

⇒ PAGE NO (1)

⇒ Name :- Zakir Ullah.

⇒ ID NO :- 17940.

⇒ Subject :- PAK Study.

⇒ Program :- DT.

⇒ Semester :- 1st Semester.

⇒ Submitted :- to :-
Sir Saad Haider.

⇒ Date :- 30/11/2020.

⇒ Section :- B.

Q:1 Discuss Sir Syed Ahmad Khan's educational and political services for the Muslims.

Ans: Biography:-

Name :- Ahmad Taqi.

Born :- 17 Oct 1817 Delhi.

Father Name :- Mir Muttaqi.

Mother Name :- Aziz-un-Nisaa

Maternal Grand Father :-

Khawaja Farid-ud-din.

Death :- 27 March 1898, at

Aligarh, India.

⇒ Educational Services:-

⇒ Educational Institutes.

⇒ Mutadabad School 1858.

⇒ Establishment of Student

Scientific Society in 1863.

⇒ Victoria School Gazipur 1864.

⇒ Aligarh Institute Gazette.

- ⇒ MAO High in 1875 which was later become MAO college.
- ⇒ Aligarh muslim university (AMU) in 1920.
- ⇒ Organized The Mohammedan Educational Conference.

⇒ Education :-

- ⇒ He got this primary education from his maternal grandfather. which include,
 - ⇒ study of Holy Quran, Arabic and persian literature.
- ⇒ Later has also acquired excellence of history, mathematic and medicine. But he didn't complete The medicine. Course.
- ⇒ He had also been introduced to some of India most able writers and had developed a love for Urdu literature.
- ⇒ Financial difficulties put an end to Sir Syed's normal education.

⇒ Sir Syed Ahmed Khan's

Goal :-

⇒ Sir Syed first and foremost objective was to modernize the Muslim following the western cultural values that could create a friendly atmosphere for the two communities. He motivated his community to learn the western philosophy and English literature to get along with the ruling people. Therefore, in order to fulfill his desire he started the Aligarh movement. He had two immediate objectives in view.

•1) To remove the state of tension between the Muslims and the British in government, and.

•2) To induce them to get jobs and other facilities under the new government.

=> Aligarh Movement:-

=> Aligarh movement was at apprising The British That muslims are not Only responsible for The war and Therefore undue wrath should not be inflicted to Them.

=>① Educational backwardness of muslim.

=>② Economic distress of muslims Community.

=>③ Need for better of social status.

=>④ Need for friendly relations with British rulers.

=>⑤ To persuade The muslims to get modern education and exhibit moderatel out look in every sphere of life.

⇒ Two Nation Theory:-

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan is regarded as one of the greatest exponents of the Two Nation Theory because after the Hindi-Urdu Theory because after the partition he was convinced that Hindus were not sincere towards the Muslims. Answering a query of Mr. Shakespear, Commissioner of Benaras he remarked, "Now I am convinced that both these communities will not join wholeheartedly in anything. At present there were two communities but on account of the so-called educated people it will increase immensely in the future."

⇒ Political Influence For Muslims :-

⇒ In The same year, Sir Syed founded The Muhammad Association to promote political co-operation amongst India Muslim from different part of The country. In 1886 he organized The All India Muhammadan Educational Conference in Aligar, which promoted his vision of modern education and political unity for Muslims.

=o=

Thank you

Q:2 Explain first political and constitutional phase from: 1947 to 1958.

Ans:- 1st phase (1947 - 1958)

⇒ After the partition of Pakistan on the midnight of 14 and 15 August, 1947 Pakistan followed the British system by creating the post of prime minister.

⇒ Based at the prime minister secretariate the governor general of Pakistan Quaid-e-Azam appointed Liaqat Ali Khan to establish and lead his administration on 15 August 1947.

⇒ Before the presidential system in 1960 7 prime ministers has served b/w 1947 until martial law in 1958 by Ayub Khan.

⇒ Governor Generals of Pakistan:

1) First Governor General is
Quaid-e-Azam:-

⇒ became first Governor General of the nascent state of Pakistan on Aug 15, 1947 upto 1948.

2) Second Khawaja Nazim-ud-din:-

⇒ became the second Governor General of Pakistan on 14 Sep. 1948 upto 17 Oct 1951.

* He was born on 19th July 1894 and died 22 Oct 1964.

3) Ghulam Muhammad:-

⇒ became the third Governor General of Pakistan on 17 Oct 1951 upto 6 Oct 1955

* He was born on 20 April 1895 and died 12 Sep 1956.

4) Sikander Mirza:-

=> became the 4th governor general of the nascent state of Pakistan on 6 Oct 1955 upto 23 March 1956.

* He was born on 13 Nov 1899 and died Nov 1969.

=o=

=> PRIME MINISTER OF PAKISTAN:-① => 1st Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan:-

=> became first prime minister of Pakistan on 15 Aug 1947 upto 16 Oct 1951.

=o=

② => 2nd Sir Iqbal Khan Nazim-ud din:-

=> became second prime minister of Pakistan on 17 Oct 1951 upto 17 April 1953.

③ => 3rd Mr. Mohammad Ali Bogra:-
 => became Third prime minister
 of Pakistan on 17 April
 1953 upto 11 Aug 1955.

④ => 4th Chaudry Muhammad Ali:-
 => Forth prime minister
 of Pakistan on 11 Aug
 1955 upto 12 Sep 1956.

⑤ => 5th Mr. Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardi
 Fifth prime minister of
 Pakistan on 12 Sep 1956
 upto 18 Oct 1957.

⑥ => 6th Mr. Ibrahim Ismail
Chaudhry:-

Sixth prime minister of
 Pakistan on 18 Oct
 1957 upto 16 Dec 1957.

⑦ => 7th Malik Feroz Khan Noon :-

Seventh prime minister of
Pakistan On 16 Dec 1957
upto 07 Oct 1958.

= 0 =

Thank You

Q:3 What do you know about The geography of Pakistan?

Ans:- Geographical Location:-

Pakistan is located in South Asian it form the northwest of subcontinent of Indo Pakistan. It lies b/w the latitude of 23, 31 and 36, 45. North and b/w the longitudes of 61, 75 and 31 east, it is bounded to the west by Iran to the east by India to the north by Afghanistan which is called "durand line" to the south by Arabian sea. Pakistan border with India 1610 km border with China 585 km border with Afghanistan 2252 km and border with Iran 805 km China.

=> Area and population:-

=> total area of pakistan
796096 km square.

=> punjab:-

punja is total area
2,5345 in cover
25% area.

=> sind :-

sind total area 1,40,914
in cover 17% area.

=> Kp :-

Kp total area 74,521
in cover 10% area

=> Fata :-

cover 3% area.

=> Balochistan:-

total area 30,74,190
in cover 43%.

(PTO)

⇒ Islambad:-

area total 90 km
in cover 1% area

⇒ Bolochistan:-

Bolochistan is largest
province covering of
pakistan 43% of the
total ~~are~~ ~~where~~ cover him.

= 0 =

⇒ climate of pakistan:-

climate of pakistan is
extreme, dry in base
of climate condition.

⇒ cold weather → December, March

⇒ hot weather - April, June.

⇒ monsoon weath - July - September.
post monsoon, October
mid december.

⇒ climate :-

weather is generalized of the day to day weather condition over a long period of time usually thirty years.

⇒ weather :-

weather refers to the atmospheric condition of any place for a short period of time change in the climate.

⇒ Rainfall :-

The quantity of water expressed in precipitated as rain snow hail or sleet in a specified area and the time interval.

⇒ Only in a few northern areas humid conditions the rainfall in Pakistan is (PTO)

Day. MTWTFSS

highest is northern areas
decreases towards south.

⇒ Monsoon winds:-

⇒ monsoon winds are seasonal winds which blow during summer and winds are called North-east monsoons.

⇒ South-west monsoon are against sea breeze which bring rainfall.

⇒ North ~~west~~ east monsoon from the lands towards the sea.

Thank you