

Mid Term Exams

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①

Q1.) Two tangents meet at a chainage of (10) ft with the deflection angle of $14^{\circ}13'23''$ Degree of curve is 5° .

Calculate.

- 1.) Chainage at the beginning and end of the curve.
- 2.) Length of long chord.
- 3.) Mid ordinate and External distance?

Sol:-

Tangent meet at chainage
= 7952 ft

Deflection angle = $14^{\circ}13'23''$

Degree of curve = 5°

$$R = 5729.58 / D$$

$$R = 5729.58 / 5^{\circ}$$

$$R = 1145.916 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Tangent length} = BT_1 = BT_2 = R \tan\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right)$$

②

$$BT_1 = BT_2 = 1145.916 \times \tan\left(\frac{14^\circ 13' 23''}{2}\right)$$

$$BT_1 = BT_2 = 142.965 \text{ ft}$$

length of curve

$$L = \frac{\pi R \phi}{180^\circ}$$

$$L = \frac{3.14 \times 1145.916 \times 14^\circ 13' 23''}{180^\circ}$$

$$L = 284.31 \text{ ft}$$

Chainage of Intersection
point = 7695.2 ft

Minus tangent length = -142.965 ft

Chainage of T_1 = 7809.035 ft

plus tangent length = 284.31 ft

Chainage of T_2 = 8093.345 ft

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Length of Chord

$$= 2R \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right)$$

$$= 2 \times 1145.916 \times \sin\left(\frac{14^{\circ}13'23''}{2}\right)$$

$$= 283.731 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Mid ordinate} = R \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$= 1145.916 \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{14^{\circ}13'23''}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$= 8.815 \text{ ft}$$

External Distance

$$= R \left(\sec\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - 1\right)$$

$$= 1145.916 \left(\sec\left(\frac{14^{\circ}13'23''}{2}\right) - 1\right)$$

$$= 8.88 \text{ ft}$$

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b.) Soli:-

Changage = 30, 60, 90,
120, 150.

Offset No	offsets	Simpson Multiplier	Product
1.)	7.952	1	7.952
2.)	10.952	4	43.808
3.)	11.952	2	23.904
4.)	5.952	4	23.808
5.)	3.952	1	3.952
6.)	4.952		
			$\Sigma = 103.424$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area } (h_1 - h_5) &= \frac{C_1}{3} \times 103.424 \\ &= \frac{30}{3} \times 103.424 \\ &= 1034.24 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area } (h_5 - h_6) &= \frac{30}{2} (h_5 + h_6) \\ &= \frac{30}{2} (3.952 + 4.952) \\ &= 133.56 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{total Area} &= 1034.24 + 133.56 \\ &= 1167.8 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Ans

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Q2) Sol:-

Circular Radius

$$= 7952 - 7652$$
$$= 300\text{m}$$

Deflection Angle

$$= 20^{\circ}40'$$

point of Intersection

$$= 7952 - 5000$$
$$= 2952$$

Interval = 20m

Now,

$$R = 300 \times 2 = 600$$

$$BT_1 - BT_2 = R \tan \frac{\phi}{2}$$

$$BT_1 - BT_2 = 600 \tan \frac{20^{\circ}40'}{2}$$

$$BT_1 - BT_2 = 109.4\text{m}$$

length of curve

$$L = \frac{\pi R \phi}{180^{\circ}}$$

⑥

$$L = \frac{3.14 \times 600 \times 20^{\circ}40'}{180^{\circ}}$$

$$L = 216.31 \text{ m}$$

Chainage of point of
Intersection

$$= 2952 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Minus tangent} = -109.4 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Chainage of } T_1 = 2842.6$$

$$\text{Plus } L = 216.31 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Chainage of } T_2 = 3058.91$$

length of 1st Chord

$$C_1 = 2860 - 2842.6$$

$$C_1 = 17.4$$

$$C_2 = C_3 = C_4 = C_5 = C_6 = C_7 = C_8 = C_9 = C_{10}$$

$$C_{11} = 3058.91 - 3040$$

$$C_{11} = 18.91$$

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By Deflection Method

$$f_1 = \frac{1718.9 \times C_1}{60 R}$$

$$f_1 = \frac{1718.9 \times 17.4}{60 (600)}$$

$$f_1 = 0^\circ 49' 50.89''$$

$$f_2 = \frac{1718.9 \times 20}{60 (600)}$$

$$f_2 = \frac{1718.9 \times 20}{60 (600)}$$

$$f_2 = 0^\circ 57' 17.8''$$

$$f_2 = f_3 = f_4 = f_5 = f_6 = f_7 = f_8 = f_9 = f_{10}$$

$$f_{11} = \frac{1718.9 \times C_{11}}{60 (600)}$$

$$f_{11} = \frac{1718.9 \times 18.91}{60 (600)}$$

$$f_{11} = 0^\circ 54' 10.44''$$

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Total deflection angle
for the chord is,

$$\Delta_1 = \int_1 = 0^\circ 49' 50.89''$$

$$\Delta_2 = \int_1 + \int_2 = 0^\circ 49' 50.89'' + 0^\circ 57' 17.8''$$

$$\Delta_2 = 1^\circ 47' 8.69''$$

$$\Delta_3 = 2^\circ 44' 26.49''$$

$$\Delta_4 = 3^\circ 41' 44.29''$$

$$\Delta_5 = 4^\circ 39' 2.09''$$

$$\Delta_6 = 5^\circ 36' 19.89''$$

$$\Delta_7 = 6^\circ 33' 37.69''$$

$$\Delta_8 = 7^\circ 30' 55.49''$$

$$\Delta_9 = 8^\circ 28' 13.29''$$

$$\Delta_{10} = 9^\circ 25' 31.09''$$

$$\Delta_{11} = 10^\circ 22' 48.89''$$

Check,

$$\frac{\phi}{2} = \frac{20^\circ 40'}{2}$$

$$= 10^\circ 20'$$

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Q3.) Sol:-

$$\Delta AKM = 130^\circ$$

$$\Delta KMC = 140^\circ$$

$$1^{\text{st}} \text{ arc radius} = (7952 - 300) = 7652 \text{ m}$$

$$2^{\text{nd}} \text{ arc radius} = (7952 - 200) = 7752 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Chainage of Intersection point} = (7952 - 400) = 7552 \text{ m}$$

Tangent points = ?

Compound Curvature = ?

$$\alpha = 180^\circ - 130^\circ = 50^\circ$$

$$\beta = 180^\circ - 140^\circ = 40^\circ$$

$$\phi = \alpha + \beta = 50^\circ + 40^\circ = 90^\circ$$

$$T = 180 - \phi = 180^\circ - 90^\circ = 90^\circ$$

$$KT_1 = KN = R_1 \tan\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)$$

$$= 7652 \times \tan\left(\frac{50^\circ}{2}\right)$$

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$$KT_1 = KN = 3568.1862$$

$$MN = MT_2 = R_s \tan\left(\frac{\beta}{2}\right)$$

$$= 7752 \times \tan\left(\frac{40^\circ}{2}\right)$$

$$= 2821.4972$$

$$KM = MT_2 + KT_1 = 3568.18 + 2821.49$$

$$KM = 6389.67$$

Now,

$$\frac{BK}{MK \sin \beta} = \frac{1}{\sin I}$$

$$BK = \frac{MK \sin \beta}{\sin I} = \frac{6389.67 \times \sin 40^\circ}{\sin 90^\circ}$$

$$BK = 4107.200$$

$$BM = \frac{MK \sin \beta}{\sin I} = \frac{6389.67 \times \sin 50^\circ}{\sin 90^\circ}$$

$$BM = 4894.7711$$

(11)

$$T_L = KT_1 + BK = 3568.1862 + 4107.200$$

$$T_L = 7675.3862$$

$$T_S = MT_2 + BM = 2821.4972 + 4894.7711$$

$$T_S = 7716.2683$$

$$L_L = \frac{\pi R_L \times \alpha}{180^\circ} = \frac{3.14 \times 7652 \times 50^\circ}{180^\circ}$$

$$L_L = 6674.24$$

$$L_S = \frac{\pi R_S \times \beta}{180^\circ} = \frac{3.14 \times 7752 \times 40^\circ}{180^\circ}$$

$$L_S = 5339.395$$

Chainage of Intersection point

$$= 7552 \text{ m}$$

Chainage of Intersection point

$$- T_L = -7675.3862$$

$$\text{Chainage of } T_1 = -23.38$$

$$\text{plus } L = +6324.26 \text{ m}$$

$$= 6300.88$$

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Chainage of Compound Curvature (N)

plus $L_s = 5339.395$

Chainage of $T_2 = 11640.275$ m

