NAME : MUHAMMAD AKRAM

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CALSS/SECTION : BSSE 2ND SEMESTER (SECTION B)

SUBJECT : PAK STUDY

QUEATION NO 1:

ANSWER:

IDOLOGY : The soical program of any movement that becames a collective objecctive of any nation is called idology.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES :

- The firdt aim was tosrt up a free islamic society ti have ourown and soical goverement practing our own religion and soical principles and invitemuslims arond the world.
- the second aim was theprotection of communariots because the muslimsthew that after the departure of the british the live of the muslims will never be safe under the united india so there for the muslim demanded their separde stste so thet can get rid out such atracties.
- That thiredaim was about social and political development of muslim after the war of independed 1857 the social emviranment chaarge the muslim were scored of the caste system thry couldnt enjoy political nor social liberties set they prefered to have a separate homeland and live according to the trdhing of islam.

- the prdection of 2 nation theory the muslim claimed a separate nationhad for themsalves the muslim belierved in separate religon practice different traditions and have their own histroy and cultural heritage it was the muslim right to keep their separate entity alive and enjoy human rights.
- The establishment of islamic state .islam is a complete code of life the muslim wanted to imp;ement the practely this couldout be attained in united india therefore the passed redution and demanded an islamic state in thr north east and west south asia.

QUESTION NO 2 :

ANSWER:

EDUCATION : Sir syed ahmad give much impartance to modern education and his effforts and cantribution to muslim education.

He opened schools at several p;aces where he was posted ite established scientific society and printed the aligarh insittute gazette the important achievement in education sector was founding of MAO collage at aligarh in 1877.

Sir syed ahmad founded the muhammandans educatonal conference swhich abjective was to discuss and solve education problem of muslims in the sub-continent .

His afforts for muslim aducation served double purpose .it hepled the muslim to get good jobs and raised their status in society.

Also hepled in removing the mistrust between the britishs and the muslims.

Therfor education was the must important aspect of sir syed ahmad services in the muslims of india.

QUESTION NO 3 :

ANSWER :

DEMOCRACY : Democracy is a system fo governament where the entire population or aligible of the state have the oppartunity to vote on issues directly or send someone that they elect to make those decisions on their behalf it is agoverning structure where rule comes from the people intsead of the military or state.

ADVANTAGES :

- Democracies give people a chance to become personally involed with their governament .
- the structrue of a democracy works to reduce issues with their explaintion.
- A democracy encourages equality in a postive way.
- Democracy usually grow faster econamically than other forms of dovernament .
- There is more consistency available in democracy than other governament structrues.
- It encourages centrism more than extremism.

DISADVANTAGES:

- Democracy is ineffective ubless voterseducate themselves on doverning decisions.
- The structrue of democracy depend upon will of the majority.
- Democracy can encourage mob role.
- The structure of democracy is a person frist process.
- Gridlock occurs frequently in democratic structrues .

• Democracy requires more time to implement changes.