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Q1) Discuss Sir Syed Ahmed Khan's educational and political services for the Muslims.

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan educational services :-

Sir Syed Ahmed was the first Muslim leader who realized the importance of education for his people. In the order of equip the Muslim with the ornament of knowledge he opened the following education institutions and society which revolutioned the life of the Muslim of community.

(a) Two Madrasahs in Muradabad (1858) and Ghaziabad (1862) were opened which imparted Persian education in Persian.

(b) In 1864, Sir Syed Ahmed laid the foundation of Scientific Society which translated English works into Urdu.

(c) M. A. D High School Aligarh was founded in (1875).

(1) Educational backwardness of Muslims.

(2) Economic distress of Muslims community.

(3) Need for better of social status.

(4) Need for friendly relations with British rulers.

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan

Political service :-

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan rendered meritorious political services in order to defend the rights of the Muslims. His services were as under :

- After the war of Independence 1857, Sir compiled a pamphlet entitled *Rasala-i-Asbab-e-Baghawat-i-Hind*, in which he explained to the British that the Muslims were not the only forces behind the catastrophe of 1857. He established the following factors which led to the uprising.

(a) Misunderstanding of the people about the rulers.

(b) Maladministration by the army.

(c) Government's unawareness of the conditions and grievances of the people.

(d) Promulgations which were contrary to the wishes of the people.

• Sir Syed Ahmad Khan founded a patriotic Association in order to counter the anti-Muslim propaganda by the Hindus.

• He proposed a the system of separate electorate for Muslims in order to protect the political rights of the Muslim Community. He highlighted his views in the regard in a speech in 1883 by saying.

“The system of representation by election means to representation of the views and interests of the majority of the population.”

Q2:- Explain First Political and constitutional phase from 1947 to 1958.

Political Phase

(First Phase 1947 to 1958)

⇒ After the partition of India on the midnight of 14 and 15 August 1947 Pakistan followed the British system by creating the post of prime minister.

Based at the Prime Minister Secretariat the Governor General of Pakistan Quaid-e-Azam appointed Liaqat Ali Khan to establish and lead his administration on 15 August 1947. Before the Presidential system in 1960, "7" prime minister and served between 1947 until Marshal Law in 1958 by Ayub Khan.

Governor Generals of Pakistan :-

⇒ 1st Governor General
Quaid-e-Azam (14 Aug 1947 to 11 sep 1948)

⇒ Second Governor General
Nazim Uddin (14 sep 1948 — 17 oct 1951)

⇒ Third Governor General
Ghulam Mohammad (17 oct 1951 — 7 Aug 1955)

⇒ Last Governor General
Sikandar Mirza (7 Aug 1955 — 23 march 1956)

⇒ President ⇒ Sikandar Mirza
(23 march 1956 — 27 oct 1958)

Prime Ministers of Pakistan:-

⇒ First ⇒ Liaqat Ali Khan
(14 Aug - 16 Oct 1951)

⇒ 2nd ⇒ Nazim uddin
(17 Oct 1951 — 17 Apr 1953)

⇒ 3rd ⇒ Muhammad Ali Bogra
(17 April 1953 — 12 Aug 1955)

⇒ 4th ⇒ Chaudary Muhammad Ali
(12 Aug 1955 → 12 Sep 1956)

⇒ 5th ⇒ Hussain shaheed suhrawardi
(12 Sep 1956 — 17 Oct 1957)

⇒ 6th ⇒ I. I Chandrigarh
(16 Dec - 1957)

⇒ Last ⇒ Feroze Khan Noon
(7 Oct - 1958)

↓
(1958 → 1973)

Q3) What do you know about the geography of Pakistan?

Geography of Pakistan:-

Pakistan is located in South Asian it forms the northeast of subcontinent of Indopakistan of lies b/w the latitude of 23, 31 and 36, 45 north and b/w the longitudes of 61, 75 and 31 east, It is bounded to the west by Iran to the east by India to the north by Afghanistan. Which is called "Durand line" into the south by Arabia Sea. Pakistan border with (India 1610 km border with China 585 km border with Afghanistan 2252 km and border with Iran 805 km.

Area and Population:-

Province	Percentage	Area in square kilomet
Punjab	25 %	20,5345
Sindh	17 %	1,40,914
KPK	20 %	74,521
Fateh	13 %	+ KPK
Balochistan	43 %	3,74,140
Islamabad	1 %	906

Climate Pakistan:-

Climate of Pakistan is extreme, dry in base of climate condition.

- Cloud weather — December, March
- hot weather — April, June
- Monsoon weather — July, September
- Post Monsoon — October, Mid december.