

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS 2

FINAL TERM



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Submitted to:

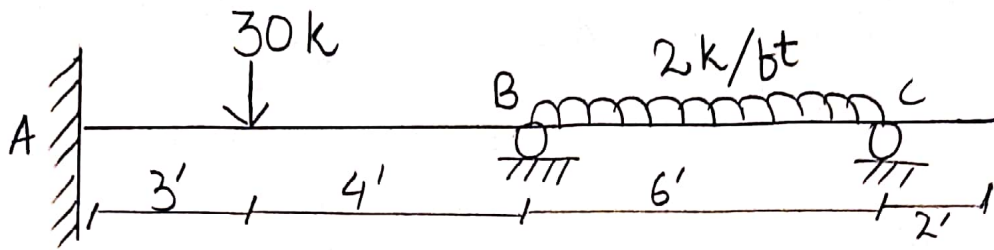
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IQRA NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

PESHAWAR

(1)

Question # 01



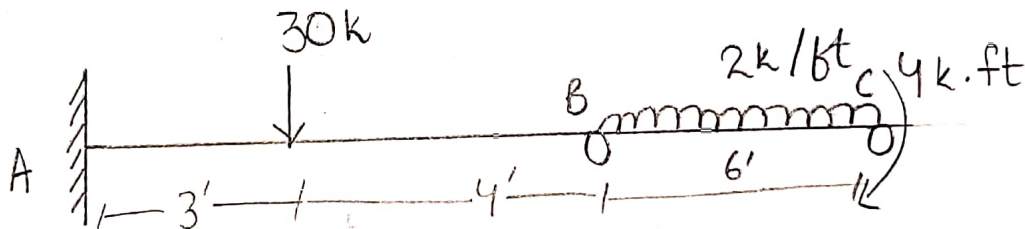
Solution

Step # 01

Determining Kinematic Indeterminacy

$$K.I = 5^{\circ}$$

So we have to reduce the extended portion

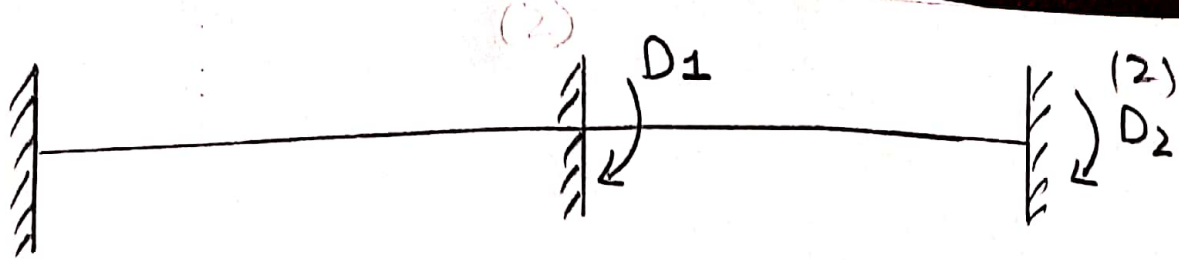


$$\frac{2(2)}{1} = 4k.ft$$

Now $K.I = 2^{\circ}$

Step # 02

Determine unknown joint
Displacement

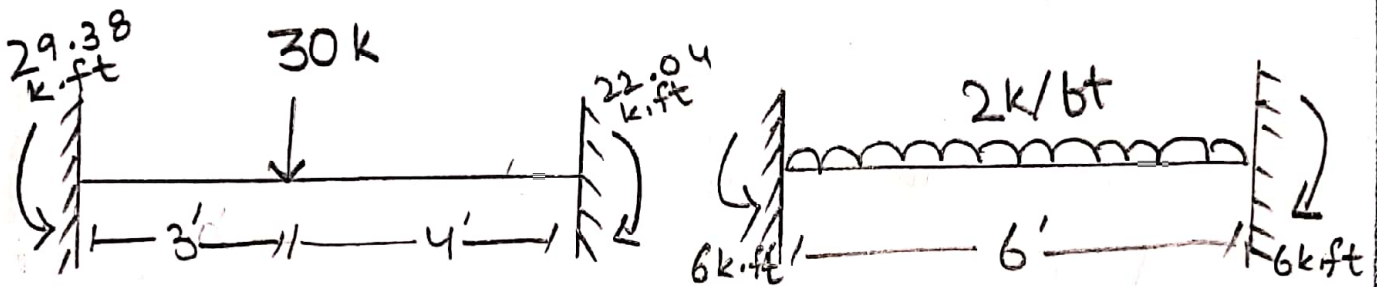


$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ? \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} AD_1 \\ AD_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step#03

Compute $[ADL]$ Matrix



→ For point load (not at mid)

→ For left end:

$$\frac{Pab^2}{L^2} = \frac{(30)(3)(4)^2}{(7)^2} = 29.38 \text{ k.ft}$$

→ For right end:

$$\frac{Pa^2b}{L^2} = \frac{(30)(3)^2(4)}{(7)^2} = 22.04 \text{ k.ft}$$

(3)
→ For Uniformly Distributed Load

$$\frac{WL^2}{12} \Rightarrow \frac{(2)(6)^2}{12} = 6 \text{ k}\cdot\text{ft}$$

$$ADL_1 = +22.04 - 6 = 16.04 \text{ k}\cdot\text{ft}$$

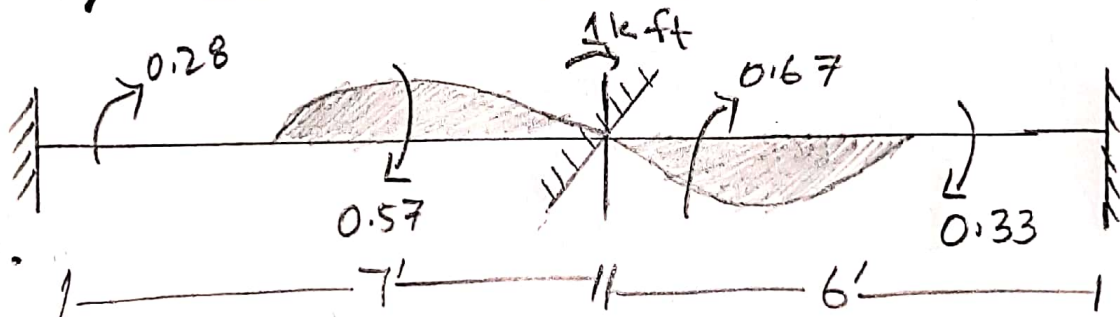
$$ADL_2 = 6 \text{ k}\cdot\text{ft}$$

Step# 04

Now compute [S] Matrix

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

a) $D_1 = 1 \text{ k}$, $D_2 = 0$



$$\frac{4EI}{7} = 0.57$$

$$\frac{2EI}{6} = 0.33$$

$$\frac{4EI}{6} = 0.67$$

$$\frac{2EI}{7} = 0.28$$

$$S_{11} = 0.57 + 0.67$$

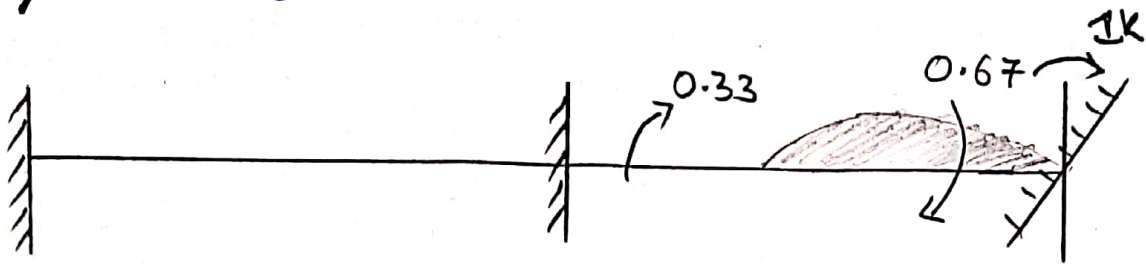
$$S_{11} = 1.24 EA$$

$$S_{21} = 0.33 EA$$

b) $D_1 = 0$

(4)

$D_2 = 1k$



$$\frac{4EI}{6} = 0.67$$

$$\frac{2EI}{6} = 0.33$$

$$S_{12} = 0.33$$

$$S_{22} = 0.67$$

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 1.24 & 0.33 \\ 0.33 & 0.67 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step# 05

Now Compute $[D]$ matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \times \begin{bmatrix} AD_1 \\ AD_2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} ADL_1 \\ ADL_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\begin{bmatrix} 1.24 & 0.33 \\ 0.33 & 0.67 \end{bmatrix}} \times \text{Adj } A \times \begin{bmatrix} AD_1 \\ AD_2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} ADL_1 \\ ADL_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 |S| &= (1.24 \times 0.67) - (0.33 \times 0.33) \\
 &= 0.8308 - 0.1089
 \end{aligned}$$

$$|S| = 0.7219$$

$$\text{Adj } A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.67 & -0.33 \\ -0.33 & 1.24 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now

$$\begin{bmatrix} AD_1 - ADL_1 \\ AD_2 - ADL_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -16.04 \\ 4 & -6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -16.04 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} E$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{|S|} \times \text{Adj } A \times \begin{bmatrix} -16.04 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

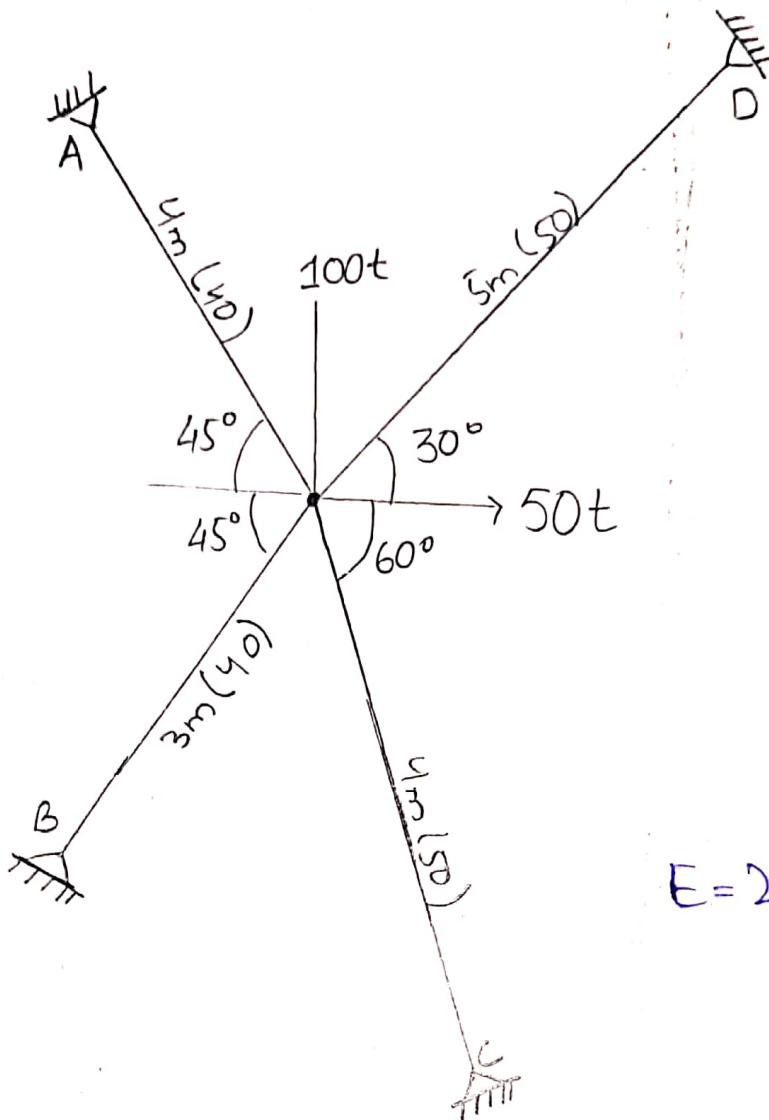
$$= \frac{\begin{bmatrix} 0.67 & -0.33 \\ -0.33 & 1.24 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} -16.04 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}}{0.7219}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0.919 & -0.452 \\ -0.452 & 1.70 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} -16.04 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -13.83 \\ 3.85 \end{bmatrix}$$

Question #02

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$$E = 2000 \text{ t/cm}^2$$

Solution

For A

$$\sin 45^\circ = \frac{P}{H} = \frac{P}{4}$$

$$\rightarrow P = 2.828 \text{ m}$$

$$\cos 45^\circ = \frac{b}{H} = \frac{b}{4}$$

$$\rightarrow b = 2.828 \text{ m}$$

For B

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$$\sin 45 = \frac{P}{H} = \frac{P}{3}$$

$$\rightarrow P = 2.12 \text{ m}$$

$$\cos 45 = \frac{b}{H} = \frac{b}{3}$$

$$\rightarrow b = 2.12 \text{ m}$$

For C

$$\sin 60 = \frac{P}{H} = \frac{P}{4}$$

$$(\sin 60)(4) = P$$

$$\rightarrow P = 3.46$$

$$\cos 60 = \frac{b}{H} = \frac{b}{4}$$

$$\cos 60 \times 4 = b$$

$$\rightarrow b = 2$$

For D

$$\sin 30 = \frac{P}{5}$$

$$\rightarrow P = 2.5 \text{ m}$$

$$\cos 30 = \frac{b}{5}$$

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$$b = 4.33 \text{ m}$$

Now

$$EA(A) = 2000 \times 40 = 80,000 \text{ t}$$

$$EA(B) = 2000 \times 40 = 80,000 \text{ t}$$

$$EA(C) = 2000 \times 50 = 100,000 \text{ t}$$

$$EA(D) = 2000 \times 50 = 100,000 \text{ t}$$

Step# 01 KI

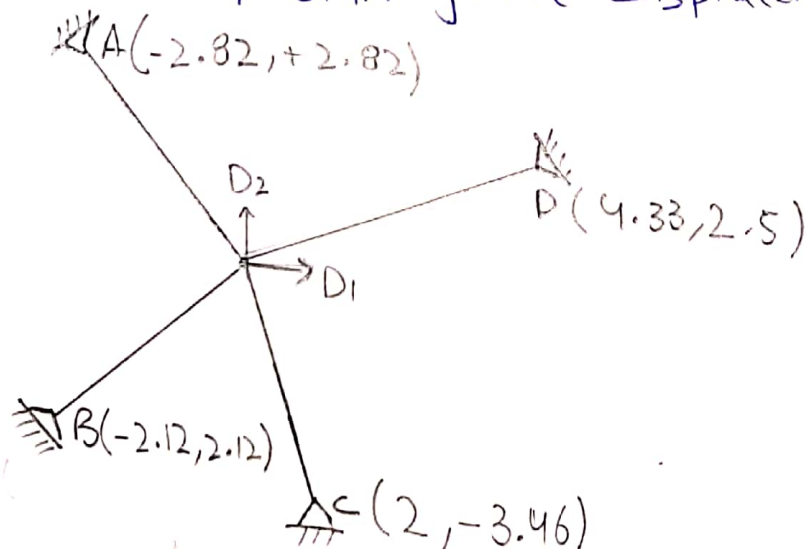
$$KI = 2j - r$$

$$= 2(5) - 8$$

$$KI = 20$$

Step# 02

Select unknown joint displacement



$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ? \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} AD_1 \\ AD_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 50 \\ -100 \end{bmatrix}$$

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Step# 03

$$\begin{bmatrix} AMD \end{bmatrix}_{4 \times 2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} S \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 2}$$

i) $D_1 = 1k$, $D_2 = 0$

$$AMD = \frac{EA}{L^2} (X_k - X_j)$$

$$AMD_{11} = \frac{80000}{(400)^2} \times (0 + 282) = 141$$

$$AMD_{21} = \frac{80,000}{(300)^2} \times (0 + 212) = 188.44$$

$$AMD_{31} = \frac{100,000}{(500)^2} \times (0 - 433) = -173.2$$

$$AMD_{41} = \frac{100,000}{(400)^2} \times (0 - 200) = -125$$

Now,

$$S_{11} = \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{EA}{L^3} (X_k - X_j)^2$$

$$= \frac{80,000}{(400)^3} (282)^2 + \frac{80,000}{(300)^3} \times (212)^2$$

$$+ \frac{100,000}{(500)^3} \times (-433)^2 + \frac{100,000}{(400)^3} \times (-200)^2$$

$$S_{11} = 99.405 + 133.107 + 149.991 + 62.5$$

$$S_{11} = 445.063$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow S_{12} = S_{21} &= \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{EA}{L^3} \times (x_k - x_j)(y_k - y_j) \\ &= \frac{80,000}{(400)^3} (282)(-282) + \frac{80,000}{(300)^3} (212)(212) \\ &\quad + \frac{100,000}{(500)^3} (-433)(0-250) + \frac{150,000}{(400)^3} (-200)(0+346) \end{aligned}$$

$$S_{12} = S_{21} = 12.237$$

ii) $D_1 = 0$ $D_2 = 1k'$

$$AMD = \frac{EA}{L^2} (y_k - y_j)$$

$$AMD_{12} = \frac{80,000}{(400)^2} (-282) = -1441$$

$$AMD_{22} = \frac{80,000}{(300)^2} (212) = 188.44$$

$$AMD_{32} = \frac{100,000}{(500)^2} (-250) = -100$$

$$AMD_{42} = \frac{150,000}{(400)^2} (346) = 216.25$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Now, } S_{22} &= \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{EA}{L^3} (y_k - y_j)^2 \\ &= \frac{80,000}{400^3} (-282)^2 + \frac{80,000}{300^3} (212)^2 \\ &\quad + \frac{100,000}{500^3} (-250)^2 + \frac{150,000}{400^3} (346)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$S_{22} = 469.628$$

Step # 04

$$[D] = [S]^{-1} \times [AD]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 445.003 & 12.237 \\ 12.237 & 469.628 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \times \begin{bmatrix} 50 \\ -100 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1183 \\ -0.216 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step # 05

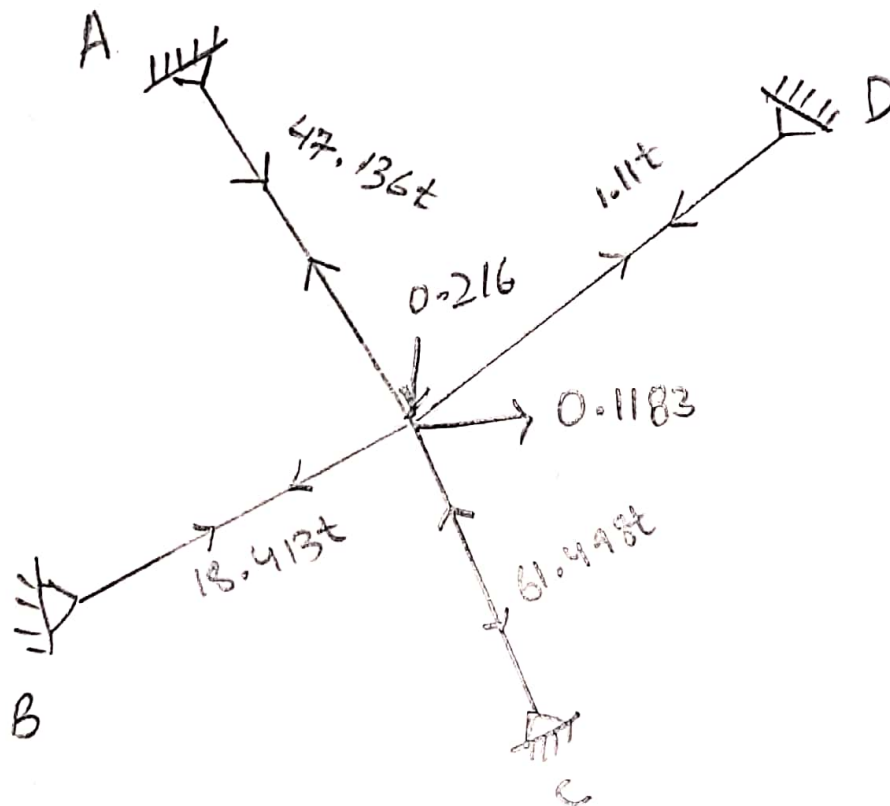
[AM]

$$\begin{bmatrix} AM_1 \\ AM_2 \\ AM_3 \\ AM_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 141 & -141 \\ 188.44 & 188.44 \\ -173.2 & -100 \\ -125 & 216.25 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0.1183 \\ -0.216 \end{bmatrix}$$

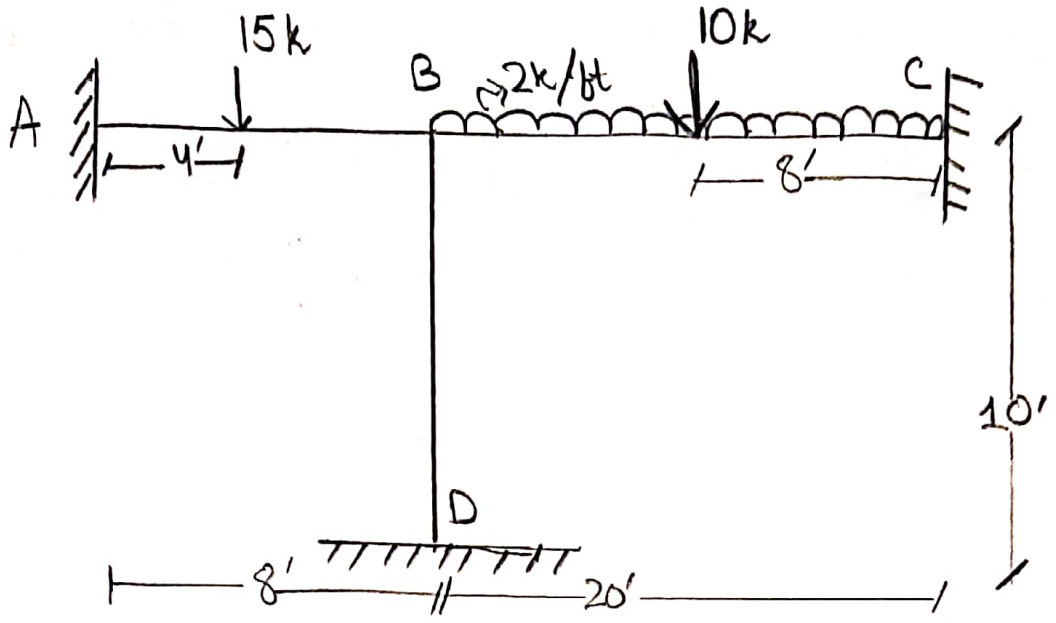
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 141 \times 0.1183 + (-141) \times (-0.216) \\ 188.44 \times 0.1183 + (188.44) \times (-0.216) \\ -173.2 \times 0.1183 + (-100) \times (-0.216) \\ -125 \times 0.1183 + 216.25 \times (-0.216) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} AM_1 \\ AM_2 \\ AM_3 \\ AM_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 16.68 + 30.46 \\ 22.29 - 40.70 \\ -20.49 + 21.6 \\ -14.79 + 46.71 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} AM_1 \\ AM_2 \\ AM_3 \\ AM_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 47.136t \\ -18.413t \\ 1.11t \\ -61.498t \end{bmatrix}$$



Question #03

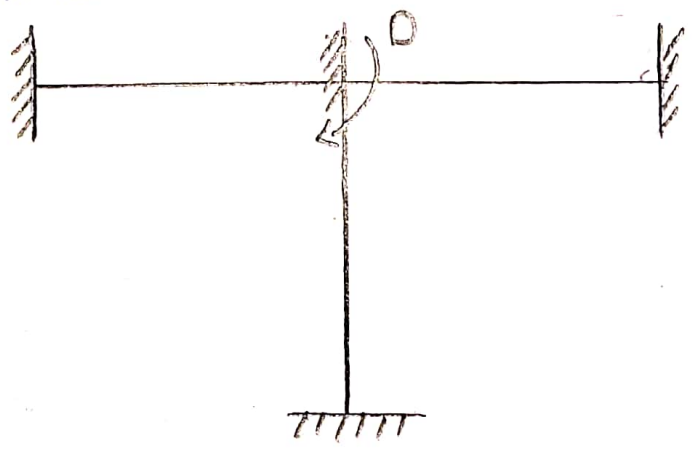


Solution
 Step#01

Determine Kinematic Indeterminacy
 $K.I = 1^{\circ}$

Step#02

Determine Unknown Joint Displacement

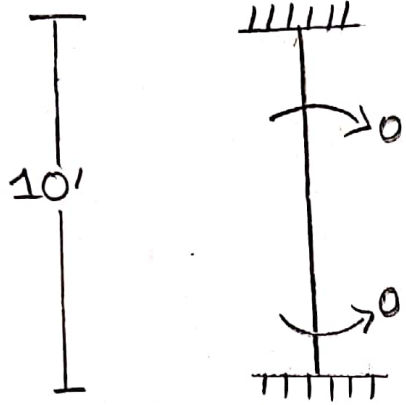
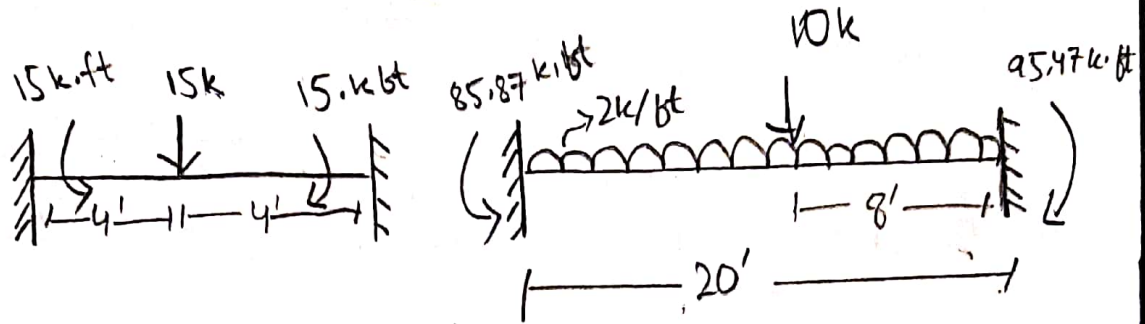


$$[D] = [?]$$

$$[AD] = [0]$$

Step #3

Compute [ADL] Matrix



→ Point load at center

$$\frac{PL}{8} \Rightarrow \frac{(15)(8)}{8} \Rightarrow 15 \text{ k}\cdot\text{ft}$$

→ Uniformly distributed load

$$\frac{WL^2}{12} \Rightarrow \frac{(2)(20)^2}{12} \Rightarrow 66.67 \text{ ft}$$

→ Point load (not at mid)

let's say



for left end

$$\frac{Pab^2}{L^2} = \frac{(10)(12)(8)^2}{(20)^2} = 19.2 \text{ k}\cdot\text{ft}$$

for right end

$$\frac{Pa^2b}{l^2} = \frac{(10)(12^2)(8)}{(20)^2} = 28.8 \text{ k.ft}$$

→ So total moment at left end
 $19.2 + 66.67 = 85.87 \text{ k.ft}$

→ Similarly at right end
 $28.8 + 66.67 = 95.47 \text{ k.ft}$

Now

$$[AD] = ~~85~~ -85.87 + 15 = -70.87 \text{ k.ft}$$

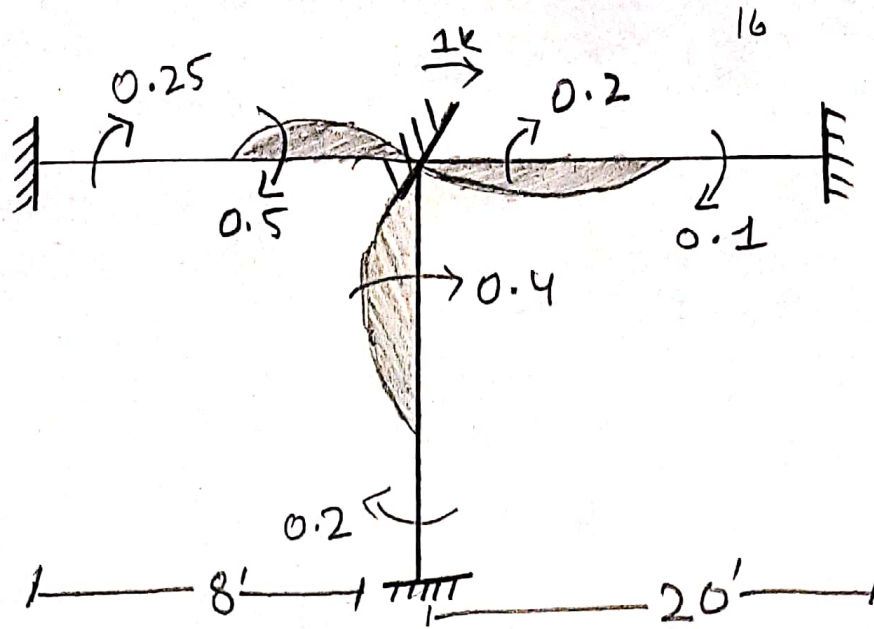
Step # 4

Determine $[S]$ matrix

$$[S] = [S_{ij}]$$

Now

$$D = 1 \text{ k}$$



$$\rightarrow \frac{4EI}{8} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{2EI}{8} = 0.25$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{4EI}{20} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{2EI}{20} = 0.1$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{4EI}{10} = 0.4$$

$$\frac{2EI}{10} = 0.2$$

$$[S] = (0.5 + 0.4 + 0.2) EI$$

$$[S] = 1.1 EI$$

Step # 5

Compute [D] matrix

$$[D] = [S]^{-1} \times [AD] - [ADL]$$

$$[D] = \frac{1}{1.1} \times [0] - [-70.87]$$

$$[D] = 70.87 / 1.1$$

$$[D] = [64.42] \times \frac{1}{EI}$$