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x ~~~~~ x ~~~~~ x

Q.1 :-

a) -

Ans :- Given data :-

$$P = 200,000$$

$$S = 10,000$$

$$n \text{ or } N = 20 \text{ years}$$

Required :-

$$\text{Depreciation} = D = ?$$

Solution :-

$$D = (P - S) / n$$

$$D = \frac{200,000 - 10,000}{20}$$

$$D = 9500 \text{ annually}$$

at the given data.

x ~~~~~ x ~~~~~ x

Q1 :-

b) -

Ans :- Given :-

$$\text{Energy} = E = 10,000 \text{ kwh}$$

$$\text{Current} = I = 40 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{Voltage} = V = 230 \text{ V}$$

Required :-

$$\text{Annual bill} = ?$$

$$\text{equivalent flat rate} = ?$$

Solution:-

As we know by formula;

So:-

$$P = VI \cos \theta = 230 \times 40 \times 1$$

$$P = 9200 \text{ W}$$

or

$$(P = 9.2 \text{ KW})$$

So:-

Electricity consumption for the first 500 hours is =
 $= 500 \times 9.2$
 $= 4600 \text{ KWh}$

As the cost of electricity is Rs. 2 / KWh, of the first 500 hours,

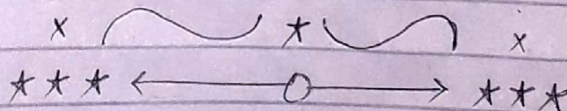
Therefore the consumer has to pay:

$$5400 \times 1 = \text{Rs. } 5400$$

$$\text{Annual bill} = 9200 + 5400$$

$$= 14,600.$$

The flat rate equivalent =
 $= 14600 / 10,000 = (1.46 \text{ per KWh})$



Q. 2:-

A)

Ans:-

Solution:-

Energy generated during 24 hrs.

$$= (500 \times 5) + (750 \times 1) + (1000 \times 1) +$$

$$(2000 \times 2) + (2500 \times 3) + (1500 \times 1) + (2500 \times 4)$$

$$+ (2000 \times 2) + (2500 \times 2) + (1000 \times 2) + (500 \times 1)$$

$$= 38,750 \text{ KW}$$

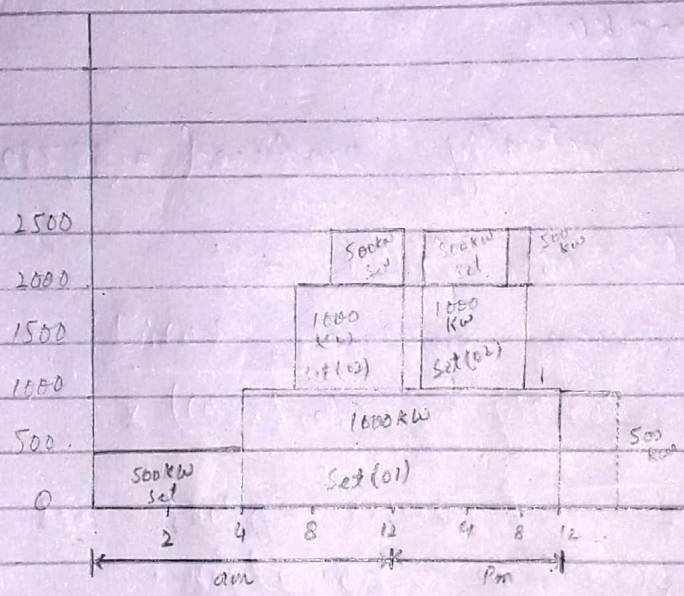
$$\text{Maximum demand} = 2500 \text{ KW}$$

load factor

$$= \frac{\text{Energy generated during 24hrs}}{\text{Maximum demand} \times 24 \text{hrs}}$$

$$= \frac{38,750}{2500 \times 24}$$

$$= 64.7\%$$



Plant capacity factor:-

$$= \frac{\text{Energy produced during 24hrs (kWh)}}{\text{Installed capacity (KW)} \times 24 \text{ hrs}}$$

Two sets each of 1000 KW, one set of 500 KW.

In this case a set of 1000 KW will have to be brought and kept as reserve.

The total installed capacity is:

$$= 1000 + 1000 + 500 + 1000 \text{ (reserve)}$$

$$= 3500 \text{ KW}$$

plant capacity factor =

$$= \frac{38,750}{3500 \times 24} = (0.46 \text{ or } 46\%)$$

with the operating sheduled fixed as above the energy that could have been generated by the capacity of plant actually running for the scheduled time would be

$$(500 \times 6) + (1000 \times 2) + (2000 \times 2) + (2500 \times 3) + (1500 \times 1) + (2500 \times 4) + (2000 \times 2) + (2500 \times 2) + (1000 \times 2)$$

$$= 39000 \text{ kWh}$$

$$\text{Energy actually produced} = (38,750 \text{ kWh})$$

plant use factor =

$$= \frac{\text{Energy produced (kWh)}}{\text{capacity of plant (kW)} \times \text{No. of hours plant has been in operation.}}$$

No. of hours plant has been in operation.

$$= \frac{38750}{39,000}$$

$$= (0.994 \text{ or } 99.4\%)$$

The End

