

Name

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ID

17174

Section

A

Pak studie

Q1

Discuss sir syed Ahmad Khan
educational political services
for muslim

Ans

Sir syed Ahmad Khan

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was born from 1817-1898 AD. He is the founder of Aligarh movement. He ranked among the greatest muslim of the 19th century. Sir syed Ahmad Khan was the first muslim leader who realised, if muslim keep themselves in any political, social and educational services/activities they would be follow/absorbed by Hindu community.

Education Services :-

Sir syed play a vital role

in the educational uplifts of the muslim in india. He did the following thing to improve the educational standard. set up a journal. Tahzib-ul-Aklay which contained articles of influential muslim who agreed with sir sayed's approach towards education.

In the order of equip the muslim with the ornament of knowledge he opened the educational institution and societies which revolutioned the life of the Muslim community. Two Madrassahs in Muradabad (1858) and Ghaziabad (1862) were opened which imparted pr education in persian.

In 1884, sir syed Ahmed. Daid the foundation of scientific society which translated English works into urdu.

High school Aligarh foundation (1875)

Aligarh Movement (1863)

Aligarh movement a systemic movement aimed at reforming the social, political and educational aspect of muslim community.

- It help to translate major work in the science society and modern art into urdu
- Need for friendly relation with british ruler

Political career. In 1878, Sir Sayed was nominated to the viceroy's Legislative Council. In 1886, he organised the All India Muhammedan Educational Conference in Aligarh, which promoted his vision of modern education and political unity for Muslim.

Political views

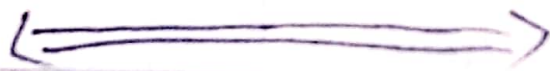
Sir sayed also increased the political awareness of Muslim in the Sub continent. At first he believed in Hindu-Muslim unity but later

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resorted to the two nation theory. In 1885 the Indian National Congress was set up. It claimed to be the body of every Indian regardless of religion.



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Q2

Ans First political and Constitutional phase 1947-1958

After the partition of India on midnight of 14 Aug 1947

Pakistan followed the British system by creating the post of prime minister

Base at the prime minister's secretariat. The governor general of Pakistan Qaid-e-Azam appointed Jigat Ali Khan is appear to establish and lead the first administration on 15 Aug 1947.

Before the presidential system in 1960 7 prime minister has serve b/w

1947 until 1 martial law in 1958 by Ayub Khan

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Governor Generals of Pakistan:-

- (1) Qaid-e-Azam 1947-1948
- (2) Khwaja Nazim uddin 1951-1955
- (3) Chhulam Muhammad 1955 to 1956
- (4) Sekander Mirza 1955 - 1956
who became the 1st president
of Pakistan on 23 March
(1958)

Prime Minister of Pakistan

- (1) Liaqat Ali Khan 14 Aug - 16 Oct 1947-1951
- (2) Nazim uddin 17 Oct - 17 Oct 1951-1953
- (2) Muhammad Ali Bogra 1953-1955
- (4) Chodri Muhammad Ali 12 Aug 1955 - 12 Sep
1956
- (5) Husain Shah Suhrawardi 12 Sep 1956 -
19 Oct 1957
- (6) I I Chodri / Chandigarh
19 Oct 1957 - 16 Dec 1957
- (7) Feroz Khan Noon 7 Oct - 1958

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Ans

Geography of Pakistan.
Pakistan is located in south Asia. It forms the northwest of the subcontinent of India Pakistan. It lies between the latitudes of 23.31 and 36.45 north and between the longitudes of 67.75 and 31 east.

Geographical location:-

Pakistan is bordered by Arabian sea to the south, Iran, and Afghanistan to the west, India to the east, China to the north.

- North west = Afghanistan (which is now dead)
- North = China
- South west = Iran
- South = Arabian sea

Importance of geographical location
Pakistan is a land of plain mountains, coast and coastal belt

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↔ eastern

- The country share border called "Radcliff Line" with India. On its Northern side. It has sino-pak Border with the total area of 9,96098 km square. Pakistan emerge to be one of the most significant geographical patches of Asia.

Areas And population:-

= Pakistan cover area of 79609 km sq
population wise provinces.

→ Punjab

→ Sindh

→ KPK

→ Balochistan

→ Balochistan, The province it cover 43% area

→ The 2nd largest province Punjab which cover area of 25%.

→ 3rd. Sindh covering area of 17.7%.

→ kpk cover covering 13.1.

→ Pakistan is presently 6 most popular country of the world

(1) China population 1261 billion

(2) India 1014 billion

(3) USA 275 million

(4) Indonesia 224 million

(5) Brazil 172 million

(6) Russia 146 million.

Climate of Pakistan:-

Base on climatic condition it extreme dry too hard in summer and too cold in winter

→ Pakistan lies in the temperature zone. The climate is generally arid, characterize by hot summer and cold winter

Climate Zone:-

Pakistan is divided into four broad distinct, precipitation effective index

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climatic Zone first is Rain forest
(wet) where PE index value are
blw 50 to 148, second is forest
(humid) where index value rang blw
10-49, third is partly forest
(less humid)

Climate condition -

Cold weather - Dec, March

Hot weather April, June

Monsoon weather - July - sep

Post monson oct - mid dec

