

ID# 18075  
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Subject, Pak Studies

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Q 1. Discuss Sir Syed Ahmad

Educational and Political Services  
of for the Muslims.

ANS 1: SIR SYED AHMAD KHAN 1817-1898

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan flourished from 1817-1898 A.D. as the founder of Aligarh Movement he is ranked among the greatest Muslim reformers of the 19<sup>th</sup> century. He came to the rescue of his coreligionists after the war of Independence (1857) when British unleashed a wave of vengeance against the muslim. As a result of the atrocities of the British the muslim wave cut off from the mainstream of Political, social, economic and educational development. At

this critical juncture Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was the first Muslim leader to realise that if the Muslims continued to keep themselves along from the Political, Social and educational Activities. Then they would be completely absorbed by the Hindu Community.

### \* SIR SYED EDUCATION SERVICE \*

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was the first Muslim leader who realised the importance of education for his People. In the order of equip. the Muslim with the ornament of knowledge be opened the following which educational institutions and Societies which revolutioned the life of the Muslim of Community.

(A) Two Madrassahs in Moradabad (1858) and Ghaziabad (1862) were opened which inducted education.

(b) In 1864, Sir Syed Ahmed laid the foundation of Scientific Society which translated English works into Urdu.

(c) M.A.I. High School Aligarh was founded in (1875).

(d) In 1877, M.A.I. High School was given the status of a college and inaugurated by viceroy Lord Lytton later on, this college became a University in 1920 AD.

## "TWO NATION THEORY"

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan is regarded as one of the greatest exponent of Hindi-Urdu controversy. He was convinced that Hindus were not sincere towards the Muslim. Answering a query in Benaras, he remarked "Now I am convinced that both these communities will not join whole-heartily in anything. At present there was no open hostility between the two

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Communities, but on account of the so-called educated people it will increase immensely in future

## "FACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR ALIGARH MOVEMENT"

- (1) Educational backwardness of Muslim.
- (2) Economic distress of Muslim community.
- (3) Need for better of social status.
- (4) Need for friendly relations with British rulers.

17/11/15  
Question: 3  
What do you know about the  
geography of Pakistan?

### "GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION"

Ans 2.

Pakistan is located in South Asian if form the northwest of Subcontinent of Indopakistan. It lies between the latitude of 23, 31 and 36, 45 north and between the longitudes of 61, 75 and 31 east. It is bounded to the west by Iran to the east by India to the north by Afghanistan which is called "durind line" into the south by Arabia Sea. Pakistan border which with (India 1610km) border with china 585km border with afganistan 2252km and border with Iran 805km

### AREA AND POPULATION

Pakistan cover area of 796096km square population

voice provinces

- Punjab - kplc

- Sindh - Balochistan

Baluchistan is largest Province covering 43% of the total area where Punjab is 25% Sindh 3rd with 17% and KPK covering 13%. At the time of Partition of the subcontinent 1947, the Population of the area now forming Pakistan was only 3 crore and respect of Population Pakistan is presently 7<sup>th</sup> most populated Country of the world. China 1261 billion, India 1014 billion, USA 275 Million, Indonesia 224 million, Brazil 172 million and Russia 146 million.

→ **CLIMATE OF PAKISTAN:**

Climate of Pakistan is extreme dry in base of climate condition.

- Could weather - December, March
- hot weather - April, June
- Monsoon weather - July - September
- Post monsoon - October - Mid December

**Question: 2**

Explain First political and Constitutional phase from 1947 to 1958,

**Answer:**

⇒ 1st Phase 1947 to 1958

⇒ 2 After the partition of India on the midnight of 15 August, 1947 Pakistan followed the British system by creating the post of prime minister.

Based at the prime minister's secretariat the governor of Pakistan Quaid-e-Azam appointed Liaqat Ali Khan to establish and lead his administration on 15 August 1947. Before the presidential system in 1960, "7" prime minister had served between 1947 until 1958 by Ayub Khan.

## → GOVERNOR GENERALS OF PAKISTAN

2) 1st governor general ⇒ Quid-e-Azam  
1947-1948

→ Second Governor General Khwaja Nazim

Uddin.

=> Third Governor General Ghulam  
Muhammad

=> 1st Governor Sikandar Mirza  
1956.

=> President => Sikandar Mirza

## PRIME MINISTER OF PAKISTAN

=> 1st => Liaqat Ali Khan  
14 Aug - 16 Oct - 1951

=> 2nd => Nazim Uddin  
17 Oct - 1951 - 17 Oct - 1953

=> 3rd => Muhammad Ali Bogra  
17 April - Aug 1955

=> 4th => Choudhary Muhammad Ali  
12 Aug - 1955 - 12 Sep - 1956

=> 5th => Hussain Shaheed Suharwardi  
12 Sep - 1956 - 17 Oct - 1957

=> 6th => I.I Chaudhary  
16 Dec - 1957

=> 7th => Feroz Khan  
7 Oct - 1958.