Iqra national university peshawer

Name muhammad hashim khan

Id 16001

Assignment mid term

Teacher zarpash zaman

Q .2:Explain how i will cope with the external and internal evirnoment and how all thses factore are effecting the busness?

It mean a business is made up of various surrounding which is called business envirnoent.

Business is made of some internal and external factors , so these factors are the envirnoment of business.

Internal envirnoment:

Those thing which are internal with in the controll of business.

Factor effect of internal envirnoment

Human resourses

A successful business is knows by it efficient human resourseand not by the building and machine.

Plans and polices:

A knowledge internal environment and its effect the funcationing of organization it important to understand.

• Vision, mission and objective:

A mission statment provides directions in setting objective and praming police of the oranization

Corporate image

To make the business acceptable to the socity every business must try to improve the immage

Financial resources:

The oranization must have a sond financial policy where the inflow of sound is more than the outflow

• Physical resources:

Physical resourse includes machne ,equipment ,building office preission, furniture and fixture.

External envirnoment:

Those thing which are external outside the controll of business.

So business environment is something which in internal as well as external factors having a affect on the business is direct or indirect formet form.

Feature

Totality of external force:

• Economic envirnoment

The term economic environment refer to all external economic factors that influence buying habits of consumer and businsses and therefore effect the performance of a company

Global environment :

Global environment consist of the internaltion interaction which are out of a company control and influence the operatons of a businss.

Political /legal environment:

The political envirnoment is a combination of a lot of factors such as the current political party is power, the degree of politicize of trade and industry the efficiency of the current government, government policies, current legal fram word, the public attitude toword the economy etc.

• Socio-culture envirnoment :

The Socio-culture environment is that part of firm's environment that has do within society and culture (as opposed to purely physical or economic factors)each firm operates within a particular socity.

Tecnological environment:

External factors in technology impacting on operations of busness.

Demograpic envirnoment :

The demographic envirnoment includes such factors as age distribution ,birth,death,martial status ,sex,eduction etc are often used for sementation purpose.

how external envirnoment affects manages.

- jobs and employment
- assessing environment uncertainly
- managing stakeholder relationship

Q. Explan how to plan, oranize, lead and control its operation?

Ans: planing:

- palning is the first step which is basically a logical thinking process that decide what needs to be done in order to achieve organizations goal and ojective organizing:
- involves grouping people into department according to the kind of job-specific task they perform
- decide how to coordinate organizational resourse.

Controlling

 controling the process of leading and influence the task relative activities of organization.

Q .3:make the following strategies for your resturent bussniess corporate strategies, Business strategies low cost strategies functional strategies?

Corporate business strategies:

Corporate business strategies are decision related to allocation of resourse among the different business of a firm, transforming resourse from one set of business to other and managing and nurturing a portfolio of businesses

business strategies:

is a core management function. It must be said that having a good strategy and executing the strategy well, does not guarantee success. Organisations can face unforeseen circumstances and adverse conditions through no fault of their own.

Low costing strategies:

Low cost strategy is a type of pricing strategy in which the firm offers the products at low price. This strategy helps to stimulate the demand & gain higher market share. Low-end Entry Level Brand.

Functional strategies: The third level of strategic planning is **functional strategies**, which are derived from the tactical strategies. Each functional area or department is assigned the specific goals and objectives it must achieve to support the higher-level strategies and planning. Functional strategies specify outcomes to be achieved from the daily operations of specific departments or functions. Functional strategies reflect that strategic and tactical objectives typically require the involvement of multiple functional areas, such as departments, divisions, and branches. Thus, the tactical plan is divided into the tasks and objectives of each functional area.

Q.4:expain the stage in the life cycle of the resturent?

Ans: Have you ever tried to follow the trail of a stick or a pinecone that was placed in a river, watching as it flows away? This is similar to the life cycle of a product or service. The stick or pine cone represents the product or service and the river represents the various places (stages) that the object passes through. Before we delve into just what each stage of the life cycle represents, let's first define the product life cycle.

Growth Stages

The introduction stage of the product/service life cycle is when a business is launching a product or service into the market for the world to see. For this lesson, let's use a product called Fab-O-Riffic, a brand new laundry detergent. In the introduction stage, Fab-O-Riffic is introduced into the market for people to purchase. This stage is designed with the objective of increasing the awareness of Fab-O-Riffic in an effort to get consumers better acquainted with the product or service.