

32.  
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SECTION: "C"

SUBJECT: INTR. TO Structural  
Dynamic and Earthquake  
Engineering

INSTRUCTOR: ENGR. YASEEN MEHMOOD

# QUESTION # 01

ANSWER :-

## Given Data

Length of beam =  $l = 10'$

Beam pulled in downward =  $\frac{1}{2}''$

$E = 2900 \text{ ksi}$

$I = 150 \text{ in}^4$

$\delta_{st} = 7706 \text{ lb}$

Ignore self weight and damping effect

## Required:-

- 1- Natural time period = ?
- 2- Develop and solve equation of motion for vibration at free end = ?
- 3- Develop eq. showing variation in the equivalent static force with time = ?
- 4- Amplitude of equivalent static force = ?
- 5- Graph = ?

## Solution:-

The general equation of motion for SDOF system is.

$$kx + C\dot{x} + m\ddot{x} = P(t)$$

(Undamped system ( $c=0$ ) undergoing free vibration ( $p(t) = 0$ )

so general EOM because

$$Ku + mu = 0 \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$K = \frac{3EI}{l^3}$$

$$K = \frac{3 \times 2900 \times 1150}{(10 \times 12)^3}$$

$$K = 7.55 \text{ k/m}$$

In order to eliminate the chances of mistake during calculation, it is more appropriate to use fundamental with like lb, ft or kg, m, sec

$$K = 7.55 \text{ k/m} = 90625 \text{ lb/ft}$$

$$m = \frac{7706 \text{ lbsec}^2}{32.2 \text{ ft}}$$

$$m = 239.31 \text{ slug}$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{K/m}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{90625}{239.31}}$$

$$\omega_n = 20.03 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$T_n = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_n} = \frac{2\pi}{20.03}$$

$$T_n = 0.313 \text{ sec}$$

Putting values in eq- (i)

$$90625 u + 239.31 \dot{u} = 0$$

where  $k$  is in  $\frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}}$  and  $m$  is in  $\frac{\text{lb sec}^2}{\text{ft}}$

General solution to the EOM for underdamped free vibration is,

$$u(t) = u(0) \cos(\omega_n t) + \frac{\dot{u}(0)}{\omega_n} \sin(\omega_n t)$$

$$u(0) = \frac{1}{2}'' = \frac{1}{24} \text{ ft and } \dot{u}(0) = 0$$

$$u(t) = \left(\frac{1}{24}\right) \times \cos(20.03 t) + 0$$

$$u(t) = \frac{1}{24} \times \cos(20.03 t)$$

Equivalent static force at any time "t" is,

$$f_s(t) = k \cdot u(t) = 90625 \times \cos(20.03 t)$$

$$f_s(t) = 3776 \cos(20.03t)$$

Amplitude of dynamic displacement,  $u_0$  for undamped free vibration is

$$u_0 = \sqrt{\left[ (u \cos)^2 + \left( \frac{u \sin}{\omega_4} \right)^2 \right]}$$

$$= \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{24} \right)^2 + 0}$$

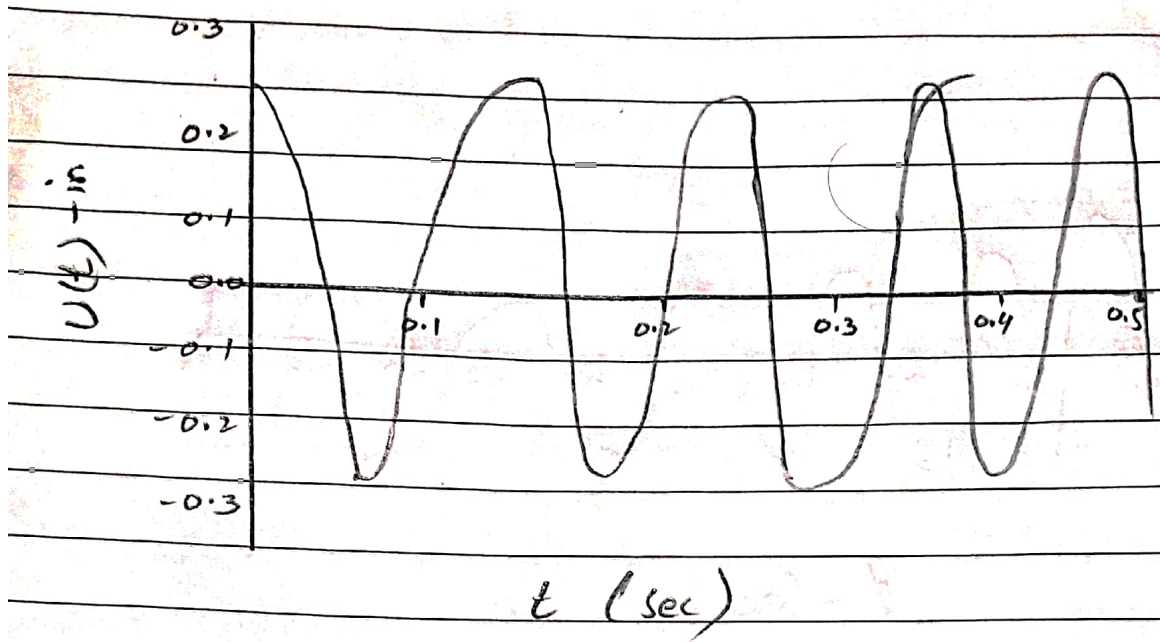
$$u_0 = \frac{1}{24} \text{ ft}$$

Amplitude of equivalent static force,

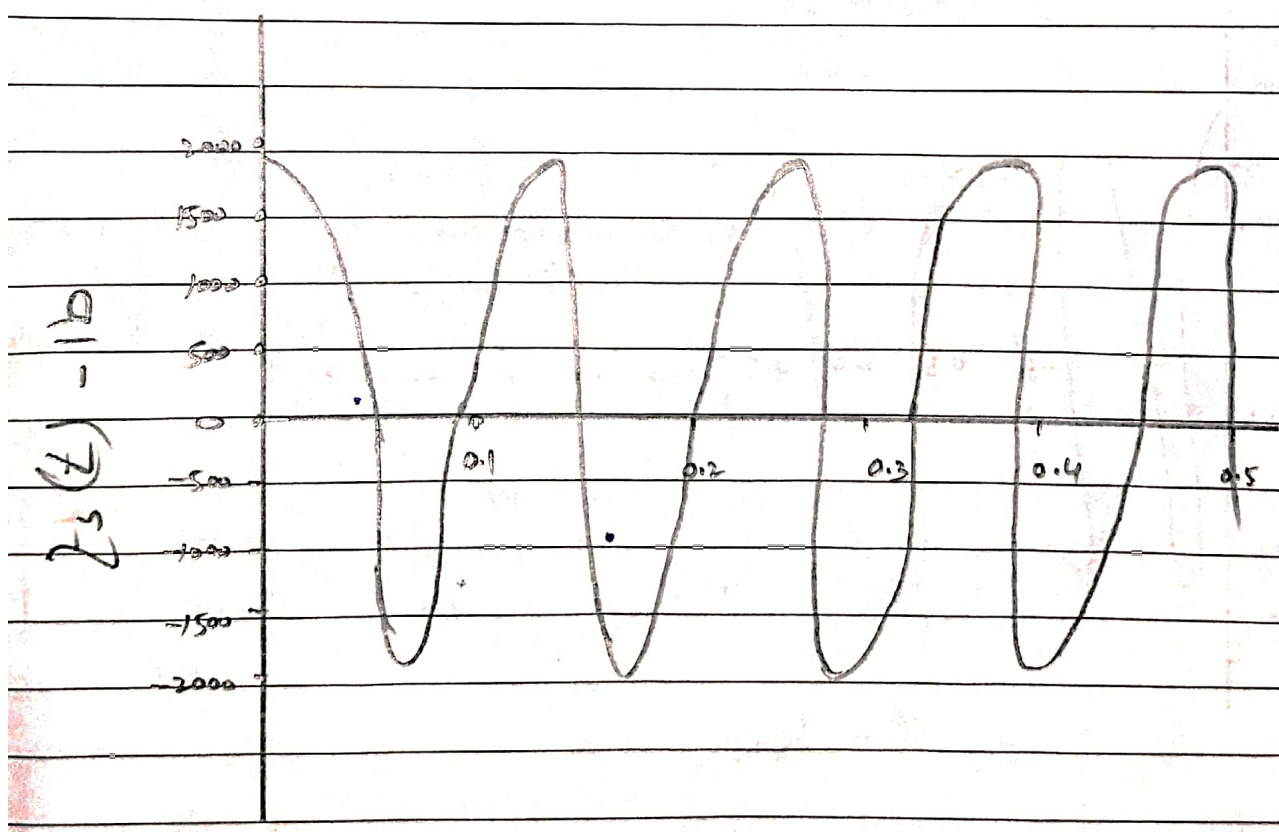
$$K u_0 = 90628 \times \frac{1}{24}$$

$$K u_0 = 3776 \text{ lb}$$

# UNDAMPED FREE VIBRATION :-



Variation of displacement with time



## QUESTION #02

ANSWER :

Given Data :

From Question "01"

Required :

- 1- Develop and solve eq of motion for vibrations resulting at free end.
- 2- Develop equations showing vibration in equivalent static forces with time.
- 3- Draw graph to show the variation of displacement with time and vibration of equivalent static forces with time.

Solution :-

Damping Ratio for RCC

$$\text{Min} = 0.80\% , \text{Avg} = 1.3\%$$

So,

we consider 1.3%

Equation of Motion for damped free vibration

$$ku + cu + mu = 0 \quad \text{--- (9)}$$

From problem (1)

$$k = 90625 \text{ lb/ft}$$

$$m = 239.31 \text{ lb-sec}^2/\text{ft}$$

$$c = 6 \times 2m \omega_n$$

$$c = 2 \times 240$$

$$c = 2 \times 239.31 \times 20.03 \times 0.013$$

$$c = 124.62 \text{ lb-sec/ft}$$

putting values of  $k$ ,  $m$ , and  $c$  in eq (9)

$$\Rightarrow 90625 + 124.62 \dot{u} + 239.31 u = 0$$

Solution to the EOM for damped free vibration

$$u(t) = e^{-\zeta \omega_n t} \left[ u(0) \cos(\omega_n t) + \frac{1}{\omega_n} \left[ \dot{u}(0) + \zeta \omega_n u(0) \right] \sin(\omega_n t) \right]$$

$$\omega_n = 20.03 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$\omega_n = 20.03 \text{ rad/sec}$$



$$u(t) = e^{-0.26t} \left[ \frac{1}{24} \times \cos(20.03t) + \frac{1}{20} \left[ 0 + \frac{1}{24} \times 0.013 \times 20.03 \sin(20t) \right] \right]$$

$$u(t) = e^{-0.26t} \left[ 0.041 \times \cos(20.03t) + 0.0005416 \sin(20.03t) \right]$$

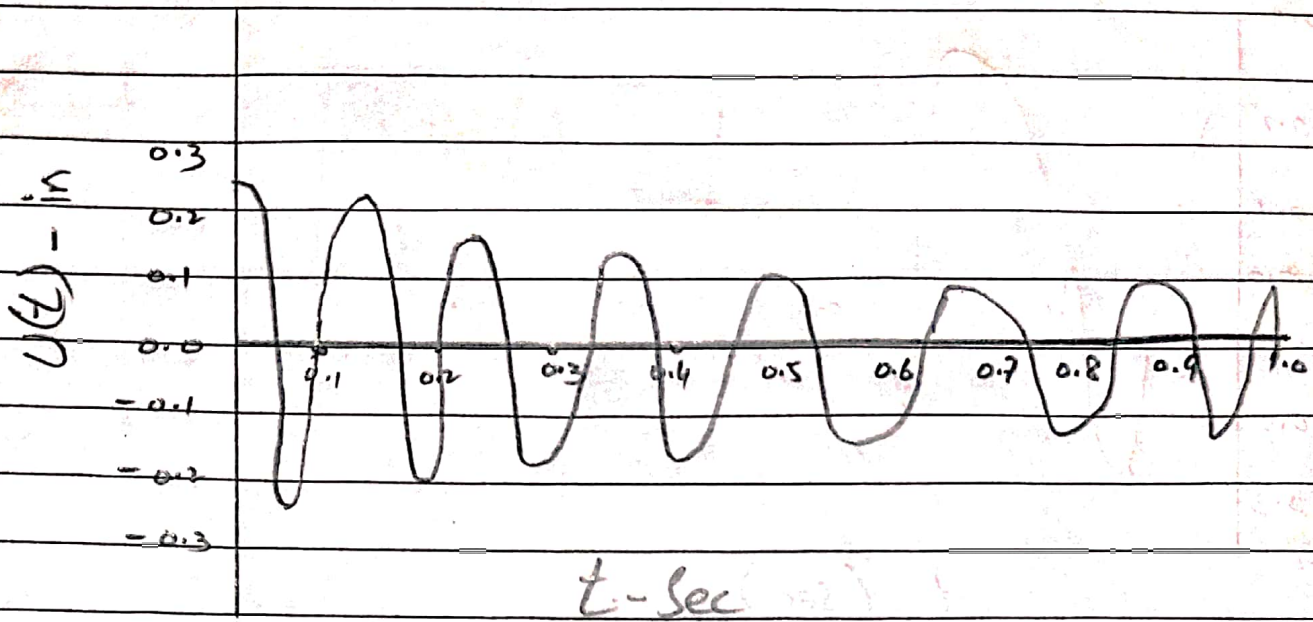
$$u(t) = e^{-0.26t} \left[ \right]$$

$$f_s(t) = K \cdot u(t) = 90625 \times u(t)$$

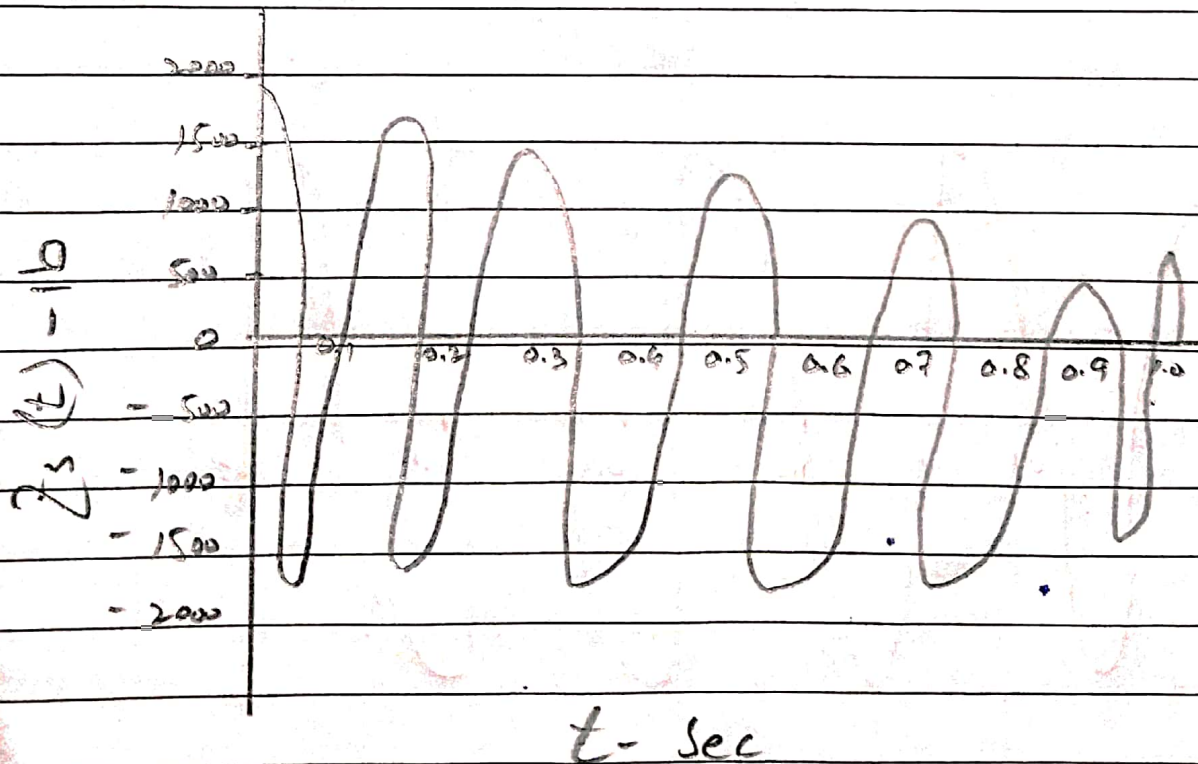
$$f_s(t) = e^{-0.26t} \left[ 3715 \cos(20.03t) + 49.08 \sin(20.03t) \right]$$

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# ⇒ DAMPED FREE VIBRATION



# ⇒ DAMPED FREE VIBRATION



# QUESTION #03

## ANSWER

### Given Data

Force =  $F = 60$  kips

Displacement =  $7706/1000 = 7.70$  "

No. of cycle 7 are complete in 3.57 sec

Amplitude =  $2.286$  cm =  $0.9$  "

Ignore vertical vibration.

### Required.

1. Damping ratios
2. Natural period of un-damped vibration
3. Stiffness of structures
4. Weight of tank
5. Damping coefficient
6. No of cycles to reduce displacement to  $0.5$  "

### Solution.

$$u_1 = 7.70$$

$$\text{After } j = 7, \quad 4j + 1 = 48 = 0.9$$

1.  $\beta = \text{Damping ratio} = ?$

$$j = \frac{1}{2\pi\beta} \ln \left[ \frac{u_1}{u_{i+1}} \right]$$

$$7 = \frac{1}{2\pi\beta} \ln \left[ \frac{7.70}{0.9} \right]$$

$$\beta = \frac{0.150^2}{2\pi(7)}$$

$$\beta = 0.00488$$

$$\beta = 4.88\%$$

$$2- T_n = ?$$

7 cycles of vibration are completed in 3.57 sec.

Now,

$$\text{Time required for 1 cycle} = T_0 = \frac{3.57}{7}$$

$$T_0 = 0.51 \text{ sec}$$

Now

$$\omega_0 = \omega_n \sqrt{1 - \beta^2}$$

$$\frac{2\pi}{\omega_0} = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_n \sqrt{1 - \beta^2}}$$

$$T_0 = \frac{T_n}{\sqrt{1 - \beta^2}}$$

$$T_n = T_n \times \sqrt{1 - \beta^2}$$

$$T_n = 0.51 \times \sqrt{1 - (0.0488)^2}$$

$$T_n = 0.5093$$

$$T_n = 0.51 \text{ sec}$$

3)  $k = ?$

$$k = \frac{60 \times \cos 60^\circ}{2} = 15 \text{ k/in}$$

$$k = 18000 \text{ lb/ft}$$

4- Weight of tank  $w = ?$

$$w_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{k}{\frac{w}{g}}} = \sqrt{\frac{k \times g}{w}}$$

$$w_n^2 = \frac{k \times g}{w}$$

$$w = \frac{k \times g}{w_n^2}$$

$$\text{Also } w_n = \frac{2\pi}{T_n}$$

$$w = \frac{k \times g}{\frac{4\pi^2}{T_n^2}}$$

$$W = k \times g \times \frac{T_n^2}{4\pi^2}$$

$$W = 12000 \times 32.2 \times \frac{(0.51)^2}{4\pi^2}$$

$$W = 3818.64 \text{ lb}$$

$$W = 3.81 \text{ K}$$

5-  $C = ?$

it is known that  $\delta = \frac{C}{2m\omega_n}$

$$C = \delta = 2m\omega_n$$

$$C = \delta \times 2m \left( \frac{2\pi}{T_n} \right)$$

$$C = 0.0488 \times 2 \times \left( \frac{3818.64}{32.2} \right) \left( \frac{2\pi}{0.51} \right)$$

$$C = 142.59 \text{ lb-sec/ft}$$

6. No. of cycle to reduce displacement amplitude from 770' to 0.5,  $j = ?$

$$j = \frac{1}{2\pi\beta} \ln \left[ \frac{d_{11}}{d_{j+1}} \right]$$

$$j = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 0.0488} \ln \left[ \frac{7.70}{0.5} \right]$$

$$j = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 0.0488} (2.7343)$$

$$j = 8.91 \text{ or } 9 \text{ cycles}$$