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1  
QNo

What is different b/w paternalist and consumerist type of doctor?

Ans

### PATERNALISTIC :-

\* It refers to interactions in which decision is taken by the health care professional in other to benefits the patients.

\* Doctor acts a father.  
\* Patients accept the paternal role, of doctor and follow his guideline.

### Consumerist :-

That type of interaction in which patients is active and takes decision, while doctor is passive.

\* Doctor follow the patient's opinions.  
\* Patients reduce doctor controls.

"The End"



Q No

2:  
Which one is the most effective type style of doctor patient relationship and why? Explain detail?

Ans

The maturity is one of the most effective type of doctor patients relationship because in this type some of the important works. mutual relationship between doctor and patient. Meeting between understanding parties. Both are equal - partner. Exchange of ideas.

⇒ Report says the ability to empathize is the most important quality, in a health doctor. Patients partnership, this is the most effective way to gain the trust of a patients and to achieve a truly open, mutually respectful relationship.

Doctor must always take time to understand not just the physical ailment the patients is suffering from, but there emotional state, Dr petro Leper medical direction of memorial care center of obesity in Fountain valley, California. He say the most important thing b/w doctor patient is Trust. (The End)



Q.No:- Write a detail note on types of interviews?

Ans:- **Introduction:** \* It is a conversation where questions are asked and also answers are given.

\* A talk, a discussion, a meeting or a dialogue between two or more.

### Types OF INTERVIEW :-

- 1 Panel interview
- 2 one-to-one interview
- 3 video conference interview
- 4 presentation / Demo Interview
- 5 Case interview

#### 1 Panel interview :-

In a panel interview, typically there are six members having different roles in the organization ask candidate questions to assess their knowledge, skills, ability to make decisions, etc.

**For example;** armed forces recruitment, admission interview, job interview.

#### 2 ONE - TO - ONE interview :-

In one-to-one interview, one person takes the interview;

( P.T.O → )



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It is an interaction b/w the interviewer and interviewee.  
**For Example;** job interview  
Counselling session, viva etc.

### 3 video conference Interview:

video conference interview are becoming more common. They expand the scope of searching for qualified candidate with less cost and time involvement.

**For Example;** National and multinational job, recruitments.

### 4 presentation / Demo interview:

This type interview require presentation of already selected topics by interviewer in front of randomly assembled panel. Question are asked in b/w the presentation as well as after the presentation.

**For Example:-** class Assignment teacher, recruitment, marketing

### 5 case interview:

In case interview a candidate is given a problem to see how he or she would work it out on the spot and would manage the given problem.

(P.T.O →)



The problems that are presented come in many forms, but the interview wants to assess the candidate analytical skills ability to think under pressure, logical thought process, business knowledge and expertise, creativity communication, and quantity analysis skills.

**For Example;** Doctor / and physiotherapists marketing professional, @ interview.

### → Skill For Interview :

- 1 Build rapport
- 2 Show empathy
- 3 Use active listening
- 4 Ask open-ended questions  
(For deep ~~enly~~ analysis and reserve patients)
- 5 Ask closed ended question  
(To reiterate the talkative patient)
- 6 Use leading questions  
(where needed).
- 7 Avoid "why" question
- 8 Nonverbal communication/cues.

"The End"



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QNo

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## Ans → Reassurance to a Feared patient:

Some patient are very afraid from anesthesia and from any other process of dentists. We should keep care and provide a good reassurance to our patients. 1st of all we should keep busy to the patient, we start more game to the patient due to these purpose the patient feared will be decreased.

Or we follow steps by steps instruction. Gently breathe in - hold and let go. Gently pull your toes of towards your knees.

Just a little - hold briefly and let go. Press your heels into the floor - hold - and let go.

pull your knees together - hold briefly, now let them drift apart a little.

Squeeze your buttocks together hold now let go.

We used different patients the most common things

(P.T.O →)



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Given courage to has patients  
these is the main things  
for keeping fearing which  
is used most  
dentist .

"The End"



"The paper is End"

