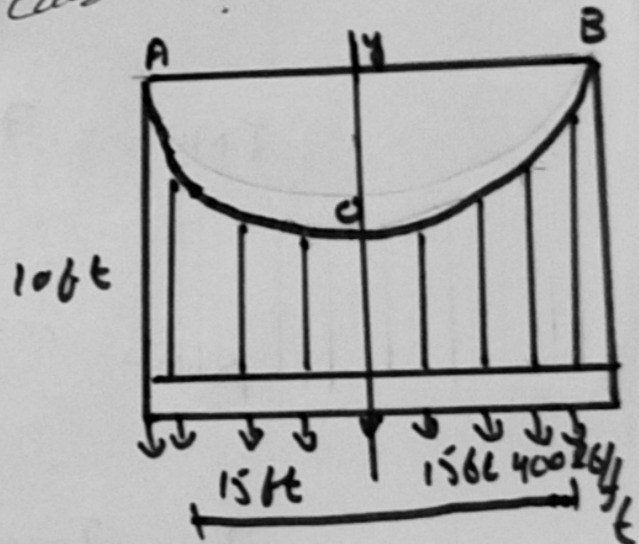
$$y = \frac{h}{L^2} x^2$$

Putting the values

$$y = \frac{10}{(15)^2} x^2$$

$$y = 0.044 x^2$$

P. t. d



$$T_0 = F_H = \frac{W_0 L^2}{2h} = \frac{400 \times (15)^2}{2 \times 10}$$

$$T_0 = 4500 \text{ lb} = 4.5 \text{ k}$$

$$T_B = T_{\text{Max}} = \sqrt{(F_H)^2 + (W_0 L)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(4500)^2 + (400 \times 15)^2}$$

$$T_{\text{Max}} = 7500 \text{ lb} = 7.5 \text{ k}$$

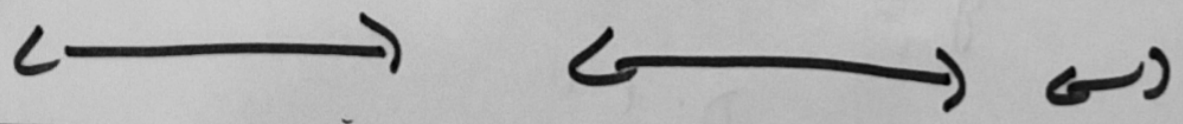


Now " T_{Max} " By another equation.

$$T_B = T_{\text{max}} = W_0 L \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{L}{2h}\right)^2}$$

$$= 400 \times 15 \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{15}{2 \times 10}\right)^2}$$

$$T_{\text{max}} = 7500 \text{ lb} = 7.5 \text{ k}$$

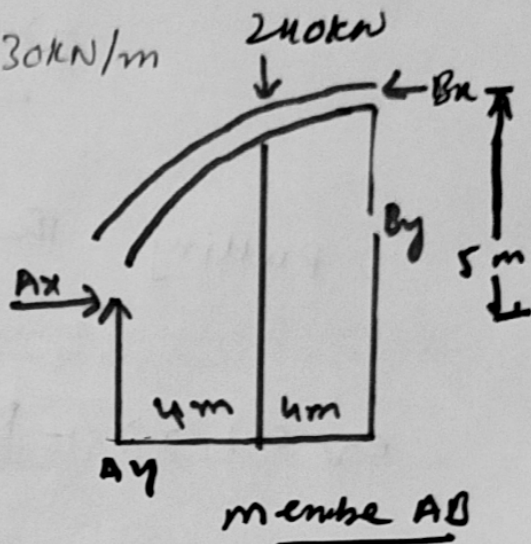


QNOCH)

P3

Given DATA:-

Uniform Load = 30kN/m



Required:-

Internal moment at D = ?

Solution:-

Dividing int two members

AB and BC

AB →

$$\hookrightarrow + \sum M_A = 0 \quad B_x(5) + B_y(8) - 240(4) = 0 \quad (a)$$

BC →

$$\hookrightarrow + \sum M_C = 0 \quad -B_x(5) + B_y(8) + 240(4) = 0 \rightarrow (b)$$

Adding eq (a) and (b)

$$\begin{array}{r} B_x(5) + B_y(8) - 240(4) = 0 \\ -B_x(5) + B_y(8) + 240(4) = 0 \\ \hline 0 + 2B_y(8) + 0 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$2B_y(8) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{B_y = 0 \text{ kN}}$$

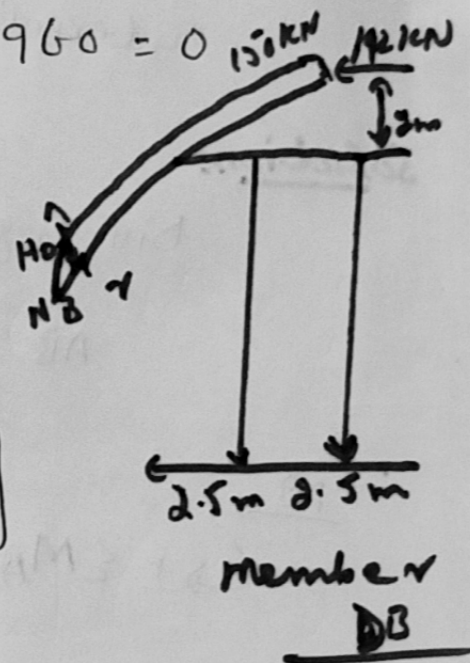
Putting the value of "By" in eq (6)

$$\text{eq (6)} \Rightarrow -B_x(5) + 0(8) + 960 = 0$$

$$B_x(5) = 960$$

$$\frac{B_x(5)}{5} = \frac{960}{5}$$

$$\boxed{B_x = \cancel{190} 192 \text{ kN}}$$



"Now at Segment DB"

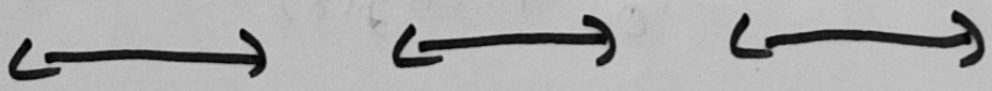
$$\hookrightarrow + \sum M_D = 0$$

$$192(2) - 150(2.5) - M_D = 0$$

$$384 - 375 - M_D = 0$$

$$9 - M_D = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M_D = 9 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$



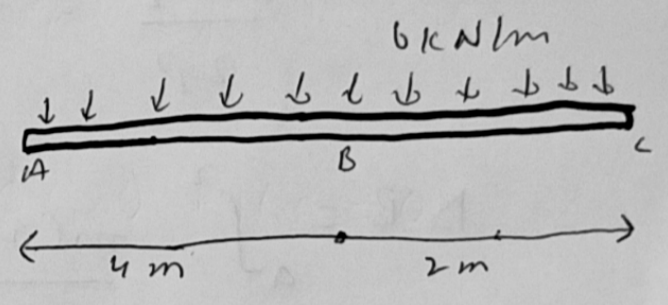
Question No 2:-

Sol:-

Given That

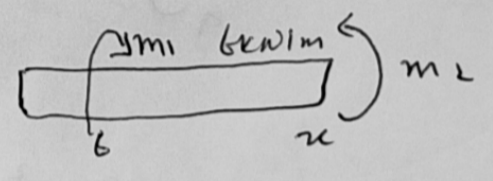
$E = 200 \text{ Gpa}$

$I = 60 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$



Required:-

Slope and displacement = ?



$m_1 - m_2 = \frac{1}{2} (x_2) (6 + x_1)$

~~$m_2 = m_1 + \frac{6x_2 + x_1^2}{2}$~~ ~~vir~~

~~$m = m'$~~

$m = m' + \frac{6x_2 + x_1^2}{2}$

$m = m' + 3x_2 + \frac{x_1^2}{2}$

7.5

Taking partial derivation with respect to m

$$\frac{\partial m_2}{\partial p} = -x$$

$$\Delta B = \int_a^2 \frac{m(gm)}{2p} \frac{dx}{EI}$$

$$= \int_a^b \frac{-3x^2(-x)dx}{EI} + \int_a^4 \frac{-3x^2(-x)dx}{EI}$$

$$\Delta B = \frac{-3x^2}{4EI} \Big|_0^b + \frac{-3x^4}{4EI} \Big|_0^4$$

Put the value of EI and I.

$$= \frac{-3x^2}{2(200)(60 \times 10^6)} \Big|_0^6 + \frac{-3x^4}{4000(60 \times 10^6)} \Big|_0^4$$

P.L.U

$$= \frac{-216 \text{ kN H}^3}{4 \cdot 8 \text{ N } \delta^0} + \frac{-614.4 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{ft}^3}{4 \cdot 8 \text{ N } \delta^0}$$

$$= -4.5 \times 10^9 + (-1.28 \times 10^8)$$

$$\Delta B = 5.76 \times 10^{-10} \text{ inch}$$

↓
Displacement ∴

Slope ∴

$$m + \frac{1}{2} \times (6x_1) = 0$$

$$m = -\frac{1}{2} \times (6x_2) = 3x_2$$

$$\text{So ; } \frac{2m_1}{2m_1'} = 0$$

$$m_1' = m_2 - \frac{1}{2} (6x_2) (6 + x_2)$$

P. t. d

$$m = -m' + 6u_2 + u_2^2$$

$$m = -m' + 3x^2 + \frac{u_2^2}{2}$$

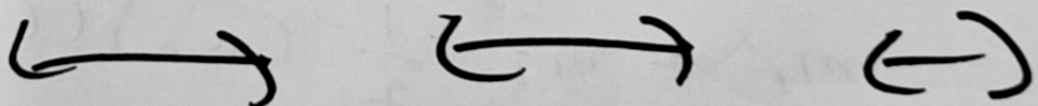
$$\frac{2m_2}{2m_1} = -1$$

$$= \int_0^6 \frac{-3x^2}{E \cdot I} dx + \int_0^{10} \left(-2 + 6u^2 + \frac{u^2}{2} \right) dx$$

$$= 0 + \left(-x + \frac{6u^3}{3} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) \Big|_0^{10} \left(\frac{1}{EI} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{200 \times (60 \times 10^6)} \left(-x + \frac{6u^3}{3} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) \Big|_0^{10}$$

$\Rightarrow \delta = 4.125 \times 10^{-7} \text{ inch}$



QUESTION No 01

GIVEN DATA:

Uniform load = 4 k/ft

$E = 29 \times 10^3 \text{ ksi}$

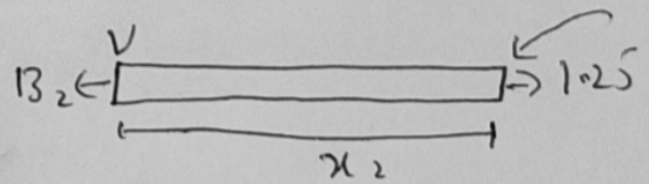
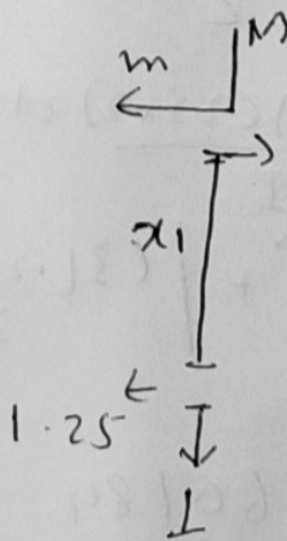
$I = 600 \text{ in}^4$

Required:-

Vertical displacement = ?

Solution:-

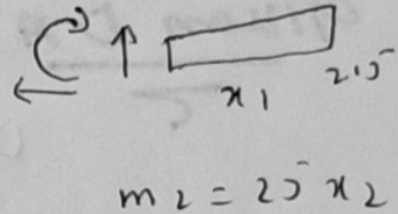
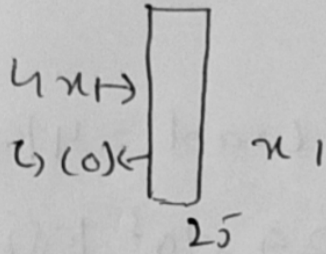
Now virtual moment



$m_2 = 1.25x$

$p - t \cdot 0$

real moment



$$m'' = \frac{400x_1 - \frac{1}{2}x_1(x_2)}{2}$$

$$400x_1 - 2x_1^2$$

Now By virtual work equation

$$\Delta D C = \int_0^L \frac{m M du}{EI}$$

$$\Delta L = \int_0^{10} (1x_1) \left(\frac{400x_2 - 2x^2}{EI} \right) dx +$$

$$\int_0^3 \frac{(1 \cdot 25x_2)(25x_2)}{EI} dx$$

$$\Delta L = \frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{400x^3}{3} - \frac{2x^3}{4} \right]_0^{10} + \left[\frac{3(1 \cdot 25x^3)}{3} \right]_0^3$$

$$\Delta L = 10649.60184$$

