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SUBJECT = PROSTHODONTICS

PROGRAMME = BS DENTAL TECHNOLOGY (6TH SEMESTER)

QNO 3):

ANSWER:

WHO CAN USE IMMEDIATE DENTURE

- Not everyone can get immediate dentures.
- Most obviously, people who've already had all their teeth extracted can't get immediate dentures, as their teeth are already gone.
- For the immediate denture procedure to work, the patient must have enough teeth left in their mouth to make.
- A suitable impression of the teeth.
- A suitable registration of their bite.
- If they don't have enough teeth, or their teeth are in the wrong place to create a proper bite, or if their jaws have already changed shape due to loss of teeth, they won't be suitable for the procedure
- So long as you meet those criteria, you're a suitable candidate for immediate dentures.
- Since they can be used as temporary fixtures, immediate dentures are ideally suited for those looking for implant- supported dentures. They can sit over the gum after the implants have been placed and are healing over.

QNO 5):

ANSWER:

ROLE OF MAJOR CONNECTOR:

- Be rigid
- Protect the associated soft tissue
- Provide mean for obtaining indirect retention
- Provide a mean of placement of denture base
- Promote patient comfort
- Self cleansing

QNO 4)

ANSWER(A):

TYPES OF PARTIAL DENTURE:

- Cast metal removable partial denture. The most common type of removable partial denture consist of high quality replacement teeth on a rigid cast metal frame
- Acrylic removable partial denture (flipper)
- Flexible partial denture
- Fixed bridge
- Implant supported fixed bridge.

A removable partial denture or bridge usually consist of replacement teeth attached to a pink or gum colored plastic base, which is sometimes connected by metal framework that holds the denture in place in the mouth. Partial dentures are used when one or more natural teeth remain in the upper or lower jaw.

QNO 4)

ANSWER B)

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN SURVEY AND SURVEYING:

SURVEY

The dental survey is a paralleling instrument used in construction of a prosthesis to locate and delineate the contours and relative position of abutment teeth and association structures.

1 it is an instrument used to determine the relative parallelism of two or more surface of teeth.

The procedure of locating or delineating the contour and position of the abutment teeth and associated structures before designing a partial denture.

SURVEYING

An analysis and comparison of the prominence of intra oral contours associated with the fabrication of a prosthesis.

Surveying is the profession or work of examining and recording the area and features of a piece of land so as to construct a map, plan, or detailed description of it.

TOOLS

- Analyzing rod
- Carbon marker
- Undercut gauge

QNO1)

ANSWER:

USES:

- To diagnose the state of occlusion in both the natural in artificial dentition.
- To plan the dental procedure based on the relationship between opposing natural and artificial teeth.
- To aid in the fabrication of restorations and prosthodontics replacements.
- To correct and modified complete restoration.
- To arrange artificial teeth.
- The relationship of mandible to maxilla can be transferred from patient to the articulator.
- It is used for fabrication of complete denture.
- It is used for orthodontic appliances
- It is also for orthognathic sugary

Articulator is used because it works as an artificial jaw to fabricate a prosthesis that fulfill the need of patient just like their natural dentition.

QNO2)

ANSWER:

We perform finishing and polishing of dentures because it has many advantages, which are:

BENEFITS OF FINISHING AND POLISHING

- Minimal irritation of soft and hard tissues
- Simulates natural tooth surface aesthetics
- Less likely to trap food debris and plaque
- Reduce potential for corrosions
- More hygienic

