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I.D : 15404

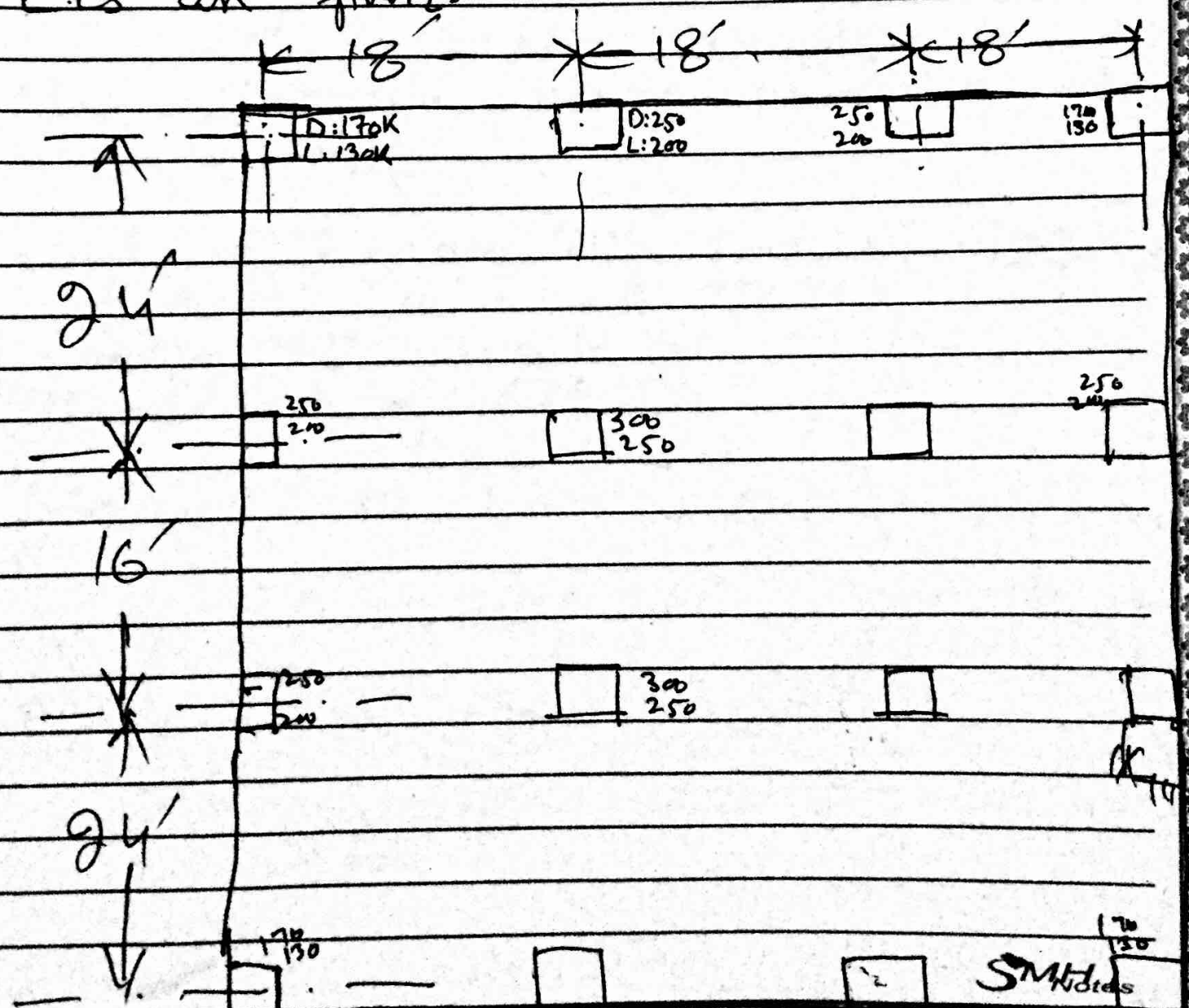
①

Assignment (Sessional):

Design Foundation For given Column layout.

Each Column $24" \times 24"$.

All Four exterior Column sides are fixed property lines. Allowable bearing capacity of soil is 2000 lb/ft^2 . Depth of bottom of foundation is about 6ft below ground level. Take $f_c = 4000 \text{ Psi}$ and $f_y = 60,000 \text{ Psi}$. Column D.Ls and L.Ls are given.



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$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Service D.L} &= 4 \times 170 + 8 \times 250 + 4 \times 300 \\ &= 3880 \text{ k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Service L.L} &= 4 \times 130 + 8 \times 200 + 4 \times 250 \\ &= 3120 \text{ k} \end{aligned}$$

Total Service load on footing

$$= 3880 + 3120 = 7000 \text{ k}$$

Now, allowable bearing pressure of soil is 2000 lb/ft^2 .

Unit weight of over fill considering ~~100~~ 100 lb/ft^3 and P.C.C unit wt 150 lb/ft^3 , average fill weight is 125 lb/ft^3 .
At a depth of 6ft,

Effective Earth bearing pressure will be

$$q_e = 2000 - 125 \times 6 = 1250 \text{ lb/ft}^2$$

Now, footing Area Required is

$$= \frac{700000}{1250} = 5600 \text{ ft}^2$$

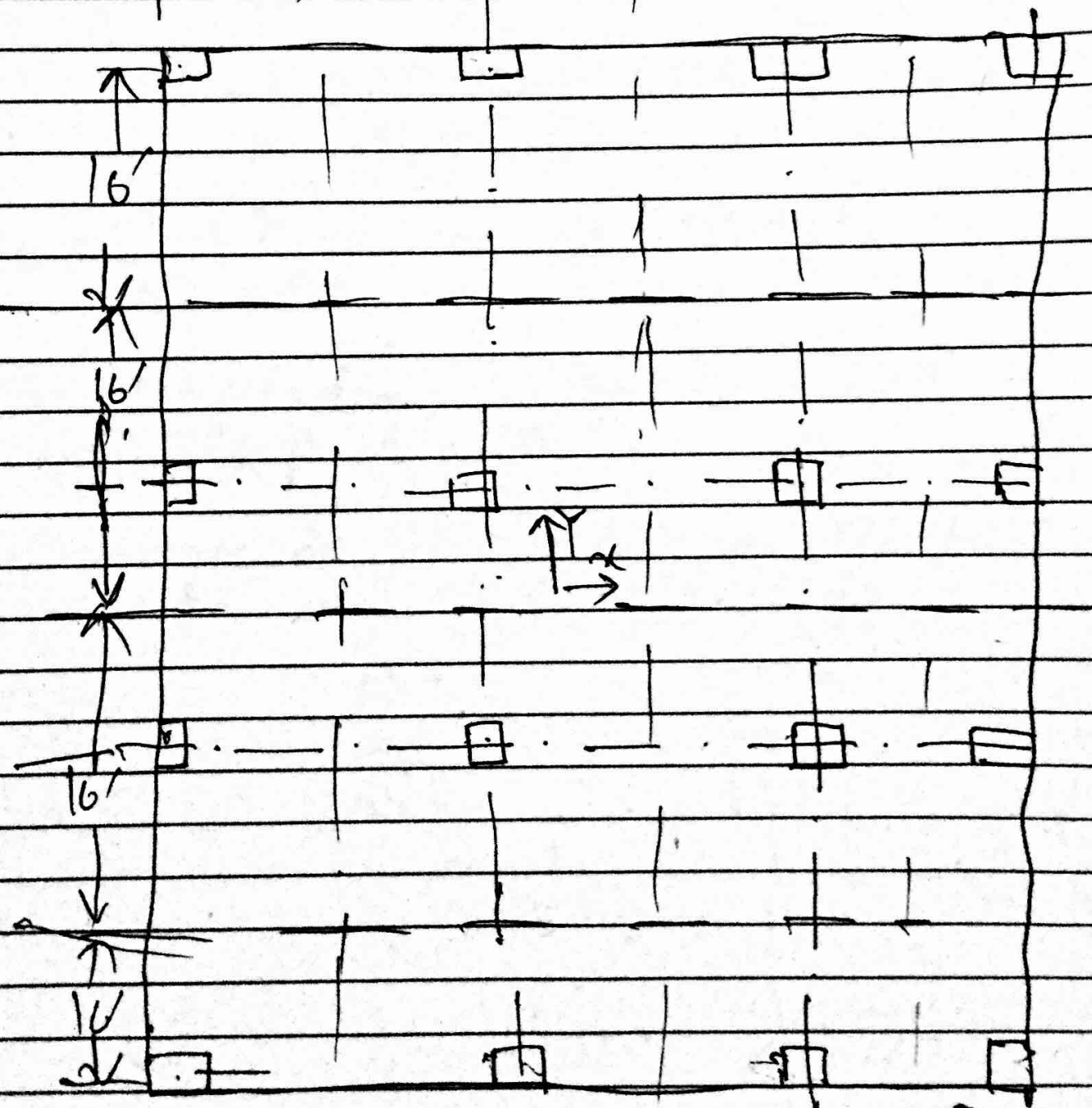
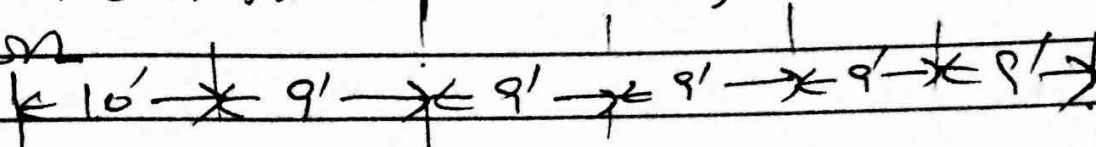
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Area available = $56 \times 66 = 3696 \text{ ft}^2$

So, opting for Mat/Raft foundation

Dividing given layout in longitudinal and transverse Beams, as shown



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Now, Calculating ultimate bearing of Soil on Raft foundation will be

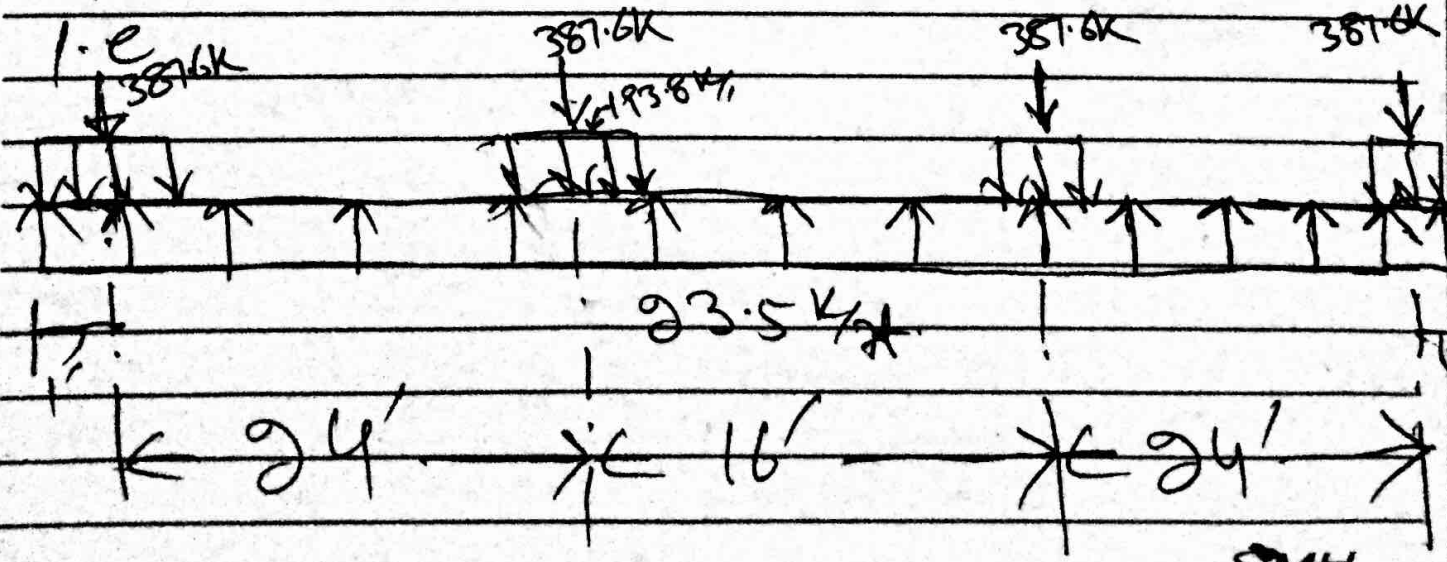
$$q_u = \frac{\text{Total factored load}}{\text{Area of Footing}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total factored load} &= 1.2 * D.L + 1.6 * L.L \\ &= 1.2 * 3880 + 1.6 * 3120 \\ &= 9648 \text{ k} \end{aligned}$$

$$q_u = \frac{9648}{56 * 66} = 2.61 \text{ k/ft}^2$$

Now, Longitudinal Strength design Exterior Step of width 9ft.

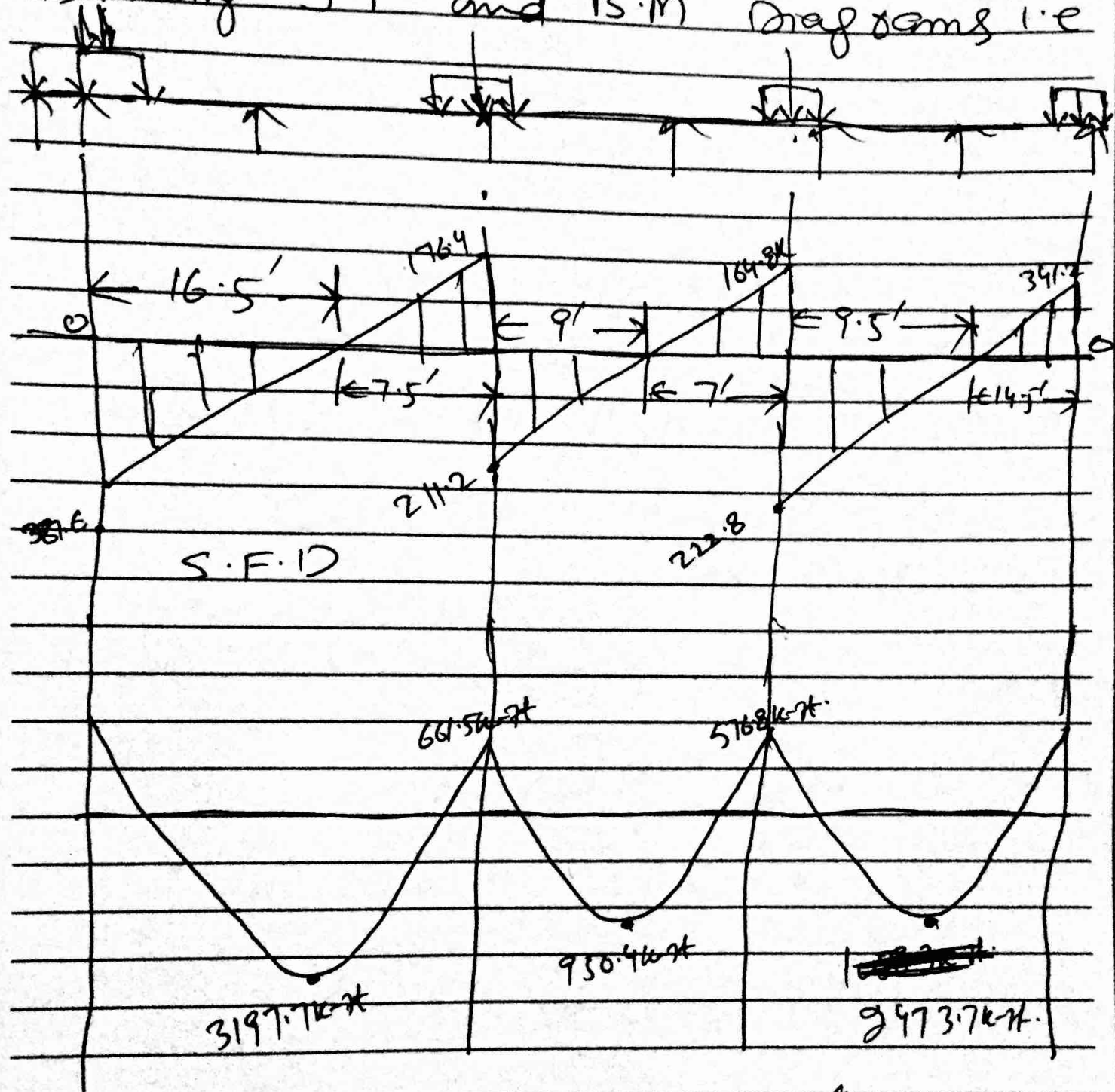
Both pressure on step per linear foot will be $= 2.61 * 9 = 23.5 \text{ k/ft}$.



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Drawing S.F and B.M Diagrams i.e



Now, Considering $d = 34''$,

$$f_{min} = 0.018 \Rightarrow A_{smin} = 0.018 \times 9 \times 12 \times 34$$

$$= 6.614 \text{ in}^2$$

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Now

$$a = \frac{6.61 \times 60}{0.85 \times 4 \times 9 \times 12} = 1.08''$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi M_n = \phi A_s f_y (d - a/2)$$

$$= 0.9 \times 6.61 \times 60 (34 - a/2) / 12$$

$$\phi M_n = 995.34 \text{ ft}$$

Now Calculating A_s from M_u i.e. take $a = 0$ i.e. $34''$

$$A_s = \frac{3197.7 \times 12}{0.9 \times 60 \times (34 - 3/2)}$$

$$A_s = 22 \text{ in}^2$$

Recalculate 'a' i.e. $a = \frac{A_s f_y}{0.85 f_c' b}$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{22 \times 60}{0.85 \times 4 \times 9 \times 12} = 3.6''$$

$A_s = 22.1 \text{ in}^2$ hence ok.

$$\text{Now } A_{smax} = \rho_{max} \times b \times d = 0.0206 \times 9 \times 12 \times 34 = 75 \text{ in}^2$$

Selecting #10 bars with $A_b = 1.27 \text{ in}^2$

$$\text{No of bars} = 18 \Rightarrow A_s = 22.86 \text{ in}^2$$

\Rightarrow #10 @ 6" C/C (Top reinforcement for -ve moment). SM Notes

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(7)

New Bottom Reinforcement for +ve moments @ Column intersections (Supports)

$$A_{smin} = 6.61 \text{ in}^2$$

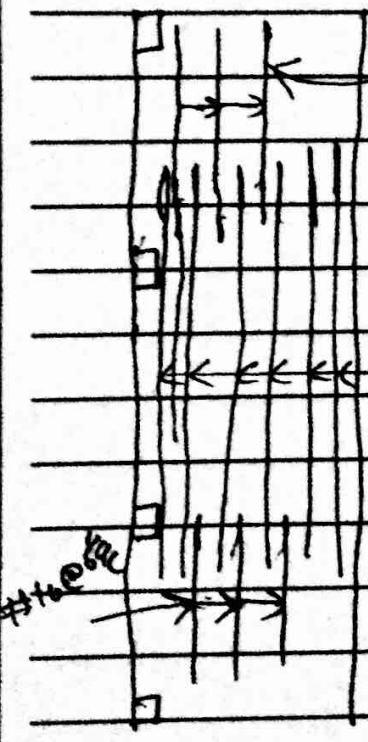
$$\Rightarrow \phi M_n = 995.3 \text{ k-ft}$$

Using #6 i.e. $A_b = 0.44 \text{ in}^2$

15 No of bars

$$\Rightarrow \#6 @ 7" \text{ c/c}$$

#10 @ 6" c/c (TOP)



#6 @ 7" c/c Bottom & top

Development length for top bars from table A-10

$$l_d = 49 * \frac{10}{8} = 5.17 \text{ ft}$$

(Available length upto support = 7.5 ft hence OK)

Development length bottom bars from table A-10

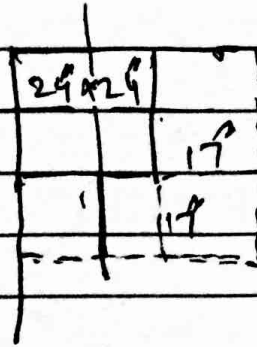
$$l_d = 38 * \frac{6}{8} = 2.47 \text{ ft. So upto } l_n/3 \text{ on both sides of column}$$

Now Checking depth of footing for most critical column i.e. Outer Edge Column having 2-fixed property lines i.e.

Perimeter for punching shear is

$$= \frac{(24+17) \times 2}{2} = 6.83 \text{ m}$$

$\approx 89 \text{ m}$



Now $\phi V_{cp} = \phi \times 4 \times \sqrt{f_c} b_o \times d$

$$= 0.75 \times 4 \times \sqrt{4000} \times 89 \times 34 / 1000$$

$$= 528.9 \text{ kN} > V_u$$

'd' is ok for punching shear.
Check for beam shear at a distance 'd' from the face of

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⑦

Column.

Beam Shear Capacity of Step is

$$\phi V_{cb} = \phi 2 \sqrt{f_c} B d$$

$$= 0.75 * 2 * \sqrt{4000} * 9 * 12 * 34 / 1000$$

$$\phi V_{cb} = 348.4 \text{ k}$$

Now ultimate shear at distance 'd' from face of exterior column from shear force diagram is

$$V_u = 387.6 - \frac{23.5(12+34)}{12}$$

$$= 297.5 \text{ k}$$

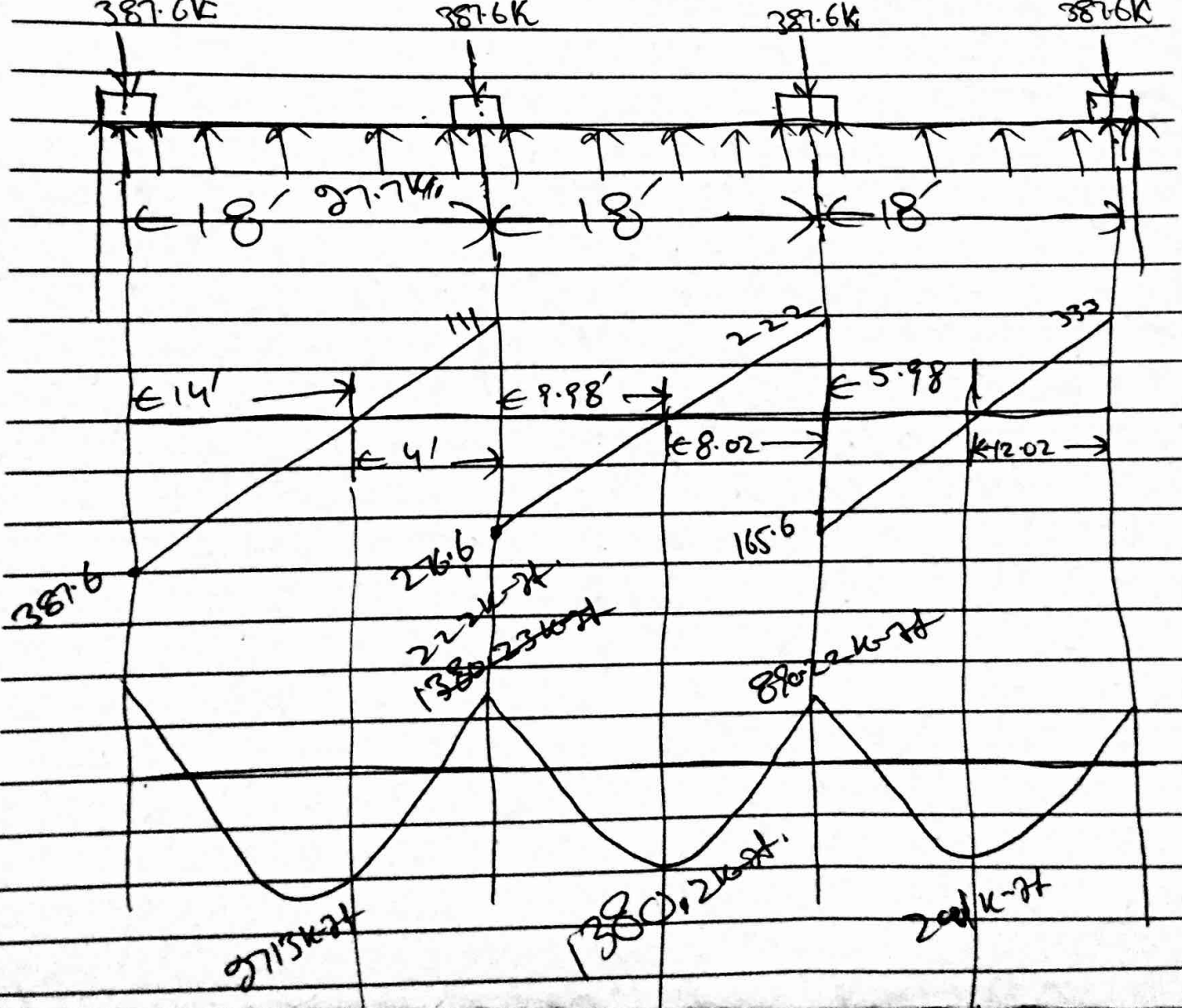
which show that

$\phi V_{cb} > V_u$, hence depth is also ok for Beam Shear at Critical Column of the building.

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New Checking Strength design of
external beam i.e



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Exterior Span Strength design for
-ve moments i.e

$$M_u = 2713 \text{ k-ft}$$

$$A_{smin} = 0.0018 * 16 * 12 * 34$$

$$= 11.75 \text{ in}^2$$

$$T_{\#} \phi M_n = 0.9 * 11.75 * 60 * (34 - a/2) / 12$$

$$a = \frac{11.75 * 60}{0.85 * 4 * 16 * 12} = 1.08 \text{ in}$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi M_n = 1769 \text{ k-ft}$$

\Rightarrow #6 @ 7" c/c (Mid Span Top & Bottom)

Exterior Span i.e
 $a = 0.1 * d = 3.4 \text{ in}$

$$A_s = \frac{2713 * 12}{0.9 * 60 * (34 - 3.4/2)} = 18.66 \text{ in}^2$$

Re-calculate a' i.e $A_s = 18.66 \text{ in}^2$

$$\Rightarrow a = 1.7 \text{ in} \Rightarrow A_s = 18.2 \text{ in}^2$$

Taking #10 bars, $A_s = 1.27 \text{ in}^2$

\Rightarrow 15, #10 bars, with $A_s = 19.05 \text{ in}^2$
#10 @ 12.5" c/c (Top Reinforcement).

SMHides

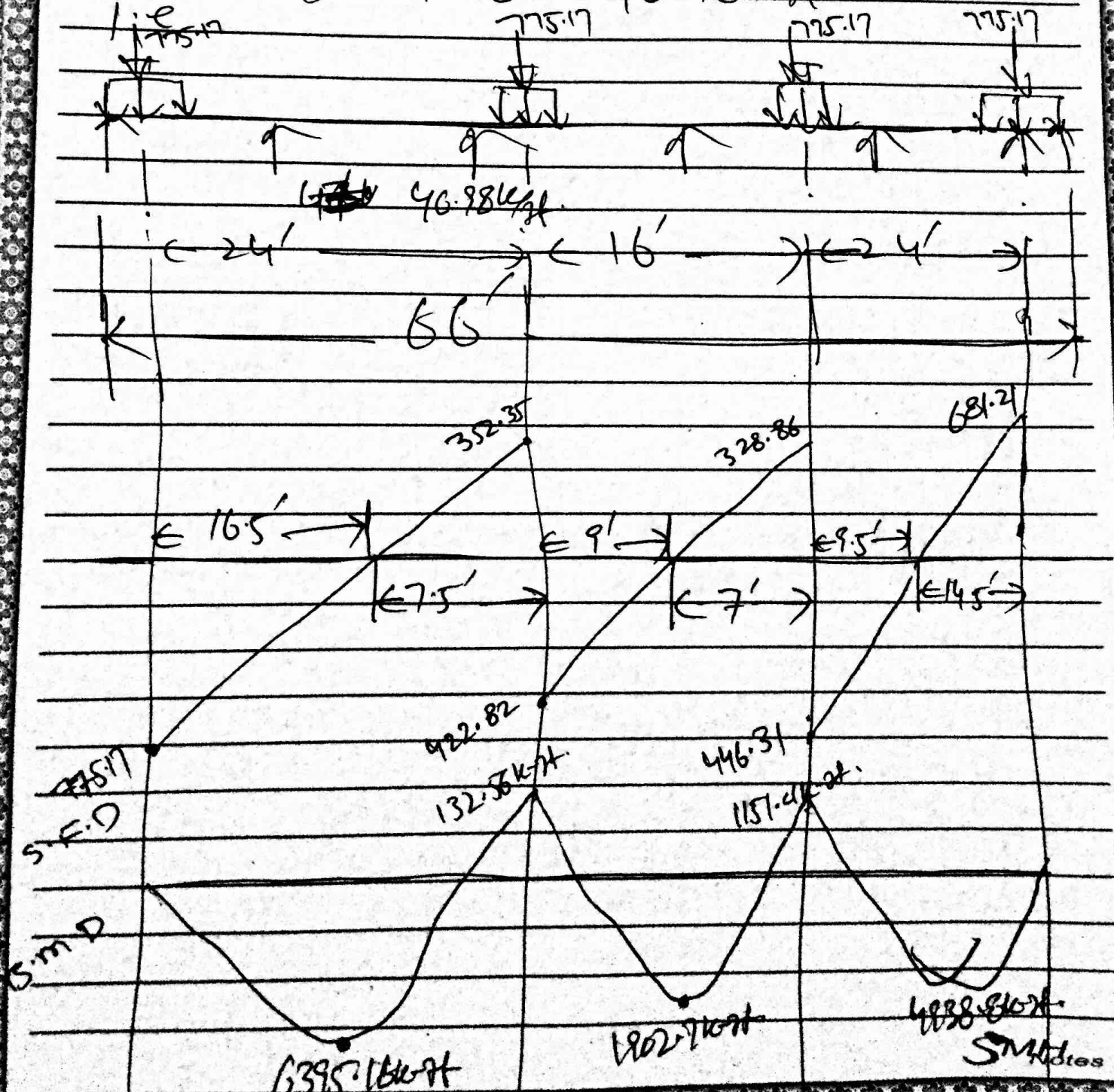
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(14)

Analysis of internal longitudinal
Step 1.2

ultimate bearing pressure on the step
 (18 ft width) per linear foot will be

$$q = 2.61 \times 18 = 46.98 \text{ ksf}$$



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Check 'd' for beam Shear Capacity at distance 'd' from face of column i.e.

$$V_u = 775.17 - 46.98 \frac{(12 + 34)}{12}$$

$$= 595.62 \text{ Kips.}$$

Beam Shear Capacity

$$\phi V_{cb} = \phi 2 \sqrt{f_c} B d.$$

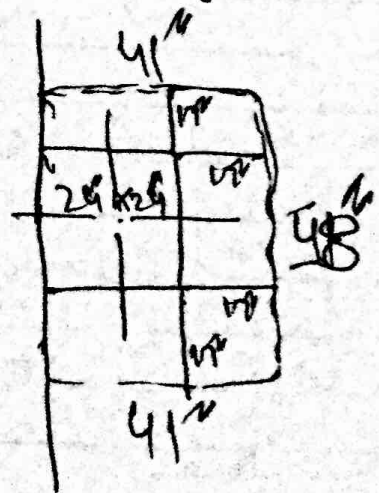
$$= 0.75 * 2 * \sqrt{4000} * 18 * 12 * 34 / 1000$$

$$= 696.7 \text{ Kips} > V_u \text{ OK.}$$

Check Punching Shear Capacity i.e.

$$\phi V_{cp} = \phi 4 \sqrt{f_c} b_o d.$$

$$b_o = 41 + 41 + 58 = 140''.$$



$$\Rightarrow \phi V_{cp} = 0.75 * 4 * \sqrt{4000} * 140 * 34 / 1000$$

$$= 903.15 \text{ Kips.} > V_u$$

'd' OK for Shear.

(16)

Exterior Span Top Reinforcement (-ve Moment)
flexure design i.e

$$M_u = 6395.16 \text{ k-ft}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{let } a = 0.1 \text{ and } d = 34''$$

$$\Rightarrow A_s = \frac{6395.16 \times 12}{0.9 \times 60 \times (34 - 3.4/2)} = 44 \text{ in}^2$$

Re calculate 'a' i.e

$$a = \frac{44 \times 60}{0.85 \times 4 \times 18 \times 12} = 0.36'' \quad 3.6 \text{ in}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cancel{A_s = 42 \text{ in}^2} \Rightarrow \cancel{a =}$$

$$\Rightarrow A_s = 44 \text{ in}^2 \text{ hence OK.}$$

Using #10 @ $A_b = 1.27 \text{ in}^2 \Rightarrow 35 \text{ No of bars}$

\Rightarrow #10 @ 6" ϕ_c (Top Longitudinal in
Exterior Span).

Now

$$A_{smin} = 0.0018 \times 18 \times 12 \times 34 = 13.2 \text{ in}^2$$

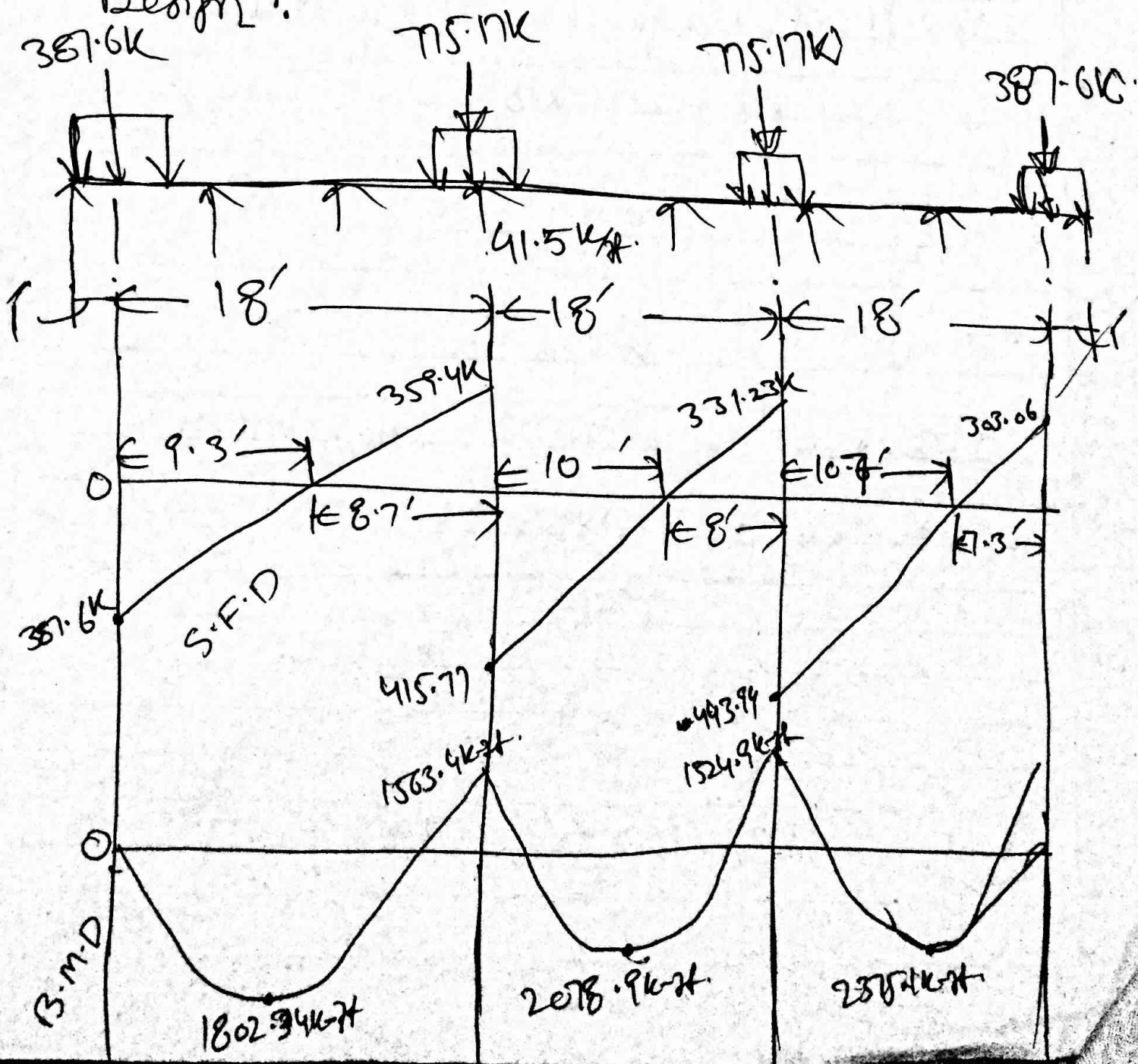
$$\Rightarrow a = 1.08'' \Rightarrow \phi M_n = 0.9 \times 13.2 \times 60 \times (34 - 1.08/2) / 12$$
$$\phi M_n = 1987.5 \text{ k-ft} > M_{us} \text{ (Calculated)}$$

Trying #6, @ 0.44 in² ⇒

⇒ #6 @ 7" c/c (TOP and Bottom Reinforcement @ interior supports and mid span).

Internal Transverse Beam analysis and

Design:



(18)

Design of Top Reinforcement (-ve Moment)
in transverse direction i.e.

$$M_u = 2375.1 \text{ k-ft}$$

~~$$\text{Assume } a = 3.4'' \Rightarrow A_s = 2375.1$$~~

First of All, $A_{s_{min}} = 0.0018 \times 16 \times 12 \times 34$

$$= 11.75 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{11.75 \times 60}{0.85 \times 4 \times 16 \times 12} = 4.3''$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi M_u = 0.9 \times 11.75 \times 60 \left(34 - \frac{4.3}{2} \right) = 1683.5 \text{ k-ft}$$

Use #6 @ 7" ϕ (Bottom Reinforcement).
Top Reinforcement (-ve moment) (the moment).

$$M_u = 2375.1 \text{ k-ft}$$

$$\text{Assume } a = 3.4'' \Rightarrow A_s = \frac{2375.1 \times 12}{0.9 \times 60 \times (34 - 3.4/2)} = 16.4 \text{ in}^2$$

Recalculate a' i.e

$$\Rightarrow a = 1.5 \text{ in} \Rightarrow A_s = 15.9 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 1.45 \text{ in} \Rightarrow A_s = 15.9 \text{ in}^2 \text{ hence OK}$$

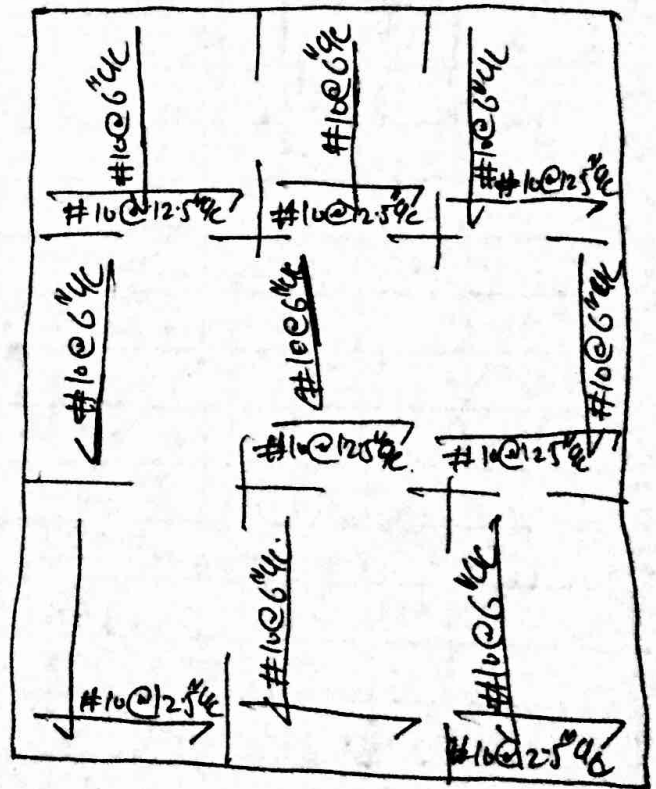
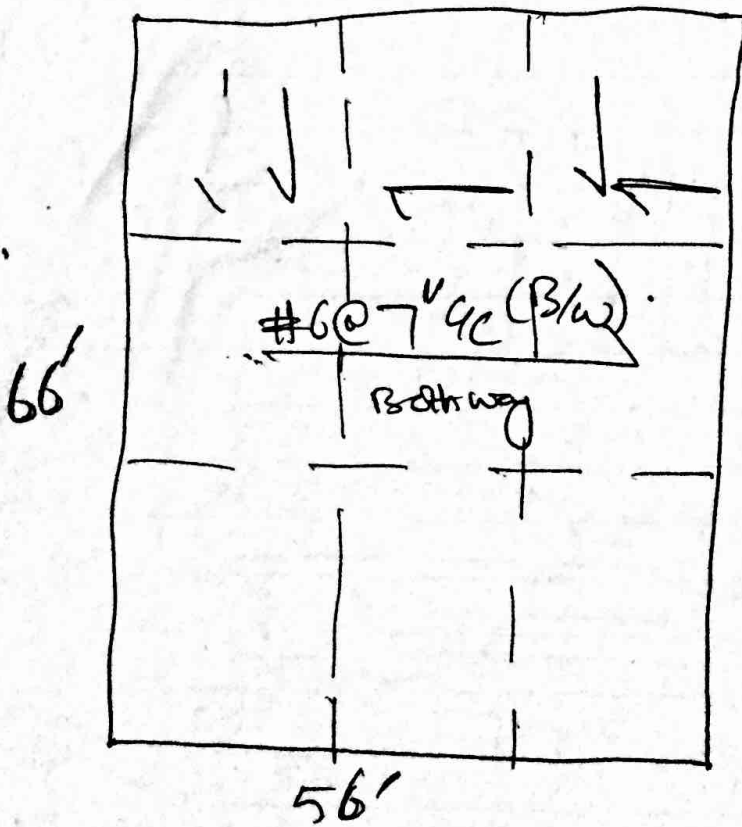
$$\text{Try } \#10 @ 1.27 \text{ in}^2 \Rightarrow 13 \text{ No bars}$$

$$\Rightarrow \#10 @ 14'' \phi \text{ (TOP Reinforcement)}$$

Taking 4.5" bottom cover and 3.5" top cover, total height/depth of footing will be

$$34 + 4.5 + 3.5 = 42" = 3'-6"$$

And Reinforcement will be (on the basis of calculation and ease of physical work) as shown below;



Bottom Reinforcement

Top Reinforcement.

