Mid Term Assignment (Spring 2020)
Program: MBA-90
Semester: Summer Semester-2020
Course: Business Mathematics \& Statistics
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## Question No. 1

i The solutions of $\left|2 x-\frac{-3}{5}\right|=-3$
Answer: (d) none of them because absolute value is always positive so $\left|2 x-\frac{-3}{5}\right|=-3$ is not possible for any x
ii A man is going from the point $A(-5,-4)$ to the point $B(-2,7)$ then the increments in the $\mathrm{x}-$ and y-coordinates are

Answer: (b) $\Delta x=3, \Delta y=11$

$$
\begin{gathered}
\Delta x=x_{2}-x_{1}=-2-(-5)=3 \\
\Delta y=y_{2}-y_{1}=7-(-4)=11
\end{gathered}
$$

iii A stair make an angle of inclination $\theta=45^{\circ}$ with the horizontal then its slope is Answer: (d) none of them because slope $=\tan 45^{\circ}=1$
iv A painter can paint $100 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ wall in 10 hours. Then the time required to paint $4000 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ wall will be.

Answer: (e) None of them because $\frac{100}{10}=\frac{4000}{x} \Rightarrow 100 x=40000 \Rightarrow x=400$ hours
v If $20 \%$ of sale price $\$ 400$ is equal to $50 \%$ of cost price then the cost price will be
Answer: (d) None of Them because $\frac{20}{100}(400)=\frac{50}{100} x \Rightarrow 80=\frac{5}{10} x \Rightarrow x=160$ cost price
vi If $f(x)=x-1$ and $g(x)=x^{2}$ then $(f o g)(x)=$ is
Answer: $f(g(x))=f\left(x^{2}\right)=x^{2}-1$
vii The domain of a curve $y=\sqrt{-1-x^{2}}$ is (a) $(-1,1)(\mathrm{b})[-1,1)$ (c) $(-1,1]$ (d) $[-1,1]$ (e) None of them

Answer: (e) None of them because for each $x$ (either negative or positive or 0 ) this function is undefined viii The net cost equivalent for $10 / 30$ (a) .72 (b) .56 (c) .44 (d) .11 (e) None of them Answer: (e) None of them because $\frac{10}{30}=0.33$
ix The equation $P(x)=R(x)-C(x)$.
Answer: Linear Profit Function
x The sum of two numbers is 30 and difference is 10 then the numbers are
Answer: (e) None of them because $x+y=30$ and $x-y=10$ by solving simultaneously these equations we get $x=20, y=10$

## (Part -II)

## Question No. 2

a. A group bonus is divided among 4 employees in the ratio of their basic salaries. Ratio is 7, 4, 2 and 5 respectively. If a total bonus is Rs. 540; calculate the amount received by each employee.

Solution: Given the bonus =540 Rs.
Then the ratio of the amount divided into employees is7:4:2:5.
The amount first person got $=\frac{7}{18}(540)=210$ Rs.
The amount second person got $=\frac{4}{18}(540)=120$ Rs.
The amount third person got $=\frac{2}{18}(540)=60$ Rs.
The amount fourth person got $=\frac{5}{18}(540)=150$ Rs.
b. Solve for x in the following equation

$$
\left(x^{2}-4\right) \div(x+2) \times(4 x-2) \div 2=x
$$

Solution: $\frac{x^{2}-4}{x+2} \times \frac{4 x-2}{2}=x$
$\Rightarrow \frac{(x+2)(x-2)}{(x+2)} \times \frac{2(2 x-1)}{2}=x$
$\Rightarrow(x-2) \times(2 x-1)=x$
$\Rightarrow(x-2) \times(2 x-1)=x$
$\Rightarrow 2 x^{2}-x-4 x+2=x$
$\Rightarrow 2 x^{2}-5 x+2=x$
$\Rightarrow 2 x^{2}-5 x-x+2=x$
$\Rightarrow 2 x^{2}-6 x+2=0$
$\Rightarrow x^{2}-3 x+1=0 \quad$ Solving by using quadratic formula
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{9-4}}{2}$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$
$\Rightarrow$ solution set $=\left\{\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}\right\}$
a. The sum of the ages of a girl and her brother is 60 years. Two years ago her age was three times the age of her brother. Find the present age of girl and her brother.

Solution: Let the age of girl $=x$ years
And the age of brother $=y$ years

Then $x+y=26$
$\Rightarrow x=26-y$
Three years ago $(x-3)=4(y-3)$
$\Rightarrow x-3=4 y-12$
$\Rightarrow x-4 y=3-12$
$\Rightarrow x-4 y=-9$
Putting (i) in (ii)
$(26-y)-4 y=-9$
$\Rightarrow-5 y=-9-26$
$\Rightarrow-5 y=-35$
$\Rightarrow y=7$

Putting in (i) we get $x=19$
b. $\quad$ Selling price $=\$ 18.75$

Cost $=\$ 15$
Markup based on cost = ?
Percent markup based on cost $=$ ?
Solution: Given Selling price $=\$ 18.75$

$$
\text { Cost }=\$ 15
$$

Then

$$
\text { Markup }=\frac{18.75-15}{15}=0.25 \$
$$

$$
\text { Percent Markup }=0.25 \times 100=25 \%
$$

a. $\quad$ List price $=\$ 150$

Trade discount $=20 \%$
Find the net cost.

Solution: Given List Price $=\$ 150$ and
Trade discount $=20 \%$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{20}{100}(150) \\
& =30 \$
\end{aligned}
$$

then
Net Cost $=$ List Price- Trade discount
$=\$ 150-30 \$$

$$
\text { Net Cost }=120 \$
$$

b. Heat and electricity together cost a company Rs: 1080 for the month of January. If the consumption for heating purposes is three times as much as light, how much each expense cost to the company?

Solution: Let the cost of Heat $=\mathrm{H}$
And the cost of Electricity $=\mathrm{E}$
Then $\quad \mathrm{H}+\mathrm{E}=1080$.....(i)
And $\quad 3 \mathrm{E}=\mathrm{H}$
i.e. $H=3 E$

Putting (ii) in (i) we get $3 \mathrm{E}+\mathrm{E}=1080$
$\Rightarrow 4 E=1080$
$\Rightarrow E=270$ Putting in (ii) we get
$H=810$
a. 4 men and 6 boys can finish a piece of work in 5 days while 3 men and 4 boys can finish it in 7 days. Find the time taken by 1 man alone or than by 1 boy alone.

Solution: Let the time taken by Men=x
And the time taken by boy $=y$

Then

$$
\begin{align*}
& \frac{4}{x}+\frac{6}{y}=\frac{1}{5} \ldots \ldots \text { (i) and } \\
& \frac{3}{x}+\frac{4}{y}=\frac{1}{7} \ldots \ldots . \tag{ii}
\end{align*}
$$

Let $u=\frac{1}{x}$ and $v=\frac{1}{y}$
Then (i) and (ii) $\Rightarrow 4 u+6 v=\frac{1}{5}$

$$
\begin{equation*}
3 u+4 v=\frac{1}{7} \tag{iii}
\end{equation*}
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& 3(i i i)-4(i v) \Rightarrow \\
& \frac{12 u+18 v=\frac{3}{5}}{} \\
& \hline 12 u \pm 16 v= \pm \frac{4}{7} \\
& 2 v=\frac{1}{35} \\
& \Rightarrow v=\frac{1}{70} \quad \ldots . .(\mathrm{v})  \tag{v}\\
& \Rightarrow y=70 \text { days }
\end{align*}
$$

Putting (v) in (iii) we get
$4 u+6\left(\frac{1}{70}\right)=\frac{1}{5}$
$\Rightarrow 4 u+\frac{3}{35}=\frac{1}{5}$
$\Rightarrow 4 u=\frac{1}{5}-\frac{3}{35}$
$\Rightarrow 4 u=\frac{7-3}{35}$
$\Rightarrow 4 u=\frac{4}{35}$
$\Rightarrow u=\frac{1}{35}$

$$
\Rightarrow x=35 \text { days }
$$

b. List price $=\$ 150$

Trade discount $=20 \%$
Find the net cost.

Solution: Given List Price $=\$ 150$ and
Trade discount $=20 \%$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{20}{100}(150) \\
& =30 \$
\end{aligned}
$$

Then

Net Cost $=$ List Price- Trade discount
$=\$ 150-30 \$$

$$
\text { Net Cost }=120 \$
$$

