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Q₁: what was the concept of two nation theory?

Ans:- The two nation theory in its simplest way means that cultural, political, religious economic and social dissimilarities between the two major communities, Hindus and Muslims of Subcontinent.

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was the first person who gave the idea of two nation theory.

what Sir Syed Ahmed Khan did was to provide a modern idiom in which to express the quest for Islamic identity.

Thus many Pakistanis describe Sir Syed Ahmed Khan (1817 - 1898) as the architect of two nation theory.

Later on the two nation theory became the basis for Pakistan movement in

the leadership of Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad

Ali Jinnah. The two nation theory was mainly based on religion and our

Quaid-e-Azam made it clear to the Muslims of Subcontinent that Hindus and Muslims

are two separate nations having different culture, rituals and religion that's why the

Muslims of Subcontinent should have a

separate state where "Islam" is the dominant religion.

Q2:- What is Ideology and what was the importance of the Ideology of Pakistan?

Ans:- Ideology:-

An Ideology is a set of opinions or beliefs of a group or an individual. Very often Ideology refers to a set of political beliefs or a set of ideas that characterize a particular culture. Capitalism, Communism, Socialism and Marxism etc are examples of Ideology. The word Ideology is composed of two Greek words "ideo" and "logos". It literally means the science or study of Ideas.

Importance of Ideology of Pakistan:-

Pakistan is an Ideological state and the Ideology of Pakistan is Islamic Ideology. Its basic principle being "The only sovereign is Allah". Islam acted as a nation building force before the establishment of Pakistan.

The ideology of Pakistan basically means that Pakistan should be a state where Muslims should have an opportunity to live according to the faith and creed based on the Islamic principles. They should have all the resources and disposal to enhance Islamic culture and civilization. The Ideology of Pakistan is very important in national life and its some silent aspects are explained as:

- (1) The protagonist of success Ideology of Pakistan is a supporter of its success and triumph. The Muslims of subcontinent were unified into oneness only because of Ideology of Pakistan. They ranked their differences entirely and prompted for the attainment of Pakistan.
- (2) Development of new Islamic world one of the fundamental aims of Ideology of Pakistan is to unify all the Muslims world over and their ideology apprises the Muslims of unity and fraternity.
- (3) Inevitable for country and national safety. It is inevitable for the sublime and safety of the nation. It places the people residing in different provinces on one platform and creates unity among them.
- (4) Source of religious power it is also a great source of religious power. This Ideology forced the English and Hindus to bow down in the past too, and other can also be forced to bow by adopting the ideology in future.
- (5) This Ideology has been founded on Islamic teachings. Therefore by adopting this Ideology the Muslim nation would develop into staunch Muslims and righteous and good Muslims would be produced by opening this theory.

Q3:- Write down any form of government and also describe the advantages and disadvantages of government which you have written.

Ans:- Democratic government:-

government by the people especially rule of the majority. A government in which the Supreme power is vested in the people and exercised by them directly or indirectly through a system of representation usually involving periodically held free elections.

* Advantages of democratic government:-

- (1) Democracies give people a chance to become personally involved with their government. Because the government in a democracy is under the control of the people and their voice.
- (2) The structure of a democracy works to reduce issues with exploitation.
- (3) A democracy encourages equality in a positive way.
- (4) Democracy grows faster economically than other forms of government.
- (5) There is more consistency available in democracy than other government structures.
- (6) Democracy does not create a centralized power base for ruling over the people.

- (7) People identify with their government to create a stronger level of patriotism.
- (8) Countries who use democracy are less likely to enter into armed conflicts.
- (9) A democracy transitions power smoothly while establishing legitimacy.
- (10) It encourages centrist more than extremism.

* Disadvantages of Democracy:-

- (1) Democracy is ineffective unless voter educate themselves on governing decisions.
- (2) The structure of democracy depends upon the will of the majority.
- (3) Democracy can encourage mob rule.
- (4) The cost of democracy is something that many people don't realize exists.
- (5) Democracy requires more time to implement changes.
- (6) The structure of democracy is a person-first process. Elections usually involve the opinions of or thoughts of each person based on what individuals want for themselves.
- (7) There is still the risk of creating a conflict of interest within the government.
- (8) Democracy does not require the same level of accountability if it is established in representative form.
- (9) Gridlock occurs frequently in democratic structures.
- (10) It can require individual voters to accept an entire mandate for a single issue.