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art and design

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Pakistan studies

Midterm

Ma'am: Beenish Shuja

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**Q1: What is ideology and were the aims and objective of the creation of Pakistan?**

**A1: Ideology definition:** The social or political program of any movement that becomes a collective objective of any nation is called ideology

**The ideology of Pakistan:** Muslims did not have right to participation and or association in decision making due to their Islamic beliefs and philosophy, the non-Muslims treated them very poorly. Therefore, a movement was formed, the movement was called the Pakistan Ideology. Muslims wanted a separate place/country where they could free practice Islam freely. Therefore, Pakistan was formed based on the Islamic ideology fundamentals.

**Some of the most famous and important scholars have said the following about the ideology of Pakistan:**

1. **Syed Ali Abbas:** Syed Ali Abbas former professor of history: "Ideology of Pakistan and Ideology of Islam have same meaning. Actually ideology of Pakistan is the practical shape of the teachings of Islam."

2. **Dr. Aslam Syed:** *"Ideology of Pakistan is the name of molding of individual and collective lives according to Islam and also of saving from conflicting ideologies."*

3. **Allama Allaud-Din-Siddiqui:** *"Ideology of Pakistan is the name of implementation of Islamic principles on persons. On groups & on government and Islam should be stronger than the strongest forces here"*

4. **QUAID-E- Azam:** Nation in Sub-Continent. He struggled for the separate state on the bases of Islamic Ideology. He himself explained this basic ideology

**There were several aims and objectives of the creation of Pakistan:**

### **1. Creating a free Islamic State**

To create an Islamic society where Muslims could have their own identity and government. Also, to give Muslims the right to practice their social and religious principles freely.

## **2. To be safe from communal Riots:**

Even after the British colonization, Muslims would still have their lives at risk because of the Hindu extremists and riots. Muslims would never be safe under the United India.

Therefore, Muslims needed a safer place to live in.

## **3. To develop a safe social and political system for Muslims.**

Post-independence war of the 1857, the social environment in the united India had changed alot. The caste system and other discriminations made the lives of everyone including Muslims very hard and horrified. Muslims was deprived of enjoyed both social and political liberties. Thus, Muslims required a separate living space where they could enjoy both social and political rights and privileges.

## **4. To protect the two Nation Theory:**

Muslims believed that their ideology is different than of the Hindu ideologies. Their lifestyle, culture, heritage, etc., differed in many ways. Therefore it was important for both of them to live separately under their own ways/laws, etc. They both required to enjoy their human rights while keeping their identity alive and secure.

## **5. To establish an Islamic State:**

In order for Muslims to implement the complete Islamic code of life practically, it was essential to create a state in the North East and North West of South Asia.

## **6. To achieve freedom:**

Living under the cruelty of Hindu extremists and British rulers had become unbearable for the Muslims, therefore, Muslims needed freedom from their oppression.

## **Q1:Reference:NOTES**

## **Q2: What were the efforts of sir Syed Ahmad Khan for education?**

**A2: Sir Syed Ahmed khan, a famous philosopher in the nineteenth century.** He always emphasized on the importance of education, especially among the Muslim nation. He wanted everyone to be educated and keep up with the modern advancements. He advised Muslims to be educated in all aspects, especially on the Western Education. He firmly believed that Education is very important part of the Nation Honour. Therefore, he started to establish educational institutions for Muslims, Where they would be educated both theoretically and practically.

Some of his established educational institutions are:

1. A first Persian Madrasa in Muradabad, in 1859.
2. In 1862, he founded a school in Ghazipur, which included English as a regular subject in its curriculum.
3. In 1863, he found a school named Scientific Society, in Ghazipur, which later shifted to Aligarh.

There are many more institutions that Sir Syed Ahmad Khan had established during his lifetime.

**Visited to England 1868**

**Aligarh school 1875**

**Aligarh College 1877**

**All Indian educational conference 1886**

**Aligarh University 1920**

**Q2: Reference:** <https://latestcontents.com/discuss-the-services-of-aligarh-movement-sir-syed-ahmed-khan/>

**Q3: write down any form of government and also describe what are the advantages and Q3: write down any form of government and also describe what are the advantages and disadvantages that form of government for Pakistan which you written?**

**A3:** A form of government that is admirable is the Democratic form of government. Most countries and or almost all countries that have the democratic form of government, they use the "Representative Democracy" form of government, where they elect a candidate who represents them in the parliament. Also, the elected candidate implements/work towards laws/policy, etc., that can help the society. It helps people save time, because they do not have to actively and regularly participate in the government, because a representative would already be working on behalf of them. According to Abraham Lincoln, "Democracy is "government of, by and for the people". An advantage of democracy would be that every eligible citizen could vote and help their elected candidate win with the majority of votes, however, the disadvantage would be for the minority that did not choose the elected candidate. With this majority can decide a law, but the minority may have issues and it will be very hard and slower to come up with decisions. Even though, every form of government has its own pros

and cons, however, democracy is among the ones with lesser negative aspects and has more of positive aspects.

Any kind of government can be in Pakistan, however, the implementation of its principles comes into question. It is unlikely that a form of government whether it be democracy and or liberalism, both will only service if the administrators implements them properly. However, for the sake of this question, I believe democracy can help people achieve their desired type of governance through electing their by votes their suitable candidate.

**Q3: Reference:** <https://honestproscons.com/pros-and-cons-of-democracy/>