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Semester 4th

Program M.S , T.E

Subject RCD

Date 26/04/2020

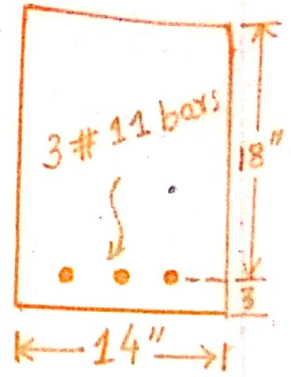
Q1

P# 01

(A) Given Data

$$f_y = 75000 \text{ psi}$$

$$f'_c = 5000 \text{ psi}$$



Required \div E_t , ϕ and ϕM_n

$$a = \frac{A_s f_y}{0.85 f'_c b} = \frac{4.68 \times 75}{0.85 \times 5 \times 14}$$

$$a = 5.89 \text{ in}$$

For $f'_c = 5000 \text{ psi}$ $\beta_1 = 0.80$

$$c = \frac{a}{\beta_1} = \frac{5.89}{0.80}$$

$$c = 7.36 \text{ in}$$

Now $E_t = \left(\frac{d-c}{c} \right) 0.003 = \left(\frac{18-7.36}{7.36} \right) 0.003$

$$E_t = 0.0043$$

$0.004 < E_t < 0.005$ Transition zone

Now $\phi = 0.65 + (E_t - 0.002) \frac{250}{3}$
 $= 0.65 + (0.0043 - 0.002) \frac{250}{3}$

$$\phi = 0.841$$

Now finding ϕM_n

First ~~find~~ check " ρ "

$$\rho = \frac{A_s}{bd} = \frac{4.68}{14 \times 18}$$

$$\rho = 0.0185$$

$$> \rho_{min} = 0.0028$$

$$< \rho_{max} = 0.0194 \quad \text{OK}$$

$$M_m = A_s f_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right)$$

$$= 4.68 \times 75 \times \left(18 - \frac{5.89}{2} \right)$$

$$M_m = 5284.3 \text{ in-K} = 441.1 \text{ ft-K}$$

$$\phi M_m = 0.836 \times 441.1$$

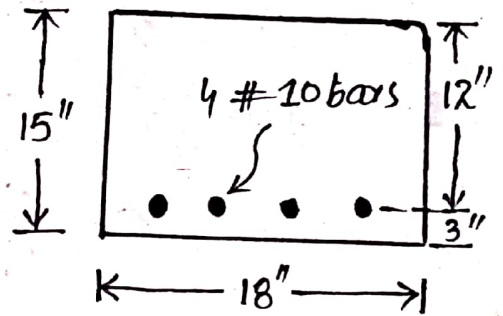
$$\phi M_m = 368.75 \text{ ft-K}$$

Now for section

Given Data

$$f_y = 60,000 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_c' = 4000 \text{ psi}$$



$$a = \frac{A_s f_y}{0.85 \times f_c' \times b} = \frac{5.06 \times 60}{0.85 \times 4 \times 18}$$

$$a = 4.96 \text{ in}$$

For $f_c' = 4000 \text{ psi}$ $\beta_1 = 0.85$

$$c = \frac{a}{\beta_1} = \frac{4.96}{0.85}$$

$$c = 5.835 \text{ in}$$

Now $\epsilon_t = \left(\frac{d-c}{c} \right) (0.003) = \left(\frac{12-5.83}{5.83} \right) 0.003$

$$\epsilon_t = 0.003 < 0.004$$

As The section is not ductile so may not be used as per ACI code.



(b)

$$M_D = I \cdot D = 152 \text{ ft-K}$$

$$M_L = 400 \text{ ft-K}$$

$$f_c' = 4000 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_y = 60,000 \text{ psi}$$

Factored Moment

$$M_u = 1.2 M_D + 1.6 M_L$$

$$= 1.2(152) + 1.6(400)$$

$$M_u = 822 \text{ ft-K}$$

Nominal Moment

$$M_n = \frac{M_u}{\phi} = \frac{822}{0.9}$$

$$M_n = 913.3 \text{ ft-K}$$

Assuming maximum possible tensile steel with no compression steel and computing beams nominal strength moment.

From Table A.7 $\rho_{max} = 0.0181$

$$A_s = \rho_{max} b d$$

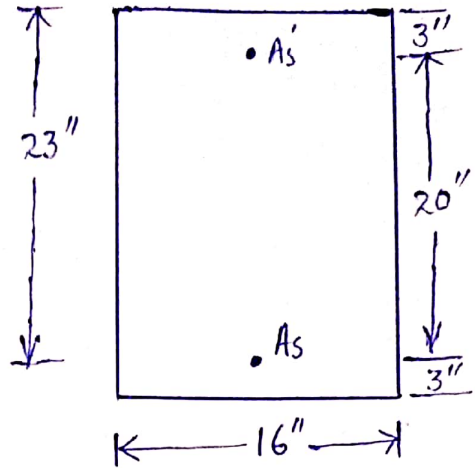
$$= 0.0181 \times 16 \times 23$$

$$A_s = 6.66 \text{ in}^2$$

For $\rho_{max} = 0.0181$

$$\frac{M_u}{\phi b d^2} = 912 \text{ psi}$$

Table A-13



P# 04

$$\begin{aligned}M_{u1} &= 912 * \phi b d^2 \\ &= 912 * 0.9 * 16 * 23^2 \\ &= 6947251 \text{ in-lb} \\ &= \frac{6947251}{12 * 1000} \text{ ft-k}\end{aligned}$$

$$M_{u1} = 579.7 \text{ ft-k}$$

Now $M_{n1} = \frac{M_{u1}}{\phi} = \frac{579}{0.9}$

$$M_{n1} = 643.7 \text{ ft-k}$$

$$\begin{aligned}M_{n2} &= M_n - M_{n1} \\ &= 913.3 - 643\end{aligned}$$

$$M_{n2} = 270.3$$

Now Theoretical A_s required is

$$A_s' = \frac{M_{n2}}{f_y (d - d')} = \frac{270.3 * 12}{60 (25 - 3)}$$

$$A_s' = 2.46 \text{ in}^2$$

Let $f_s' = f_y$

$$A_s' f_s' = A_{s2} f_y$$

$$A_{s2} = \frac{A_s' f_s'}{f_y}$$

$$= \frac{2.46 * 60}{60}$$

$$A_{s2} = 2.46 \text{ in}^2$$

P # 05

$$A_s = A_{s1} + A_{s2} \\ = 6.66 + 2.46$$

$$A_s = 9.12 \text{ in}^2 \quad \text{Try 7 \# 10 bars}$$

Checks \div Assuming $f_s' = f_y$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{(A_s - A_s') f_y}{0.85 f_c' b \beta} = \frac{9.12 - 2.46}{0.85 \times 4 \times 16 \times 0.85} \\ = 8.6 \approx 9$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \epsilon_s' = \left(\frac{c - d'}{c} \right) 0.003 \\ = \frac{9.4 - 3}{9.4} \times 0.003 \\ \epsilon_s' = 0.0020 \quad \text{--- OK}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \epsilon_t = \frac{d - c}{c} \times 0.003 \\ = \frac{25 - 9.4}{9.4} \times 0.003 \\ \epsilon_t = 0.0049 < 0.005$$

So $\epsilon_t \neq 0.9$

Now find ϵ_t

$$\epsilon_t = 0.65 + (0.0049 - 0.002) \frac{250}{2}$$

$$\epsilon_t = 0.89$$

P# 06

$$A_{s2} = \frac{A_s' f_y'}{f_y} = \frac{2.46 \times 60}{60}$$

$$A_{s2} = 2.46 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_{s1} = A_s - A_{s2} \\ = 8.86 - 2.46$$

$$A_{s1} = 6.4 \text{ in}^2$$

$$c = \frac{a}{\beta_1}$$

$$a = c\beta_1$$

$$M_{n1} = A_{s1} f_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2}\right)$$

$$M_{n1} = 6.4 \times 60 \left(23 - \frac{0.85 \times 9.4}{2}\right)$$

$$M_{n1} = 8104.5 \text{ ft-K}$$

$$M_{n1} = 675 \text{ ft-K}$$

$$M_{n2} = A_{s2} f_y (d - d')$$

$$= 2.46 \times 60 \times (23 - 3)$$

$$= 2952 \text{ in-K}$$

$$M_{n2} = 266 \text{ ft-K}$$

Thus

$$M_n = M_{n1} + M_{n2}$$

$$= 675 + 266$$

$$M_n = 941 \text{ ft-K}$$

$$\phi M_n = 0.89 \times 941$$

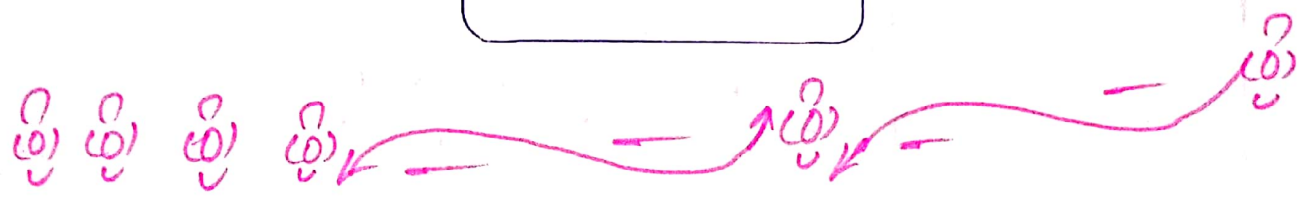
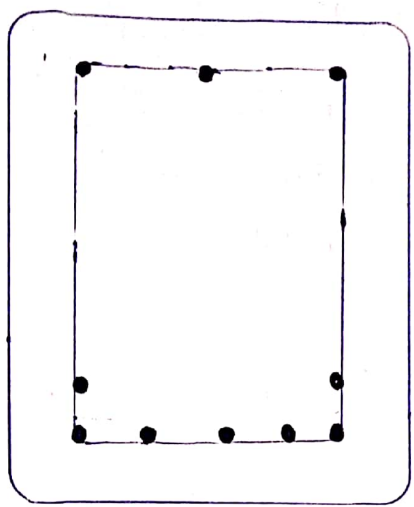
$$\phi M_n = 837.4 > M_u \text{ --- OK}$$

$$A_s' = 2.46 \text{ in}^2$$

3 # 8 bars

$$A_s = 9 \text{ in}^2$$

7 # 10 bars



Q2

Given Data

$$P_u = 152 \text{ K}$$

$$M_u = 15 \text{ ft-K}$$

$$f_c' = 4000 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_y = 60,000 \text{ psi}$$

Assuming Average compression stress

$$0.6 f_c' = 0.6 \times 4000 \text{ psi}$$

$$= 2400 \text{ psi}$$

$$= 2.4 \text{ Ksi}$$

$$A_g = \frac{P_u}{0.6 f_c'} = \frac{152}{2.4}$$

$$A_g = 63.34 \text{ in}^2$$

ACI recommended size of column is
12" * 12"

Lets Try 12" * 12" $A_g = 252 \text{ in}^2$

$$\text{Now } e = \frac{M_o}{P_u} = \frac{12 * 15}{152}$$

$$e = 1.184 \text{ in}^2$$

$$P_n = \frac{P_u}{\phi} = \frac{152}{0.65}$$

$$P_n = 233.84 \text{ K}$$

$$K_n = \frac{P_n}{f_c' A_g} = \frac{233.84}{4 * 12 * 12}$$

$$K_n = 0.40$$

$$\text{Now } R_n = \frac{P_n e}{f_c' A_g h} = \frac{233.84 * 1.184}{4 * 12 * 12 * 12}$$

$$R_n = 0.04$$

$$\gamma = \frac{7 \text{ in}}{12 \text{ in}} = 0.58 \approx 0.6$$

Considering clear cover 2.5 in

Now from graph 6

$$\text{For } \gamma = 0.6$$

$$\rho_g = 0.025$$

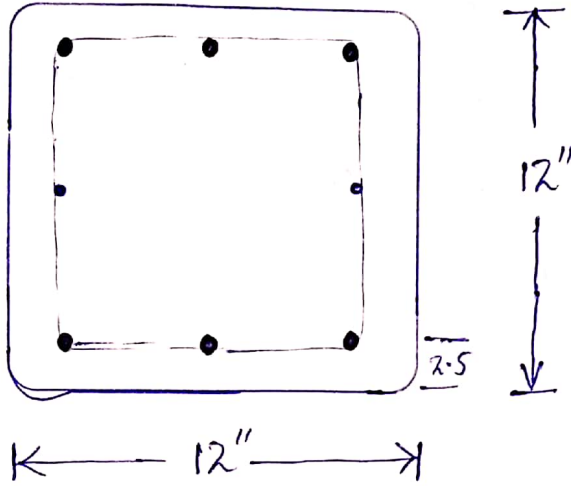
$$A_s = 0.025 * 12 * 12$$

P# 09

$$A_s = 3.6 \text{ in}^2$$

Try 6 #7 bars

$$A_s = 3.61 \text{ in}^2$$



Q3

Given Data

Column = 16" x 16"

$$P_0 = 152 \text{ K}$$

$$P_L = 160 \text{ K}$$

$$\text{Depth} = 5 \text{ ft}$$

Soil weight = 100 lb/ft³

$$f_y = 60,000 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_c' = 3000 \text{ psi}$$

Bars = #8

$$q_a = 3900 \text{ psi} \rightarrow (\text{selected properly})$$

Sol:

Assuming height of footing

$$h = 12'' = 2'$$

$$d_{avg} = h - 3 - 1 = 24 - 3 - 1$$

$$d_{avg} = 20''$$

P# 10

$$b_0 = 4 (c + d_{avg})$$

$$b_0 = 4 (16 + 20) = 144 \text{ in}$$

$$W = \text{Pressure of Soil} + \text{Pressure of RC}$$

$$= \gamma_{fill} (z-h) + \gamma_c h$$

$$= 100 (5-2) + 150 (2)$$

$$= 300 + 300$$

$$W = 600$$

Now $q_e = q_a - W$

$$= 3900 - 600$$

$$q_e = 3300$$

$$q_e = 3.300 \text{ Ksf}$$

$$A_{\text{required}} = \frac{\text{Total Load}}{q_e}$$

$$= \frac{152 + 160}{3.300}$$

$$A_{\text{required}} = 94.54 \text{ in}^2$$

$$B \times B = 94.54$$

$$B \approx 10 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\text{So } A \approx 100 \text{ ft}^2$$

Bearing pressure

$$q_0 = \frac{1.2 (P_0) + 1.6 (R)}{A}$$

P# 11

$$q_o = \frac{1.2(152) + 1.6(160)}{10 \times 10}$$

$$q_o = 4.384 \text{ Ksf}$$

Now Punching shear $b_o = 144 \text{ in}$

$$V_{u2} = q_o A - q_o (C + d_{avg})$$

$$= 4.384 \times 100 - 4.384 \left(\frac{16+20}{2} \right)^2$$

$$V_{u2} = 398.944 \text{ K}$$

Checking (i)

$$d = \frac{V_{u2}}{0.75 \times 4 \sqrt{f'_c} \times b_o}$$

$$= \frac{398.944}{0.75 \times 4 \sqrt{3000} \times 144}$$

$$d = 17.05 \text{ in} < 20 \text{ in} \text{ --- OK}$$

$$(ii) \quad d = \frac{V_{u2}}{0.75 \left(\frac{40 \times d}{b_o} + 2 \right) \sqrt{f'_c} \times b_o}$$

$$d = \frac{398.944}{0.75 \left(\frac{40 \times 20}{144} + 2 \right) \sqrt{3000} \times 144}$$

$$d = 9.02 \text{ in} < 20 \text{ in} \text{ --- OK}$$

So both "d" < 20 Thus punching shear is OK.

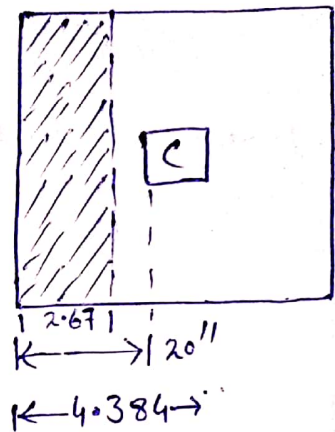
Depth required for one way shear

$$V_u = (10\text{ft})(2.67)(4.384)$$

$$V_u = 117.0528$$

$$d = \frac{117.0528}{0.75 \times 2 \sqrt{3000} \times 120}$$

$$d = 11.87'' < 20'' \text{ --- OK}$$



Now $M_u = (4.33)(10)(4.384) \times \frac{4.33}{2}$

$$M_u = 410.97 \approx 411 \text{ ft-K}$$

$$\frac{M_u}{\phi b d^2} = \frac{12 \times 411000}{0.9 \times 120 \times 20^2}$$

$$= 114.1667 \text{ psi}^2$$

Now from Appendix "A"

$$\rho = 0.0021 < \rho_{min} \text{ for Flexure}$$

use larger one from the following.

$$\rho = \frac{200}{60,000} = 0.0033$$

$$\text{or } \rho = \frac{3 \sqrt{3000}}{60,000} = 0.0027$$

So $A_s = 0.0033 (120) (20)$

$$A_s = 7.2 \text{ in}^2$$

use 6#10 bars

Development Length

$$\phi_L = \phi_c = \phi_s = 1$$

Assuming bar spaced 16in on centre
and 16in on side

$$C_b = \text{bottom cover} = 3.5 \text{ in}$$

$$C_b = \frac{1}{2}(16 \text{ in}) = 8 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Let } K_{tr} = 0$$

$$\frac{C_b + K_{tr}}{d_b} = \frac{3.5 + 0}{1} = 3.5$$

$$\frac{l_d}{d_b} = \frac{3}{40} \cdot \frac{f_y}{\lambda \sqrt{f_c'} \frac{C + K_{tr}}{d_b}}$$

$$= \frac{3}{40} \cdot \frac{60,000}{(1) \sqrt{3000}} \times \frac{1 \times 1 \times 1}{2.5}$$

$$= 32.86 \text{ dimension}$$

$$\frac{l_d}{d_b} = \frac{A_{s \text{ req}}}{A_s} = 32.86 \left(\frac{7.2}{7.59} \right)$$

$$= 31.30 \text{ dimension}$$

$$l_d = 31.30 (1)$$

$$l_d = 31.30 \approx 32 \text{ in}$$

$$\angle \text{ Available } \quad l_d = 4 \text{ ft} - 6 \text{ in} - \frac{20}{2} - 3$$

$$= 40 \text{ in} \text{ --- OK}$$

