

Name

SHOHAB MALOOK

id

7878

Section

A

Subject

PRCD-1

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name showAB malook
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section A

Q No 1

Given Data

3 equal spans concrete slab

clear span b/w supports = 15 ft

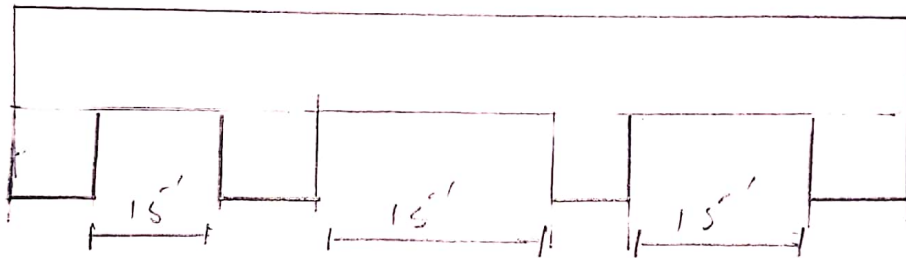
Factored live load = 160 lb/ft²

Service Floor Finish load = 20 lb/ft²

$f'_c = 4000$ psi

$f_y = 40$ ksi

Solution:-



Step #1 minimum Thickness

By using formula.

$$t_{min} = L/28 = 15/23 = 6.4 \approx 6.5''$$

As $f_y \rightarrow 40$ ksi

So we will multiply a factor with this Thickness

$$\text{Factor} = (0.4 + f_y/100)$$

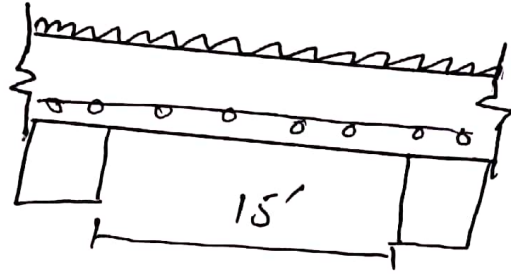
$$= (0.4 + 40/100) = 0.8$$

Hence the minimum thickness will be

$$6.5'' \times 0.8$$
$$t_{min} = 5.2 \approx 5.5''$$

Step # 2

effective Depth



By formula

$$d = t - \text{clear cover} = \frac{1}{2} (\text{dia of main bars})$$

$$= 5.5 - 0.75 - \frac{1}{2} (5/8)$$

$$d = 4.5''$$

Step # 03

Self weight of slab

By formula

$$\frac{t}{12} + \gamma \text{ concrete}$$

$$= \frac{5.5}{12} \times 150 = 68.75 \text{ lb/ft}^2$$

Step # 04:-

total factor load

Factored live load = 160 lb/ft²

So the factored dead load will be.

$$D.L = 1.2(20 + 68.75) = 106.5 \text{ lb/ft}^2$$

$$\text{Total factored} = D.L + L.L$$

$$= 106.5 + 160$$

$$= 266.5 \text{ lb/ft}^2 \approx 0.2665 \text{ k/ft}^2$$

Step # 05 ultimate moment.

By using formula

$$M_u = \frac{w_u \times L^2}{8} = \frac{0.2665 \times (15)^2}{8} \times 12$$

$$M_u = 89.94 \text{ kip inch}$$

Step # 6

Area of steel for main bar by Trail and repeat method.

Trail # 01

let depth of compression block

$$a = 0.2 \times t$$

$$= 0.2 \times 5.5 \Rightarrow 1.1''$$

$$A_{st} = \frac{m_o}{\phi \times f_y \times (d - \frac{a}{2})}$$

$$= \frac{89.94}{0.90 \times 40 \times (45 - \frac{1.1}{2})}$$

$$A_{st} = 0.63 \text{ in}^2$$

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Trail # 02

$$a = \frac{A_{st} \times f_y}{0.85 \times f_c \times b} = \frac{0.63 \times 40}{0.85 \times 11 \times 12} = 0.62 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{st} = \frac{m_{11}}{\phi \times f_y \times \left(\frac{d-g}{2}\right)} = \frac{89.94}{0.90 \times 40 \times \left(4.5 - \frac{0.6}{2}\right)}$$

$$A_{st} = 0.59 \text{ in}^2$$

Trail # 03:

$$a = \frac{0.59 \times 40}{0.85 \times 11 \times 12} = 0.57 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{st} = \frac{89.94}{0.90 \times 40 \times \left(4.5 - \frac{0.57}{2}\right)} = 0.59 \text{ in}^2$$

So will use $A_{st} = 0.59 \text{ in}^2$

Step # 07:

Area of steel for distribution reinforcement.

By formula.

$$A_{min} = 0.002 \times b \times t \rightarrow (\text{for Grad 40 steel}) \\ = 0.002 \times 12 \times 5.5 \Rightarrow 0.132 \text{ in}^2$$

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Step # 08

Spacing for main bars
 By formula

$$\text{Spacing} = \frac{A_b}{A_{s1}} \times 12$$

we use # 6 bars dia = (6/8)"

$$\text{Area} = \frac{\pi}{4} (6/8)^2 = 0.442 \text{ in}^2$$

Step # 09.

Spacing for distribution bar..

$$\text{Spacing} = \frac{A_b}{A_{s1}}$$

we use # 5 bars so

$$\text{dia} = (5/8) \cdot \text{Area} = \frac{\pi}{4} (5/8)^2 = 0.31 \text{ in}^2$$

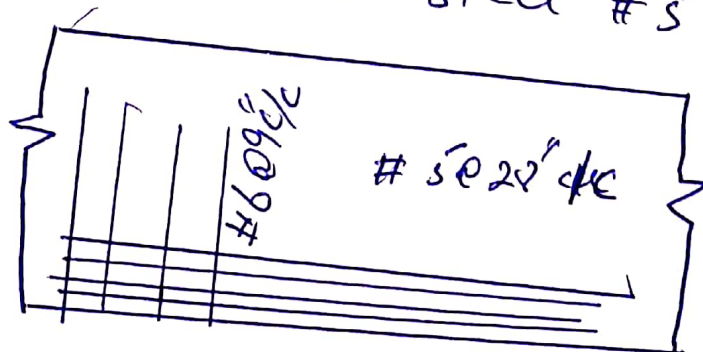
$$\text{Spacing} = \frac{0.31}{0.132} \times 12 = 2.81 \approx 28" \text{ etc}$$

Step # 10" find Sketch

$$f_c' = 4 \text{ ksi} \quad f_y = 40 \text{ ksi}$$

main steel # 6 at 9" c/c

Distribution steel # 5 at 28" c/c



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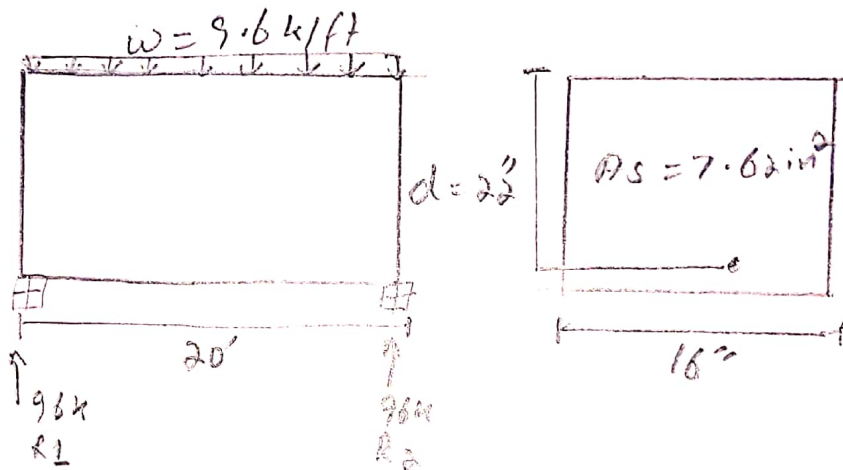
Solution:-

At first find the unit load of beam

So $b \times y_c$

$$\frac{16}{12} \times 150 \times 200 \text{ lb/ft} = 0.2 \text{ k/ft}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{total factored load} &= 9.4 + 0.2 \\ &= 9.6 \text{ k/ft} \end{aligned}$$

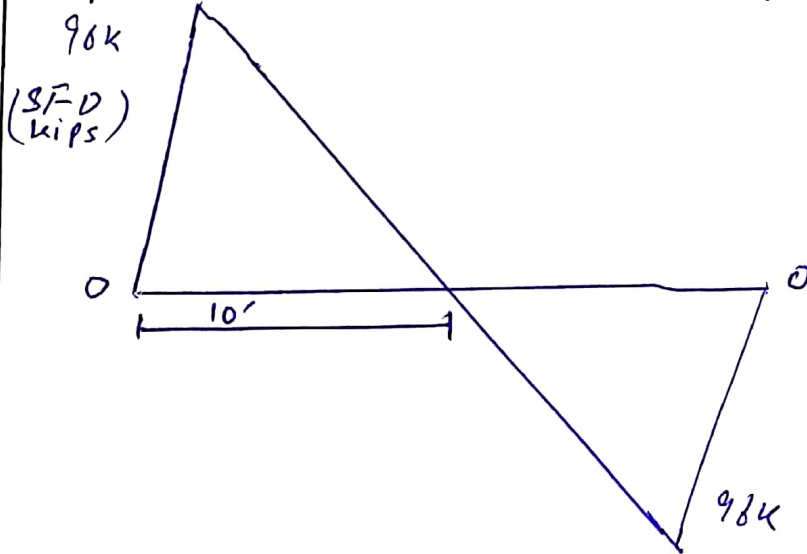


Step 01 # Find value of " R_1 " &

$$\text{Total load} = \frac{9.6 \times 20}{2} = 96 \text{ k}$$

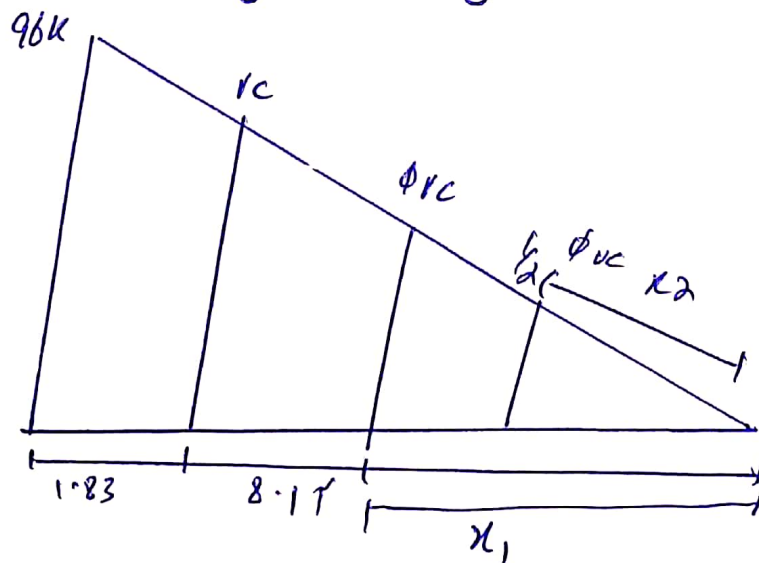
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Step #02 Draw its Shear force diagram



Step #03 Finding value of critical stress 'v_u' & its location.

As we know that critical location is located distance "d" from face of support $d = 22" = 1.83'$ value of critical shear at distance "d" by Similarity triangles.



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$$\text{from Similar} = \Delta's \quad \frac{96}{10} = \frac{V_u}{8.17}$$

$$V_u = 78.43k$$

Step 04: Finding value of " ϕ_{vc} " & " $\frac{1}{2} \phi_{vc}$ "
 & its distance from shear to right side.

$$\phi_{vc} = \phi \times 2 \times \sqrt{F_c} \times b_w \times d = \frac{0.75 \times 2 \times \sqrt{4} \times 0.16 \times 2.2}{1000}$$

$$\boxed{\phi_{vc} = 33.40k}$$

location of ϕ_{vc} by similarity of $\Delta's$

$$\frac{96}{100} = \frac{33.40}{w}$$

$$\boxed{x_1 = 3.48'}$$

now $\frac{1}{2} \phi_{vc} = \frac{33.40}{2} = \boxed{16.70k}$

location of $\frac{1}{2} \phi_{vc} \Rightarrow \frac{96}{10} = \frac{16.70}{x}$

$$x_2 = 1.74'$$

step # 05 Find value of ϕ_{vs} ($V_u = \phi_{vs} + \phi_{vc}$)

So we have

$$\phi_{vs} = V_u - \phi_{vc}$$

$$\phi_{vs} = 78.43 - 33.40$$

$$\phi_{vs} = 45.03k$$

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Step # 06 Check Section Adequacy

$$\phi \times 8 \times \sqrt{F_c} \times bw \times d = \frac{0.75 \times 8 \times \sqrt{4000} \times 16 \times 22}{1000}$$

$$\boxed{133.57k}$$

133.57k > ϕV_c (mean Section adequate)

Step # 07 Check mini Spacing for Stirrups

$$\phi \times 4 \times \sqrt{F_c} \times bw \times d \Rightarrow \frac{0.75 \times 4 \times \sqrt{4000} \times 16 \times 22}{1000}$$

$$\boxed{= 66.79k} \quad \text{7 } \phi V_s = 44.03k$$

Thus max Spacing will be selected from the following 4 condition

① $S_{max} = 24''$

② $\frac{d}{2} = \frac{22}{2} = 11''$

③ $S_{max} = \frac{A_u \times f_y}{0.75 \times \sqrt{F_c} \times b_u}$

$A_u = \frac{\pi}{4} \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^2 \therefore A_u = 0.11 \times 2 = 0.22$

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$$S_{max} = \frac{0.22 \times 60000}{0.75 \times \sqrt{4000} \times 16}$$

$$(4) S_{max} = \frac{A_{ux} f_y}{S_o \times b_{us}}$$

$$S_{max} = \frac{0.22 \times 60000}{S_o \times 16}$$

from the above 4 condition least value of spacing for #3 U Spyed will be Selected so $S_{max} = 11" c/c$

Step#08 Spacing of Stirrup from at Critical Section

$$S = \frac{\phi \times A_{ux} f_y \times d}{v_u - \phi v_c} = \frac{0.75 \times 0.22 \times 60 \times 22}{78.43 - 33.40}$$

$$S = 4.84 \approx 5" c/c$$

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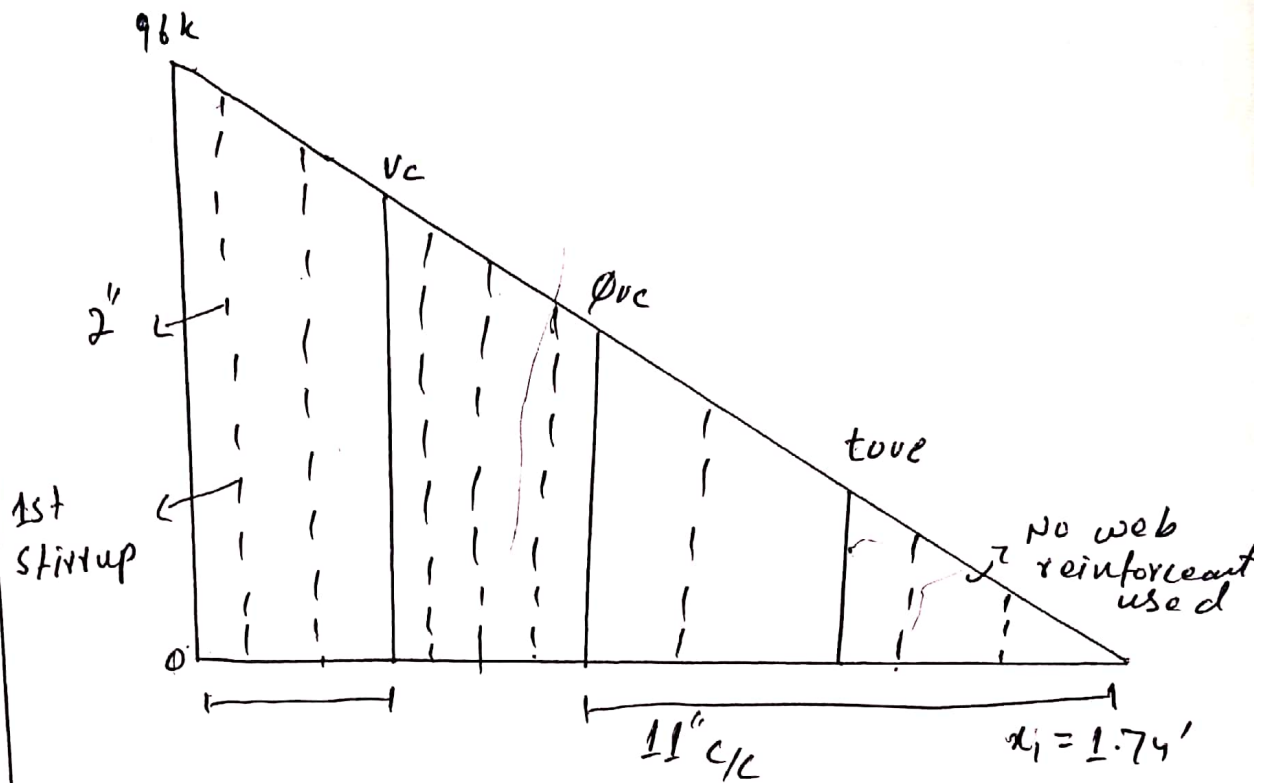
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Step # 09 Final Sketch.



we know that first stirrup from
face of support = $\frac{s}{2} = 2.5 \approx 2''$

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Q No 3

Solution

Step#01:

Find gross area of concrete.

$A_g \times b \times b$ (since it is square tied column)

$$A_g = 12 \times 12 = 144 \text{ in}^2 \text{ (Actual)}$$

Step#02:

Find the area of steel

Since $A_s = 5\%$ of A_g

$$= 0.05 \times 144$$

$$A_s = 7.2 \text{ in}^2$$

Step#03

Ultimate load carrying capacity

$$P_u = \phi \times 0.80 \times [0.85 \times f_c' (A_g - A_s) + A_s \times f_y]$$

$$= 0.65 \times 0.80 [0.85 \times 4 [144 - 7.2] + 7.2 \times 60]$$

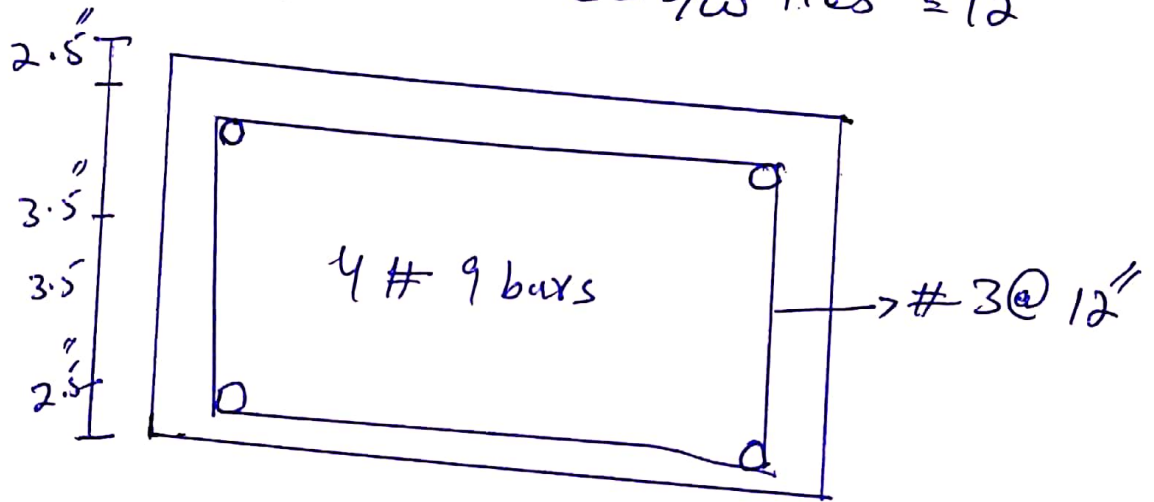
$$P_u = 466.50 \text{ k}$$

Step#04:

Sketch { design of ties (c/c to distance from the ~~bars~~ below values we choose the least value of all these.

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- 1) $16 \times \text{dia of long bar} = 16 \times \frac{9}{8} = 18''$
- 2) $48 \times \text{dia of tie bar} = 48 \times \frac{3}{8} = 18''$
- 3) least column dimension = $12''$
 So c/c distance b/w ties = $12''$

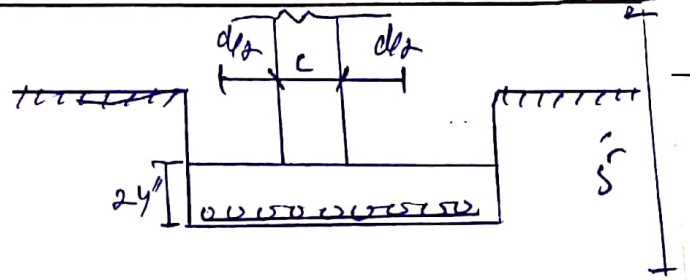


Since it is a tied square column
 So there is no spiral stirrup used
 the stirrup used is of rectangular shape
 due to the specification of the structure
 the we will use tie stirrups instead.

QNo4

Step #01:

$$\text{let } h = 24''$$



Step # 2:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total weight} &= \text{wt of soil} + \text{wt of RC} \\ &= 3 \times 120 \times 2 \times 150 \\ &= 660 \text{ psf} = 0.660 \text{ kg} \end{aligned}$$

Step #3:

effective bearing capacity

$$\begin{aligned} q_c &= q_u - 1 \times 1 \\ &= 2.80 - 0.660 \end{aligned}$$

$$q_c = 1.84 \text{ kg}$$

Step #4: Required Area for foundation

$$\text{Area} = \frac{\text{Service load}}{q_c}$$

$$= \frac{100 + 120}{1.84}$$

$$= 119.57 \text{ ft}^2$$

Step #5

Since foundation is square

$$\text{Area} = b \times b = 119.57 \Rightarrow b \approx 11'$$

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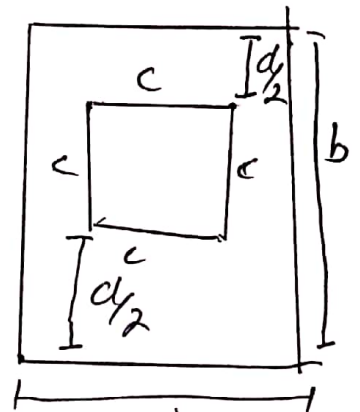
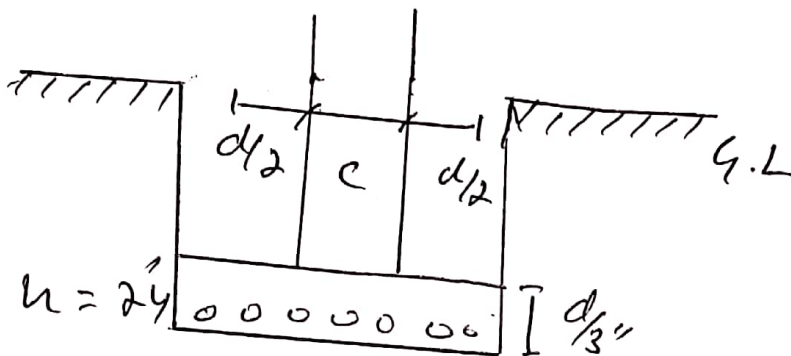
Step #06 :-

$$q_{up} = \frac{\text{Factored load}}{(B)^2} = \frac{1.2 \times 100 \times 1.6 \times 120}{11^2}$$

$$q_{up} = 2.58 \text{ klf}^2$$

Step #07 :-

$$b_o = 4 \times (c + d)$$



$$d = h - c - \text{dia of bar} - \frac{1}{2} d_b$$

$$= 24 - 3 - 1 - \frac{1}{2}(1) = 19.5''$$

$$b_o = 4 \times (16 \times 19.5) = 142''$$

Take
 #8 bar
 dia = $\frac{8 \times 1}{8}$

Step #08 :-

$$V_{u2} = q_{up} \times [B^2 - (c+d)^2]$$

$$= 2.58 \times [11^2 - (16 + 19.5)^2]$$

$$V_{u2} = 289.604$$

Step 9

$$\begin{aligned}\phi V_{cp} &= \phi \times 4 \times \sqrt{f'c} \times b \times d \\ &= \frac{0.75 \times 4 \times \sqrt{4000} \times 142 \times 19.5}{1000}\end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\phi V_{cp} = 525.38}$$

Step # 10

Beam are / one way shear check

$$V_{u1} = q_{up} \times B \times \left[\frac{B}{2} - \frac{B}{2} - d \right]$$

$$V_{u1} = 2.58 \times 11 \times \left[\frac{11}{2} - \frac{16}{2} - 19.5 \right]$$

Step # 11

Self shear capacity

$$\phi V_c = \phi \times 2 \times \sqrt{f'c} \times b \times d$$

$$= \frac{0.75 \times 2 \times \sqrt{4000} \times [11 \times 12.18]}{1000}$$

$$= 110.04 > V_{u1} = \text{O.K.}$$

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Step # 12 ultimate moment

$$M_u = \frac{w_u \times B}{8} \times (B - c)^2 = \frac{2.58 \times 11}{8} \times \left(\frac{11 - 16}{12}\right)^2$$

$$M_u = 331.49 \text{ k}' \approx 3977.93 \text{ k}''$$

Step # 13

Area of steel for main bars
 by trail & Repeat method.

Trail # 01

let $a = 0.2 \times h = 0.2 \times 24 = 4.8''$

$$A_s = \frac{M_u}{\phi \times B_y \times (d - \frac{a}{2})} = \frac{3977.93}{0.90 \times 60 \times (11 - \frac{4.8}{2})} = 8.56 \text{ in}^2$$

Trail # 2

$$a = \frac{A_s \times f_y}{0.85 \times f_c \times b} = \frac{8.56 \times 60}{0.85 \times 3 \times 11 \times 1.2} = 1.13''$$

A_s

$$A_s = \frac{3977.93}{0.90 \times 60 \times \left(\frac{11 - 1.13}{2}\right)} = \boxed{7.197 \text{ in}^2}$$

Trail # 3

$$a = \frac{7.197 \times 60}{0.85 \times 3 \times 11 \times 1.2} = 1.28$$

$$A_s = \frac{3977.93}{0.90 \times 60 \times \left(\frac{11 - 1.28}{2}\right)} = \boxed{7.1 \text{ in}^2}$$

So that area = 7.1 m²