

Iqra National University

Mid term exam

Subject: Digital Logic Design

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BS (SE) 3rd Semester

Question. 1. Convert each of the numbers to the required number system.

a). $(1011100.10101)_2 = (\quad)_{10}$

Solution:-

$$1011100.10101_2 = (1 \times 2^6) + (0 \times 2^5) + (1 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) + (1 \times 2^2) + (0 \times 2^1) + (0 \times 2^0) + (1 \times 2^{-1}) + (0 \times 2^{-2}) + (1 \times 2^{-3}) + (0 \times 2^{-4}) + (1 \times 2^{-5})$$

$$= 64 + 0 + 16 + 8 + 4 + 0 + 0 + 0.5 + 0 + 0.125 + 0 + 0.03125$$

$$= 92 + 0.65625 \Rightarrow 92.65625_{10}$$

$$1011100.10101_2 = 92.65625_{10}$$

$$b. (111100.101)_2 = ()_{10}$$

Solution:-

$$111100.101_2 = (1 \times 2^5) + (1 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) + (1 \times 2^2) + (0 \times 2^1) + (0 \times 2^0) + (1 \times 2^{-1}) + (0 \times 2^{-2}) + (1 \times 2^{-3})$$

$$= 32 + 16 + 8 + 4 + 0 + 0 + 0.5 + 0 + 0.125$$

$$= 60 + 0.625$$

$$= 60.625_{10}$$

$$c. (ABCD)_{16} = ()_2$$

Solution:-

writing equivalent binary value for the given hexadecimal value

A	B	C	D
1010	1011	1100	1101

$$ABCD_{16} = 1010101111001101_2$$

$$d. (10)_{10} = ()_{16}$$

Solution:-

if the given number is less than 16, the hex equivalent is the same. Since the letter A is used for the value 10, the answer to this question is A_{16} .

$$(10)_{10} = A_{16}$$

$$e. (7777)_8 = ()_{10}$$

Solution:-

$$7777_8 = (7 \times 8^3) + (7 \times 8^2) + (7 \times 8^1) + (7 \times 8^0)$$

$$7777_8 = 3584 + 448 + 56 + 7$$

$$7777_8 = 4095_{10}$$

$$f. (7777)_8 = ()_2$$

Solution:-

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 7 & 7 & 7 & 7 \\ 111 & 111 & 111 & 111 \end{array}$$

$$7777_8 = 111111111111_2$$

$$g. (7777)_8 = (\quad)_{16}$$

Solution:-

First convert into Binary.

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 7 & 7 & 7 & 7 \\ 111 & 111 & 111 & 111 \end{array}$$

$$7777_8 = 111111111111_2$$

Now convert Binary into Hex.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 1111 & 1111 & 1111 \\ F & F & F \end{array}$$

$$111111111111_2 = FFF_{16}$$

$$h. (10101111)_2 = (\quad)_8$$

Solution:-

Split the binary no. from left to right
each group 3 bits.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 010 & 101 & 111 \\ 2 & 5 & 7 \end{array}$$

$$10101111_2 = 257_8$$

$$i. (101010)_{10} = (\quad)_8$$

Solution:-

we'll divide the given decimal number by 8 until we get a 0.

$$\frac{101010}{8} = 12626.25 = 1025 \times 8 = 2 \quad \downarrow \text{remainders}$$

$$\frac{12626}{8} = 1578.25 = 0.25 \times 8 = 2$$

$$\frac{1578}{8} = 197.25 = 0.25 \times 8 = 2$$

$$\frac{197}{8} = 24.625 = 0.625 \times 8 = 5$$

$$\frac{24}{8} = 3$$

$$\frac{3}{8} = 0.375 = 0.375 \times 8 = 3$$

$$101010_{10} = 305222_8$$

$$j. (98)_{10} = ()_{BCD}$$

Solution:-

$$\begin{array}{cc} 9 & 8 \\ 1001 & 1000 \end{array}$$

$$98_{10} = 10011000_{BCD}$$

Question. 2. Apply De Morgan's theorems to each expression.

$$1. \overline{A\bar{B}(C+\bar{D})}$$

Solution:-

let the term $\overline{A\bar{B}} = X$ & $\overline{C+\bar{D}} = Y$

$$\text{Since } \overline{XY} = \bar{X} + \bar{Y}$$

$$\overline{A\bar{B}(C+\bar{D})}$$

$$\bar{A} + \bar{\bar{B}} + (\bar{C} \bar{\bar{D}})$$

$$\bar{A} + B + (\bar{C} D)$$

answer

$$2. \overline{(A+B+C+D)} + ABC\bar{D}$$

Solution:-

$$\overline{\overline{ABC\bar{D}}} + \overline{\overline{A+B+C+D}}$$

$$\overline{ABC\bar{D}} + \overline{A+B+C+D}$$

Question 3. Develop a truth table for the following.

a. $\overline{X}\overline{Y}\overline{Z} + \overline{X}Y\overline{Z} + X\overline{Y}Z + \overline{X}YZ + XY\overline{Z}$

X	Y	Z	output
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

$$b). \bar{A}\bar{B}C\bar{D} + A\bar{B}C\bar{D} + \bar{A}\bar{B}CD + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D}$$

A	B	C	D	output
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
0	1	1	1	0

Question: 4. Convert into SOP form.

$$A) BC + DE(\bar{B}C + DE)$$

$$BC + DE \cdot \bar{B}C + DE \cdot EE$$

$$BC + DE \bar{B}C + DE$$

$$\therefore A \cdot A = A$$

$$B) BC(\bar{C}\bar{D}) + CE$$

$$BC \cdot \bar{C}\bar{D} + BC \cdot CE$$

$$0 + BC \cdot CE$$

$$BCE$$

$$\therefore C \cdot \bar{C} = 0$$

$$\therefore C \cdot C = C$$

$$c) \quad B + C [BD + (C + \bar{D})E]$$

$$B + C [BD + EC + E\bar{D}]$$

$$B + CBD + CEC + CE\bar{D}$$

$$C \cdot C = C$$

$$B + CBD + CE + CE\bar{D}$$