

Name :-

Salimanz Shah

Class :-

DT 1st Semester

Paper :-

PAK Study

I.D :-

17255.

Date :-

30.11.2020.

Q No.1

Ans:- Sir Syed Ahmad Khan educational and political services for Muslims.

o Educational :-

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was the first Muslim leader who realised the importance of education for his people. In the order of equip the Muslim with the ornament of knowledge, he opened the following educational

Institutions and Societies which revolutioned the life of the Muslim of Community.

① Two Madrasahs in Muradabad (1858) and Ghaziabad (1862) were opened which imparted education in Persian.

② In 1864, Sir Syed Ahmad laid the foundation of Scientific Society which translated English works into Urdu.

③ M.A.D. High School Aligarh was found in (1875).

④ In 1877 M.A.D High School was given the status of a Lord Lytton later on, this college became a university in 1920 A.D.

political:-

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was eminent political figure and a great visionary. He was renowned Muslim reformer of the 19th century. He had a dream to make the community and

Country. advance and take them forward on modern shapes.

His main interest was intellectual development of the people through modern education.

In the same year, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan founded the Muhammadan Association to promote political Co-operation amongst Indian Muslims from different parts of the Country. In 1886, he organised the all India Muhammadan Educational Conference in Aligarh, which promoted his vision of Modern education and political unity for Muslims.

Q2:-

Ans. First political and constitutional phase from 1947 to 1958.

After the partition of India on the midnight of 14 and 15 August 1947 Pakistan followed the British system by creating the post of prime ministers.

Based at the prime ministers Secretate they governor general of Pakistan Quaid-e-Azam appointed Liaqat Ali Khan to establish and lead his administration on 15 August 1947. Before the presidential system in 1960 "7" prime ministers had served between 1947 until March 1958 known in 1958 by Ayub Khan.

Governor Generals of Pakistan.

- ① 1st governor general of Pakistan Quaid-e-Azam from 1947 to 1948.
- ② Second Governor general of Pakistan Khwaja Nazimuddin.

- (3) Third governor general Ghulam Muhammad
 (4) Last governor general of Pakistan
 Sikandar Mirza.

Prime Ministers of Pakistan:

- (1) 1st prime minister of Pakistan is
 Liaqat Ali Khan from 14 August 1947
 to 16 October 1951.
 (4 years, 2 months and 2 days)
- (2) 2nd prime minister of Pakistan is
 Sir Khawaja Nazimuddin from 17
 October 1951 to 17 April 1953.
 (1 year, 6 months)
- (3) 3rd prime minister of Pakistan is
 Mohammad Ali Bogra from 17
 April 1953 to 12 August 1955.
 (2 years, 3 months, and 26 Days)
- (4) 4th prime minister of ^{Pakistan} Chaudhry
 Muhammad Ali from 12 August
 1955 to 12 September 1958
 (1 year 1 Month)
- (5) 5th prime minister of Pakistan
 Feroz Khan Noon from
 12 September 1958 to 17 October
 1959
 (1 year, 1 Month and 5 days)

⑥ 6th prime minister of Pakistan is Ibrahim Ismail Chundrigar from 17 October 1957 to 16 December 1957

(1 Month and 29 Days.)

⑦ 7th prime minister of Pakistan is Sir Feroze Khan Noon from 16 December 1957 to 7 October 1958.

(9 Months and 21 Days.)

Q3

Ans. "Geography of Pakistan"

"Geographical location";

Pakistan is located in South Asia. It forms the northwest of Subcontinent of Indo-Pakistan. It lies between the latitude of $23,31$ and $36,45$ north and between the longitudes of $61,75$ and 31 east. It is bounded to the west by Iran to the east by India to the north by Afghanistan which is called "Durand line" into the south by Arabian Sea. Pakistan border with India 1610 km, border with China 585 km, border with Afghanistan 2252 km and border with Iran 805 km.