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Subject

Structural Analysis I

Teacher

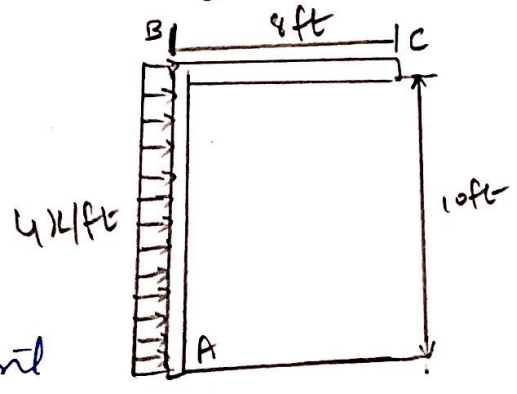
Engr. Amjad Islam

FINAL

TERM PAPER

Q 1) Determine the vertical displacement of free end point C on the frame shown in fig

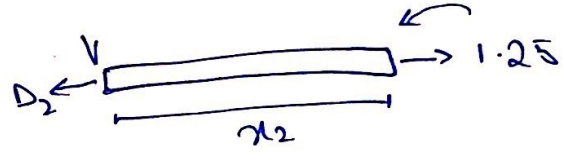
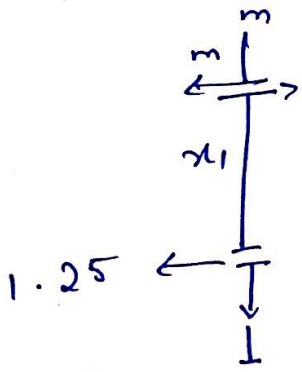
$E = 29(10)^3 \text{ ksi}$
 $I = 600 \text{ in}^4$



Required:-
Vertical displacement

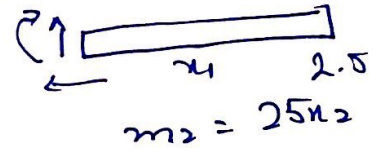
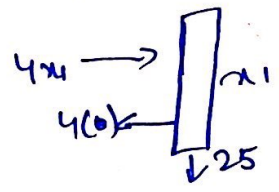
Solution:-

Now virtual moment



$m_2 = 1.25x_1$

For real moment



$m_2 = 25x_2$

$$m'' = \frac{40x_1 - \frac{1}{2}x_1(x_2)}{40x_1 - 2x_1^2}$$

Now by virtual work equation

(2)

$$\Delta e = \int_0^e m \frac{M}{e} dx$$

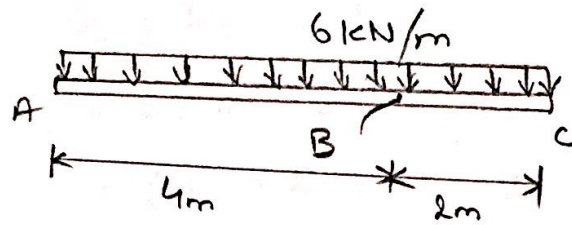
$$\Delta e = \int_0^{10} (1x_1) \frac{(40x_2 - 2x_2^2)}{e} dx + \int_0^8 \frac{(1.25x_2)(25x_2)}{EI}$$

$$\Delta e = \frac{1}{EI} \left| \frac{40x^3}{3} - \frac{2x^3}{4} \right|_0^{10} + \left| \frac{31.25x_2^3}{3} \right|_0^8$$

$$\Delta e = 10.64 \text{ mm}$$

Q NO 2)

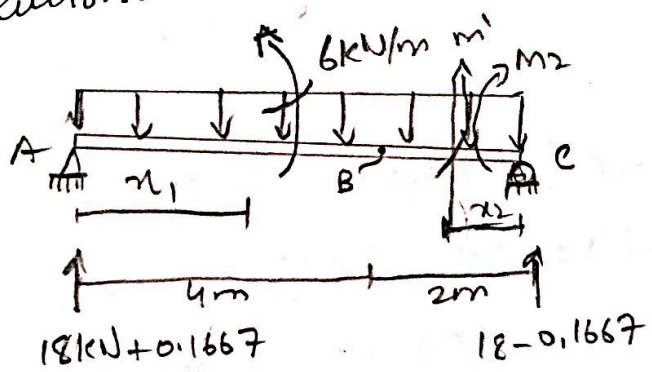
Determine the slope and displacement at point B. Assume the support at A is a pin and C is a roller. Take $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$, $I = 60 (10)^6 \text{ mm}^4$. Use Castigliano's Theorem.



Required

slope displacement at point B

Solution:-



(a)

$$R_1 + R_2 = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

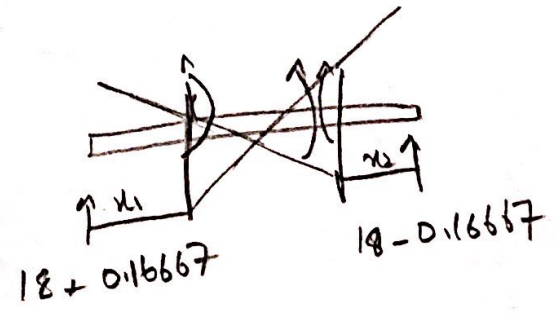
$$\sum M_A = 0 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$1 + R_2 (6) = 0$$

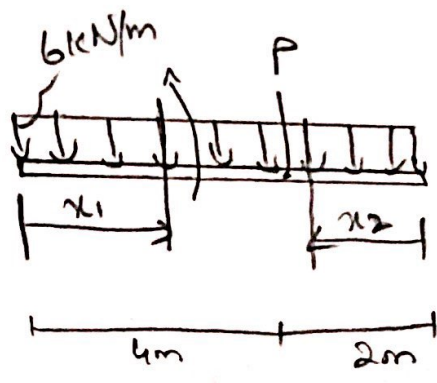
$$\Rightarrow -0.16667 \text{ put in (1)}$$

$$R_1 + (-0.16667) = 0$$

$$R_1 = 0.16667 \text{ kN}$$



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(b)

$$R_1 + R_2 = 1$$

$$\sum \epsilon MA = 0$$

$$-(1)(4) + R_2(6) = 0$$

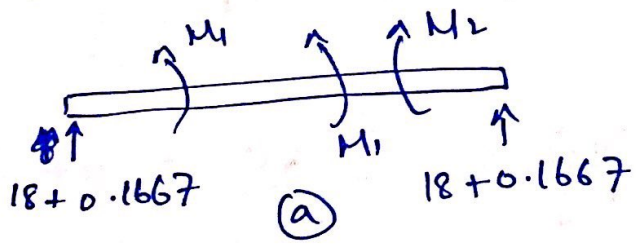
$$R_1 = 0.6667 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_2 = 1 - 0.6667 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_2 = 0.333 \text{ kN}$$

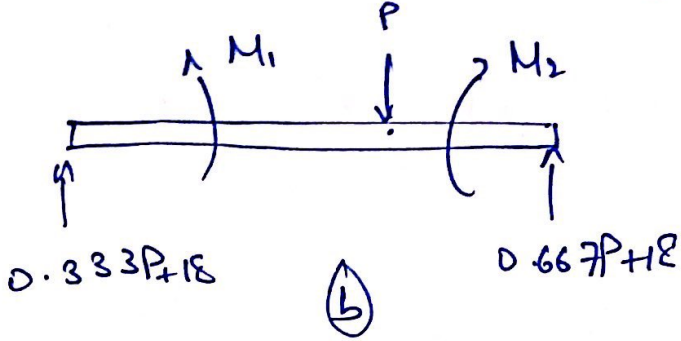
$$2) \quad M_1 = (18 + 0.1667) x_1 - 2x_1^2$$

$$M_2 = (18 - 0.1667) x_2 - 2x_2^2$$



$$M_1 = (0.333 P + 18) x_1 - 2x_1^2$$

$$M_2 = (0.667 P + 18) x_2 - 2x_2^2$$



The displacement functions shown in the figure "a"

$$\frac{\partial M_1}{\partial M_1} = 0.16667x_1 \text{, and } \frac{\partial M_2}{\partial M_1} = 0.16667x_2 \text{, set } M_1' = 0$$

then

$$M_1 = (18 + 0.16667(x))x_1 - 2x_1^2$$

$$\rightarrow M_1 = (18x_1 - 2x_1^2)$$

$$\rightarrow M_2 = (18x_2 - 2x_2^2)$$

$$\phi_B = \int_0^2 M \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial M_1} \right) \frac{dx}{EI} = \int_0^4 \frac{(18x_1 - 2x_1^2)(0.16667x_1) dx_1}{EI} +$$

$$\int_0^2 \frac{(18x_2 - 2x_2^2)(0.16667x_2) dx_2}{EI}$$

$$\phi_B = \frac{42.65}{EI} + \frac{6.66}{EI}$$

$$\phi_B = \frac{49.31}{EI}$$

$$\phi_B = \frac{49.31}{(200 \times 10^6 \text{ kPa})(0.00006)}$$

$$\phi_B = 0.411 \text{ rad}$$

\Rightarrow For the displacement functions shown in fig "b" (6)

$$\frac{\partial M_1}{\partial P} = 0.333x_1 \text{ and } \frac{\partial M_2}{\partial P} = 0.6667x_2 \text{ also set } P=0$$

$$\text{then } M_1 = (18x_1 - 2x_1^2) \text{ KN-m}$$

$$M_2 = (18x_2 - 2x_2^2) \text{ KN-m}$$

Thus

$$\Delta_B = \int_0^L M \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial P} \right) \frac{dx}{EI}$$

$$\Delta_B = \int_0^4 \frac{(30x_1 - 2x_1^2)(0.333x_1) dx}{EI} + \int_0^2 \frac{(30x_2 - 2x_2^2)(0.6667x_2) dx}{EI}$$

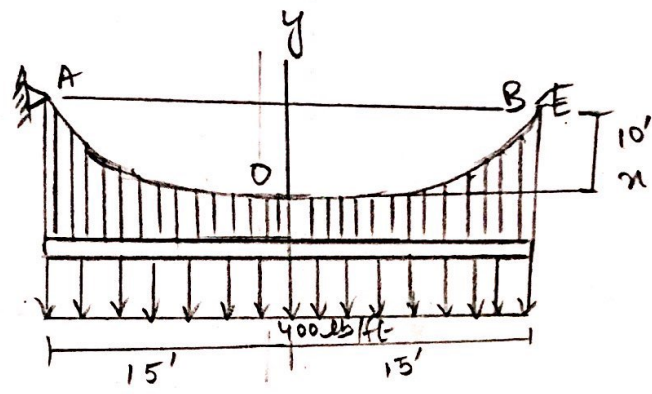
$$\Delta_B = \frac{218.5}{EI} = \frac{218.5}{(200 \times 10^6)(0.0006)}$$

$$= 0.018 \text{ m}$$

$$\approx \boxed{= 18 \text{ mm}}$$

Q NO 3)

The cable is subjected to the uniform loading - - - - -



Solution:-

$$y = \frac{w_0}{L^2} x^2 = \frac{8}{(15)^2} x^2$$

$$y = 0.0356 x^2$$

Now we know that

$$T_0 = F_B = \frac{w_0 L^2}{2h}$$

$$= \frac{(400)(15)^2}{2(10)}$$

$$= 4500 \text{ lb} \Rightarrow \frac{4500}{1000}$$

$$T_0 = 4.5K$$

Now determining force at B

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$$\begin{aligned} T_B = T_{max} &= \sqrt{(FH)^2 + (W_0 L)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(4500)^2 + (400)(15)^2} \\ &= 7500 \text{ lb} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{T_B = 7.5 \text{ K}}$$

T_B can also be found by this equation

$$= T_B = T_{max} = W_0 L \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{L}{2h}\right)^2}$$

Put values

$$= 400(15) \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{15}{2(10)}\right)^2}$$

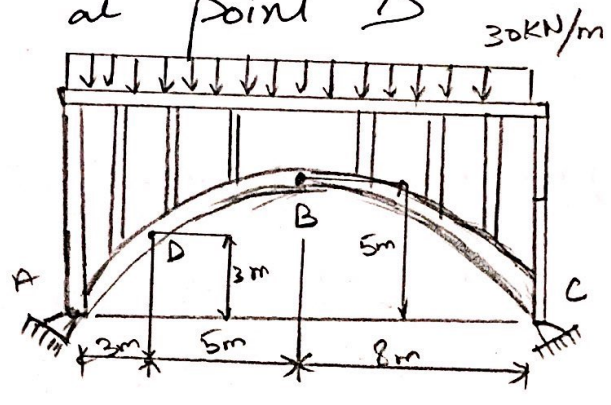
$$T_B = 7500 \text{ lb}$$

or

$$\boxed{T_B = 7.5 \text{ K}}$$

Q NO 4 The three hinged spandrel arch

Determine the internal moment in the arch at point D



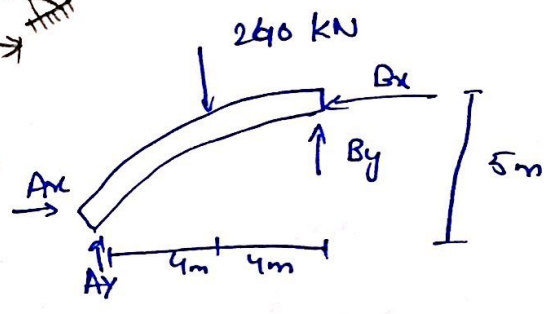
Solution:-

Member AB:-

$\sum M_A = 0$

$B_x(5) + B_y(8) - 240(4) = 0$

$= 5B_x + 8B_y - 960 = 0 \text{ --- (A)}$



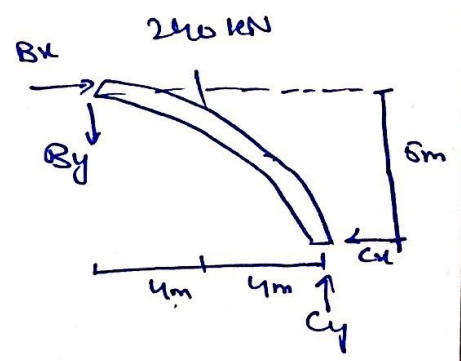
Now

Member BC:-

$\sum M_C = 0$

$-B_x(5) + B_y(8) + 240(4) = 0$

$= -5B_x + 8B_y + 960 = 0 \text{ --- (B)}$



Solving equation A & B for Bx and By

(10)

$$\begin{array}{r} 5B_x + 8B_y - 960 = 0 \\ + \quad -5B_x + 8B_y + 960 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$16B_y = 0$$

$$B_y = 0$$

Put the value of B_y in eq (A)

$$5B_x + 8(0) - 960 = 0$$

$$5B_x = 960$$

$$B_x = 192 \text{ kN}$$

Segment DB

$$\sum M_D = 0$$

$$= 192(2) - 150(2.5) - M_D = 0$$

$$= 384 - 375 = M_D$$

$$M_D = 9 \text{ kN-m} \text{ internal moment at "D"}$$

