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SECTION : A

SEMESTER : BS (SE)

SUBJECT : DIGITAL LOGIC AND
DESIGN

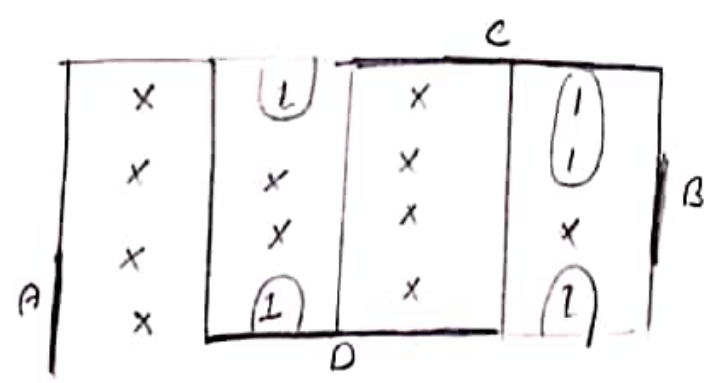
INSTRUCTOR : MUHAMMAD AMIN

EXAMINATION : FINAL TERM

Q 1) ANSWER:

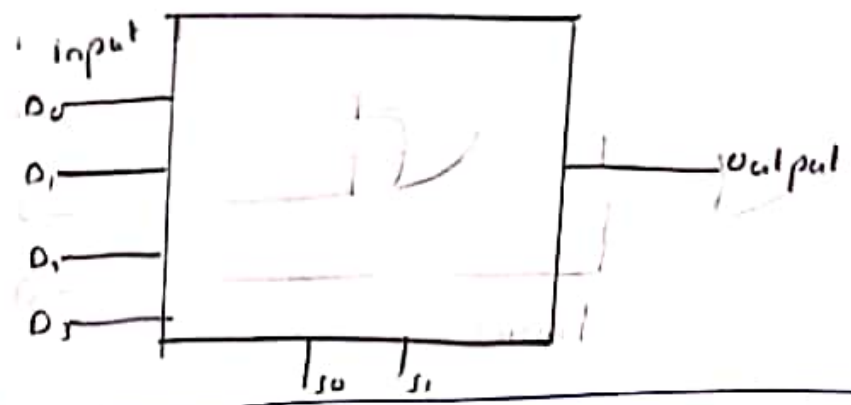
A	B	C	D	X
1	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0	0
0	0	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	1
0	0	0	0	0

K-map



$$X = A + D + C$$

$$A + C + D$$



Q 3)

ANSWER:

Add/sub = 1

So Add = 0 , Sub = 1

A = 1010

B = 1101

FOR ADD

Add	A	B	Add	Carry
0	1	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	0

FOR SUB

Sub	A	B	Sub	Carry
1	1	1	1	1
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	0	1



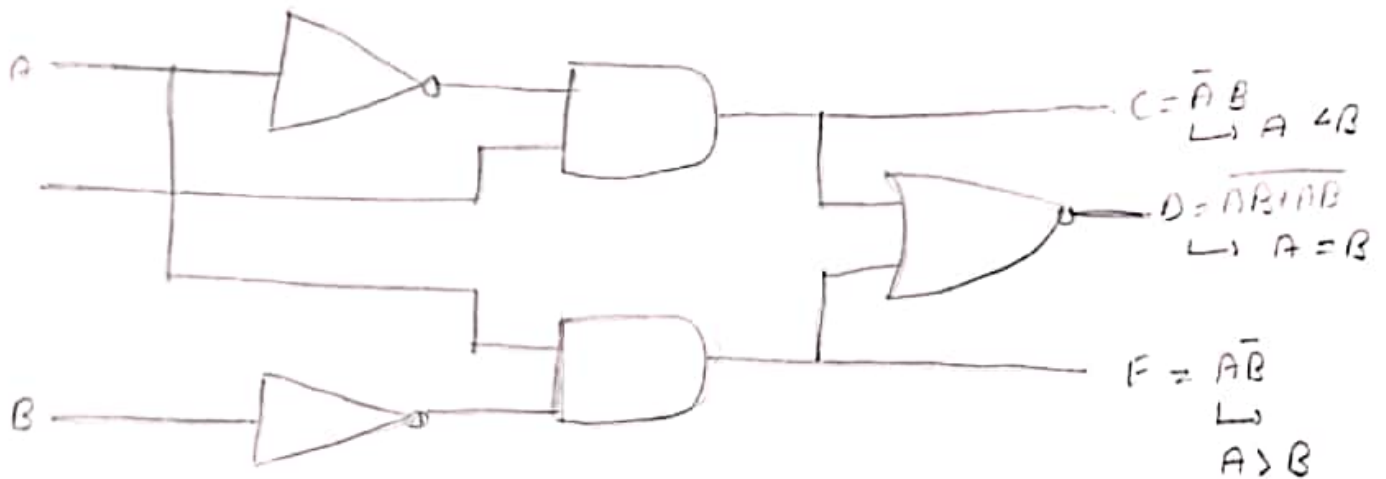
Q4)

(3)

ANSWER:

$$A > B, A = B, A < B$$

We consider the simple 1-bit comparator below.

1-Bit Digital Comparator Circuit:TRUTH TABLE:

Inputs		Outputs		
B	A	$A > B$	$A = B$	$A < B$
0	0	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	0

Q 5)

(4)

ANSWER

4-bit Gray to Binary Converter:

In a gray to binary code converter, the input is gray code and output is its equivalent binary code.

EXAMPLE:

First we draw gray code conversion table.

4-bit Gray code

4-bit binary code

0 0 0 0

0 0 0 0

0 0 0 1

0 0 0 1

0 0 1 1

0 0 1 0

0 0 1 0

0 0 1 1

0 1 1 0

0 1 0 0

0 1 1 1

0 1 0 1

0 1 0 1

0 1 1 0

0 1 0 0

0 1 1 1

1 1 0 0

1 0 0 0

1 1 0 1

1 0 0 1

1 1 1 1

1 0 1 0

1 1 1 0

1 0 1 1

1 0 1 0

1 1 0 0

1 0 1 1

1 1 0 1

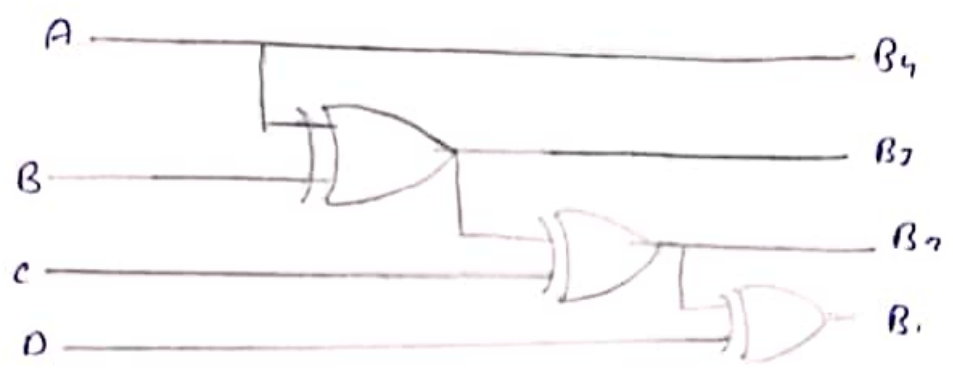
1 0 0 1

1 1 1 0

1 0 0 0

1 1 1 1

Circuit



1	0	1	1	Gray
↓	↓	↓	↓	
1	→ 1	0	→ 1	Binary

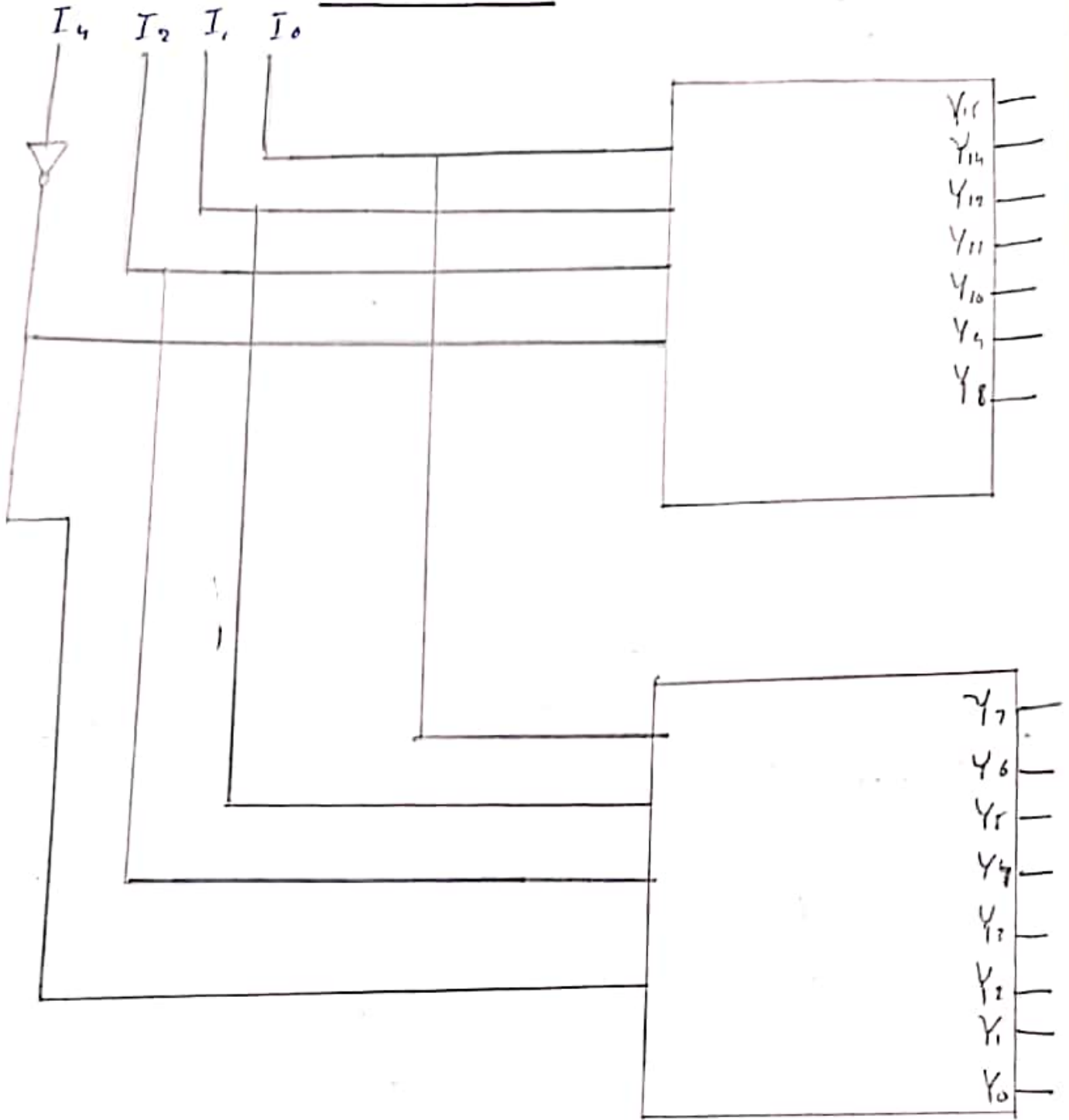


Q 6)

ANSWER:

4-bit decoder

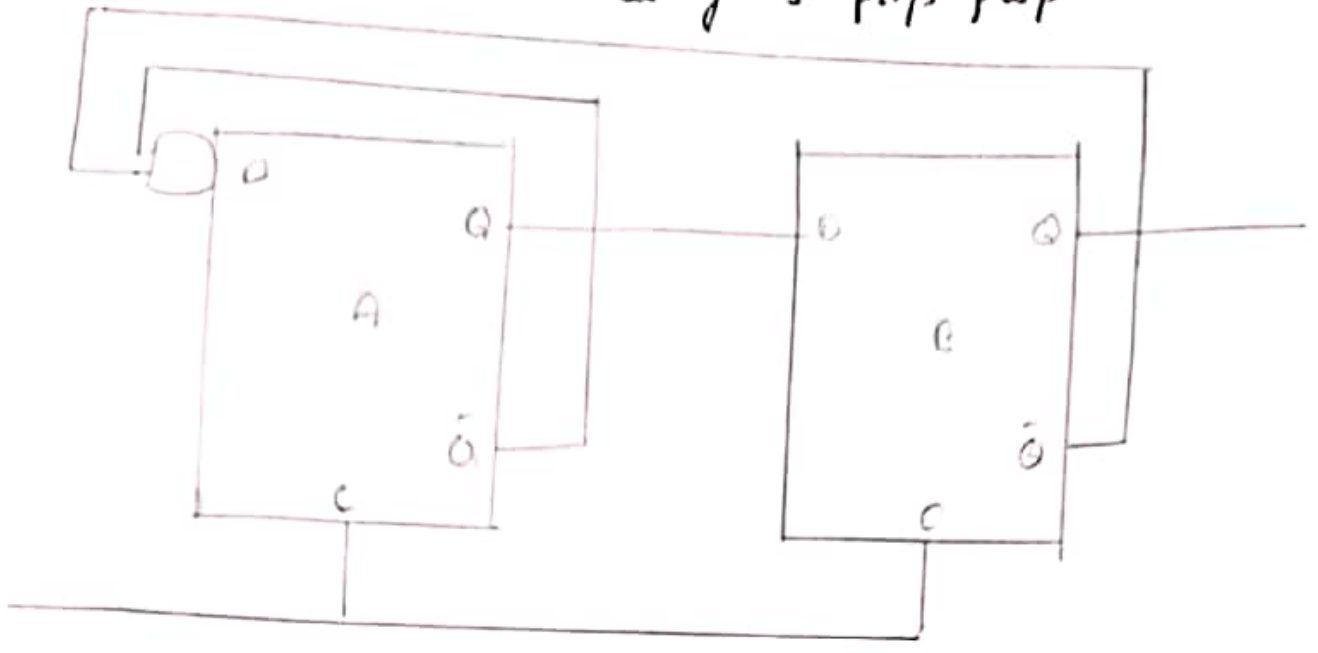
(3)



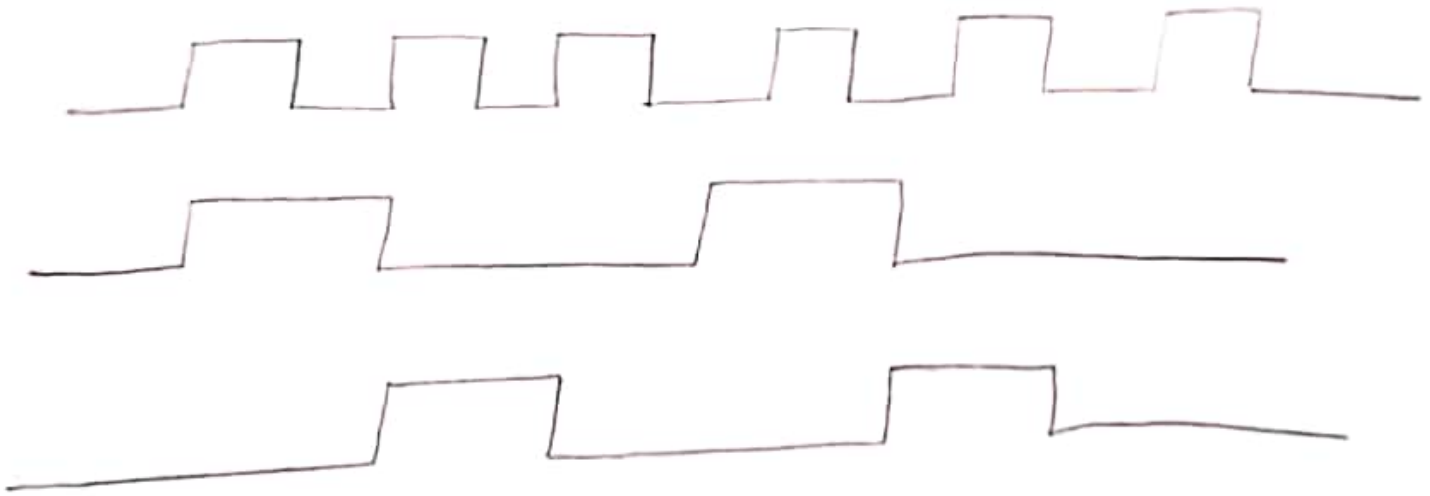
Q 7)

(7)

ANSWER: Logic diagram of frequency divider using 3-flip flop

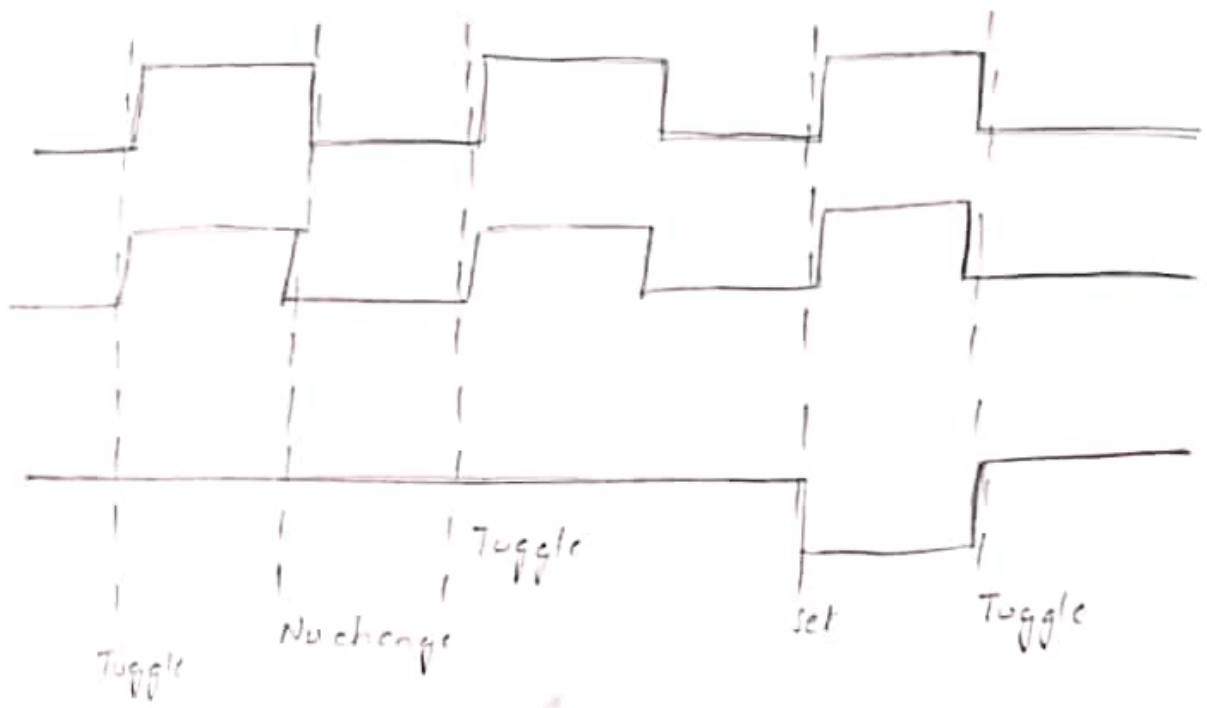


Dividing by 3



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ANSWER :



Q 9)

ANSWER:

