

Mid Term Exam

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Pak studies:-

Q no 1
Sir Syed Ahmed Khan educational
& political services for
the Muslims.

Answer:-

Educational Services:-

The main point for the education services is that Sir Syed Ahmed Khan want educational reforms for the muslim of sub-continent. He had suggested to the muslim of Sub-continent that you should learn modern education so that you can competes with other nations. He did not suggested even established many institutions in the Sub-continent for

bettlement of muslims
1859 In "Muradabad" and

1862 In Cohazipur he
had established madrasas for
the muslims.

In 1875 he had opened
Ali gah M.A.O. School
after the death of Sir Syed Ahmed
Uhan it was considered or
ranked as university.

1863 In Cohazipur Sir Syed
Ahmed Uhan opened "Scientific institute,
society", the purpose of this society
is that to translate English
Books in national language and
provide help for the muslims.

1886 he had established a
institution name as "Muhammadan
Educational conference" with the
cooperation of this conference he
had established "Islamia college"
in Lahore, Sindh Muslim
Madrasah in Karachi, Islamia College

in Peshwar.

Political services:-

He had suggested that keep yourself away from politics because at that time muslims were trying to get education and competing with hindus of sub-continent.

The paradox of 1867 Urdu-Hindi controversy changed all the muslim internally so they started to take part (or trying to involve in politics). The linguistic conflicts diverted the muslims towards politics. Because hindus are governing on all high authorities.

At that, Sir Syed Ahmad Khan proposed "Two nation theory" that our muslims are totally separated or different on the base of their culture, prayer and civilization. He had addressed the single identity of Muslims.

2) Explain first political and Constitutional phase from 1947 to 1958.

After the huge struggle of Muslims on 14 August Pakistan is come into existence. Now the matter is that there is no law procedure to run the country according to the system. In 1949, the first assembly of Pakistan took step which is known as "Objective Resolution".

Objective Resolution :-

Liaquat Ali Khan was the first prime minister of Pakistan and in his assembly this resolution was presented and accepted on 12 March, 1949.

The main points of Resolution are described below.

1) Sovereignty of Allah:-

As a Muslim we know that Allah sub is creator of all mankind, heavens or earth so supreme power is for Allah and man can use his power in limits.

2) Islamic principles:-

State have authority to elect peoples from nation. Democracy, Independence, Equity, justice will be implemented on country.

3) Islamic way of life:-

Muslims will spend their life according to teaching of Quran & Sunnah.

4) Minority Rights:-

State will protect the religious and social places of minorities and treat them equally on the basis of justice.

3) Federal System:-

There is a complete federal system in the country and provinces have their constitutional rights in some limits.

6) Basic Rights :-

The nation have basic rights. State will provide them basic. There is complete liberty for nation to express anything.

Constitution of 1956-

Chaudhary Muhammad Ali was the prime minister of Pakistan. He started working on the constitution. It was presented on 9 January 1956 and accepted on 29 February on 1956.

The main Islamic reforms of this constitution is written below.

1) Country name:-

According to this name the name of country is Islamic republic of Pakistan.

2) Sovereignty of Allah:-

According to the constitution the supreme power is for Allah and as His servant we hold power in limits.

(iv) Muslim President:

According to this constitution the president of Pakistan is muslim.

(v) Islamic laws:-

No law will be implemented on nation which is against the Quran and Sunnah all laws are implemented on Quran.

(vi) Eradication of Interest:

As soon as possible there is no ~~Interest~~ Interest in country.

(vii) Unity with Islamic World:-
Pakistan will develop friendly relations with Islamic world for the betterment of Islam and Muslims.

Q. no 3: "Geography of Pakistan"

Islamic Republic of Pakistan on 14 August 1947 is came into existence. The total land area of Pakistan is 7,96,096 sq. km. 97% population of Pakistan is Muslims, while the rest 3% is Christian, Hindu and other minorities. There are many languages spoken in this country like Urdu, Balochi, Sindhi, Punjabi and Saraiki, Kashmiri. It is located in the south of Asia.

Pakistan is the beautiful country which is surrounded by mountains, valley, rivers and fertile land.

In few areas, all the year temperature is remain so cool like the places of Shyber Parkunlehaur and

ashmu valley.

In few places the temperature is so hot, entire year temperatures remain so warm. Like the places of Sibki and ~~the~~ Sindh areas.

In East of Pakistan India has a border with Pakistan. In west it connects with Afghanistan and Iran. In north Pakistan has border with China. In south Arabian sea is located. This is the geography of Pakistan.