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SEC** (A)
ASSIGNMENT:- PHARMACOLOGY.
QNO 1:**** ANS:***
ANTIBIOTIC GROUPING BY MECHANISM :
*) Cell wall synthesis.
*) penicillians cephalosporins.
*) vacnomycin Beta-lactamase inhibitors.
*) carbapenem aztreonam
*) polymysin.
1) INHIBITORS OF CELL WALL SYNTHESIS:
* BETA LACTAMS.
* Pencillin.
* cephalosporins.
* Monobactams.
* carbapenems.
*GLYCOPEPTIDES.
* FOSFOMYCINS.

CLASSIFICATION OF ANTI BIOTICS:--

Anti biotics are usually classified on the basis of structure, function and spectrum of their activity.

- 1) SRTUCTURE MOLECULAR STRUCTURE:--
- * B- LACTAMS BETA LACTAMS RINGS.
- * AMINOGLYCOSIDES vary only by side chain to attached basic structure.
- 2) FUNCTION HOW DRUGS WORK- ITS MODE OF ACTION.

functional groups

These all are function or component necessary for the bacterial growth. TARGETS FOR ANTIBIOTIC.

- * Inhibitors of cell wall synthesis
- * Inhibitors of protein synthesis.
- * Inhibitors of membrane function.
- * Anti metabolites.
- * Inhibitors of nucleic Acid synthesis.
- 3) SPECTRUM ACTIVITY:--
- * NARROW SPECTRUM.
- * BROAD SPECTRUM.

MECHANISM OF ACTION OF BETA LACTAMS:--

- * All pincillin derivatives produce bacteriocidal effects by inhibition of cell wall synthesis.
- * Specifically by cross of peptides linking on the mocussaccharides chain is prevented. if cell wall are improperly made up cell wall allow the water move into cell causing it burst.
- 1) BACTERIAL CELL WALL SYNTHESIS:-
- * The cell wall of bacteria are essential for their normal growth and development.

* In Gram- positive microorganism the cell wall is 50 to 100 molecules thick but it is only 1 to 2 molecules thick in Gram negative bacteria.

GLYCOPEPTIDE:---

* it include two similar structure

CANCOMYCIN AND TEICOPLANIN.

- * TEICOPLANIN not FDA improved IN the USA.
- * Both are high molecular weight (1500 to 2000 daltons).
- * GLYCOPEPRIDES have a specific chemical structure.
- * all are Bacteriocidal.
- * All are used for Gram positive activity.
- * inhibits cell wall synthesis at a site different than bacteria Lactams.

FOSFOMYCINS :-- spectrum of action,

- * inhibits cell wall synthesis at a stage of earlier than pincillin or cephalosporins FDA improved in 1996.
- * it is a Broad spectrum agents.

MODE OF ACTION:--

* inhibits the first step of peptidoglycan synthesis process.

2) INHIBITORS OF PROTEIN SYNTHESIS:--

* Aminoglycosides bactericidal gentamicin, Tobramysin, amikacin.

MALSK (Macroslides Lincosamides.

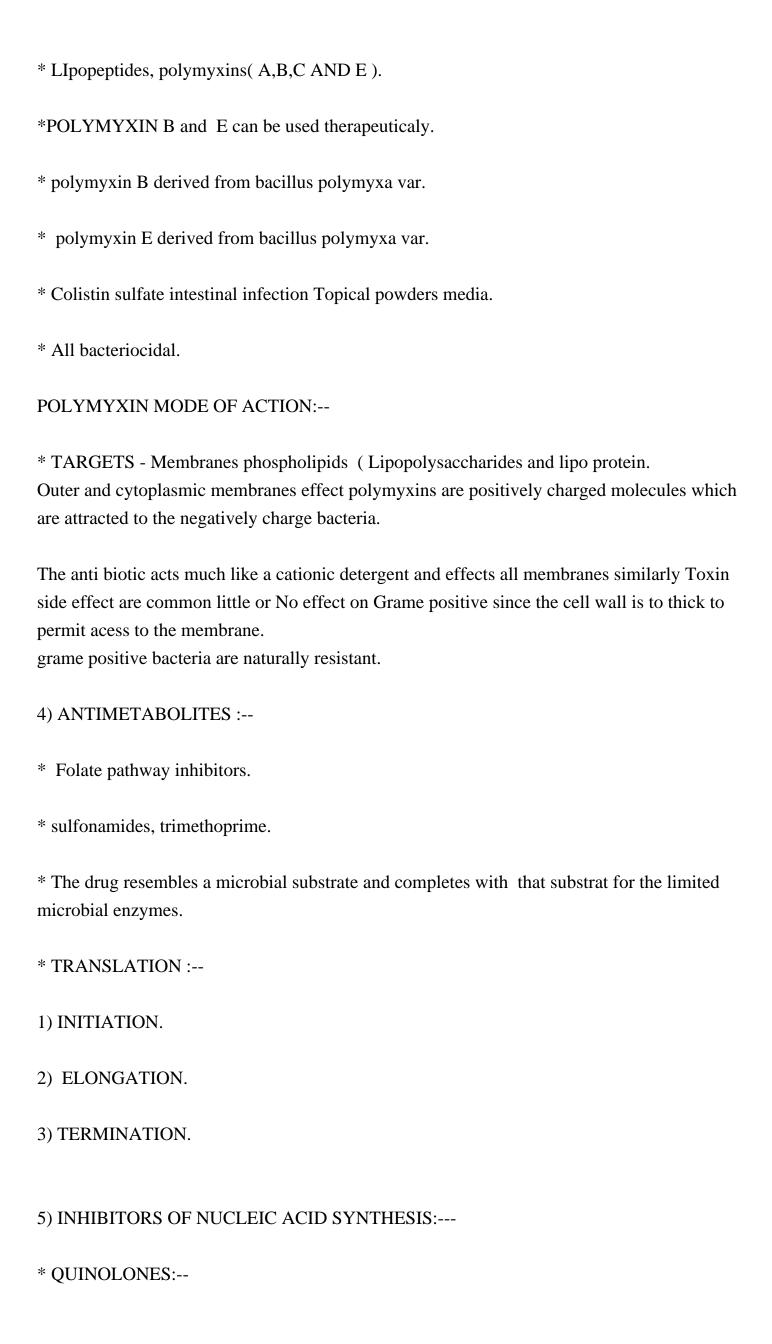
streptogramins.ketolides).

bacteriostatic erythromycin, clarithromysin, Azithromycin.

tetra cyclines bacteriostatic tigecyline.

phenols bacteriostatic chloramphenicol, Ansamysin. Rifampin.

3) INHIBITORS OF MEMBRANES FUNCTION:---



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