

**IQRA NATIONAL UNIVERSITY**

**MID TERM ASSIGNMENT**

**ID: 16083**

**SUBJECT: PAKISTAN STUDIES**

**DEPARTMENT: CIVIL ENGINEERING**

**SEMESTER: FALL SPRING 2020**

**Q1: What was the concept of TWO NATION THEORY?**

**ANS:**

**HISTORY:** Muslim rule was established in the subcontinent in the beginning of the eighth century AD and continued when the last mughal emperor (Bahadur shah zafar) had a downfall. During this period, most of the muslim rulers treated their muslim and non muslim subjects with justice. The mughal dynasty ended because of their incompetence. Their incompetence was fully exploited by the east india company comprising of british traders, which gradually got hold of the entire Indian subcontinent.

**CONCEPT OF TWO NATION THEORY:** The two nation theory is the basis of creation of Pakistan. The two nation theory means that cultural, political, religious, economic and social differences between the two major communities that is hindus and muslims. This concept was given by Sir syed ahmed khan.

**SIR SYED AHMED KHAN:** Sir syed ahmed khan was the first political leader who gave the idea that hindus and muslims are two separate nations whose living together for a longer period would not be possible due to visible differences between them. In the early phase of his practical life, sir syed believed in united Indian nationhood. He was of the view that hindus and muslims were both one single nation who could defend their rights better by forging unity among them but in the light of later events, sir syed not only had change his way of thinking but also had to give up the idea of a united Indian nationhood. The change in his ideas came when hindus in banaras started movement against urdu in 1867, they were against this language because urdu developed during muslim rule and its writing in Arabic and Persian script was not acceptable to them.

**Q2: What is Ideology and what was the importance of the ideology of Pakistan?**

**ANS:**

**IDEOLOGY:** Every individuals life has a specific purpose in the attainment of which his knowledge and experiences guide him. Likewise, every nation has a predetermined objective of its collective national life. To achieve that, individuals of that nation work hard

collectively in the light of their collective wisdom and ideas. That collective idea or wisdom is called the ideology of that nation

**IDEOLOGY OF PAKISTAN:** The creation of our homeland, Pakistan has an extra ordinary importance in history. Pakistan came into being on the basis of an ideology. That is why Pakistan is called an ideological state. Before the creation of Pakistan, the national objective of the muslims of south asia was the creation of a muslim state where they could live freely. The collective thinking that guided the muslims in this aim was that the muslims were a separate nation from hindus and they should have their own separate homeland. This national objective and the collective thinking behind the fulfillment of this objective is called the ideology of Pakistan.

**IMPORTANCE OF IDEOLOGY OF PAKISTAN:** The importance of ideology of Pakistan is as follows;

**1: RIGHT OF SELF DETERMINATION:** In the decent civilizations of the world, right of self determination has got the place of basic human right. The muslims of subcontinent worked hard for the attainment of right of self determination, on the base of this right the muslims demanded separate electorate in 1906 and this right was awarded to the muslims in 1906's minto morley reforms.

**2: SYMBOL OF SECURITY OF THE MUSLIMS:** The ideology of Pakistan is very important for the muslims of the subcontinent after the start of this theory the muslims felt better and secured in the sub continent. The people who believed in the ideology of Pakistan although belonged to different races and different areas, were united. Because of this natural unity, they can defeat any foreign conspiracies and enemies of Pakistan.

**3: ENDING OF HINDU MUSLIM TENSION:** After the creation of Pakistan, hindu muslim tension which had been a part of daily life ended. Along with that tension the events of terrorism also ended. They both got peaceful atmosphere which is necessary for the development of any society.

**4: CAUSE OF INDEPENDENCE OF MUSLIMS:** Ideology of Pakistan the cause of independence of muslims. Because of the ideology of Pakistan the muslims of india got freedom and they got social betterment. In addition to that other nations like hindus, Christians and Sikhs had other benefits out of that.

**Q3: Write down any form of government and also describe the advantages and disadvantages of that form of government which you have written?**

**ANS:**

**GOVERNMENT:** It is a system of social control under which the right to make laws, and the right to enforce them, is given to a particular group in society. Government power can be held by one individual, a few or a majority. Governments come in different forms. The basic law determining the form of government is called the constitution.

**OR**

A **government** is a group of people that have the power to rule in a territory, according to the law. This territory may be a country, a state or province within a country, or a region.

**FORM OF GOVERNMENT:** Forms of government are categorized by the power source power structure of any given state. Here we will discuss democratic form of government.

**DEMOCRATIC FORM OF GOVERNMENT:** Governments with democratic attributes are most common in the western world and in some countries of the east. In democracies, all of the people in a country can vote during elections for representatives or political parties that they prefer. Democracy is a form of government in which all eligible citizens have an equal say in the decisions that affect their lives. Democracy allows people to participate equally either directly or through elected representatives in the proposal development and creation of laws.

**ADVANTAGES OF DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT:**

- Democracies give people a chance to become personally involved with their government.
- The structure of a democracy works to reduce issues with exploitation.
- A democracy encourages equality in a positive way.
- Democracies usually grow faster economically than other forms of government.
- There is more consistency available in democracy than other government structures.

**DISADVANTAGES OF DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT:**

- Democracy is ineffective unless voters educate themselves on governing decisions.
- The structure of democracy depends upon the will of the majority.
- There is still the risk of creating a conflict of interest within the government.
- The cost of democracy is something that many people don't realize exists.
- Democracy requires more time to implement changes.