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Id :- 15928

class :- DPT Second Semester

Assignment:- Islamic studies.

⇒ Answer the following questions.

Q1. What is the meaning of Zakat? and explain its objective.

Ans **MEANING OF ZAKAT:-**

⇒ To clean, To make it pure

⇒ To Remove impediments and help in growth and development.

⇒ **OBJECTIVES OF ZAKAT:-**

⇒ Establish a welfare system in the society.

⇒ Ensure circulation of wealth.

- Create spirit of sharing.
- Reduce love for wealth.
- Generate harmony/love in the community.

SALAT & ZAKAT:-

- Mos referred in Quran together.
- Both are the fundamental form of worship.
- Mostly mentioned after "Eiman".
- Practical demonstration of "Eiman".
- Salat connect Human being with Allah.
- Zakat connect Human being with other.

ONE OF KEY PILLARS:

"So establish regular Prayer give regular Zakat and hold fast to Allah! He is your Protector the best to protect and the best to help!"

ZAKAT KEY ELEMENT OF FAITH.

"And they have been commanded no more than this: to worship Allah offering Him sincere devotion being true 'in Faith' to establish regular Prayer and to practice regular Zakat; and that is the religion Right and Straight."

ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ELEMENTS:

"The Believers must (eventually) win through"

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those who humble
themselves in their prayers

who avoid vain talk;
who are active in deeds
of Zakat;

BELIEVER PAY ZAKAT:-

"The
believers men and women
are protectors of one
and another: they enjoy
what is the just and
forbid what is evil: they
enjoin regular prayers
practice regular Zakat and
obey Allah and His apostle.
On them will Allah pour
His mercy: For Allah is
Exalted in Power and
wise.

CRITERIA FOR BEING MUSLIM:-

But (even so) if they
repent establish regular

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Prayers

and

Practice

regular

Zakat

they

are

your

brethren

in

faith.

(thus)

do

we

explain

signs

in

detail

for

those

who

understand.

⇒ **ZAKAT IS A WORSHIP:-**

be

steadfast

in

Prayer

and

regular

in

Zakat.

and

whatever

good

ye

send

forth

for

your

souls

before

you

ye

shall

find

it

with

Allah;

for

Allah

sees

well

all

that

ye

do.

⇒ **WHO SHOULD PAY ZAKAT:-**

⇒ Any

one

who

has

in

his

possession

more

than

equivalent

of

the

value

of

85gm

gold

or

634 gm

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of Silver over and above his living expenses.

⇒ On agricultural produce zakat is payable if the value of crop is more than 3265kg of wheat, rice or corn (popular grain).

⇒ All adults individually responsible.

⇒ **APPLICABILITY OF ZAKAT:-**
On the personal wealth (including income less expenses).

⇒ In case of Business:-
- on value of merchandise working capital.

- on Income / Profit.

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TYPICAL THINGS ON WHICH ZAKAT IS APPLICABLE:-

⇒ Investment:-

- ⇒ Bank balance
- ⇒ Property i.e., Plots.
- ⇒ Shares / Fixed deposits
- ⇒ Provident Fund
- ⇒ Life Insurance
- ⇒ Gold

⇒ Income less Expense:-

- ⇒ Agricultural Produce.
- ⇒ Minerals
- ⇒ Business assets like warehouse, factories etc.
- ⇒ House, Buildings, cars for rent.

IN WAY OF ALIYAH:-

Qabeelillah; wide Interpretation, Implications and applications, Incl.

Jihad, invitation to Islam, education, anything serving the cause of Islam.

WHERE ZAKAT CAN'T BE USED:-

For persons with sufficient means of living.

For ones dependents like " Parents, children.

Trust for investment.

Buying luxury goods.

On wasteful activities.

On road works and infrastructure.

Traveler:-

This can be paid from

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Zakat, even though he may be rich at home, if during the Journey he becomes destitute and unable to meet his expenses to return.

Q Write Prime categories of Prayers and what is the difference b/w Nafal & wajib Prayer?

Answers-

⇒ PRAYER:-

Prayer is a religious service, especially a regular one, at which people gather in order to pray together.

Prayer (Salah) is the second Pillar of Islam. It is a prescribed liturgy performed five times a

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Day and oriented
toward Mecca.

⇒ WHAT DID PROPHET SAY ABOUT PRAYER:-

The sins
of those who pray
salah, drop off as
the leaves of this
branch fell off.

⇒ FIVE DAILY PRAYERS:-

- ⇒ Fajr (the morning time)
- ⇒ Zohr (the noon time)
- ⇒ Asr (the late afternoon time)
- ⇒ Maghrib (The evening time)
- ⇒ Isha (the night time)

⇒ PRIME CATEGORIES OF PRAYER:-

- ⇒ Fard
- ⇒ Wajib
- ⇒ Sunnah
- ⇒ Nafl

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DIFFERENCE b/w NAFAL & WAJIB.

NAFAL

⇒ Nafil Prayers are optional or voluntary Prayers

⇒ One can offer nafil Prayers depending on one's well

WAJIB

⇒ This is also an obligatory Prayer.

⇒ It has lesser importance than Fard Prayer.

Q Write five signs before the day of Judgement:-

Ans **SIGNS OF JUDGEMENT**
DAYS:-

⇒ Shrinking of time

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⇒ Arrival of GOC and MACRO.

⇒ Markets will be close to each other.

⇒ The arrival of AU MAHAADI

⇒ Increase of Earthquake.

⇒ Increase of Sudden death.

Q4 What is Hajj and explain benefits of Hajj.

Answer:-

⇒ HAJJ:-

Hajj is the fifth basic duty of Islam.

Hajj is a visit to the Kaabah in Makkah during the 12th month of the Islam calendar.

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ohul - Hijrah.

A Muslim tries to make pilgrimage at least once in a lifetime.

BENEFITS OF HAJI:-

→ Completing Islam (the fifth pillar of Islam).

→ Leaving wealth and family for the pleasure of Allah.

→ Patience, under all circumstances.

→ Praising Allah a lot.

→ Total forgiveness for past sins.

BACKGROUND OF Hajj:-

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Adam and Eve

⇒ The symbolism of Hajj goes way back to the beginning to Adam, the first man.

⇒ The story begins with a small mountain in the plain of Arafat which is known as the Mount of Mercy.

⇒ It was here Adam and Eve were forgiven for their sin.

Q What is Tawhid (Prophecy) in Islam?

Answer:-

⇒ TAWHID:-

Tawhid is the most important Islamic

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belief.

It means the "Oneness"
or "Uniqueness" of Allah.

⇒ The technical meaning of
tawheed.

Allah is one
in his being and attributes
and he alone is the
only one who is worthy
to be worshipped & obeyed.

⇒ Kinds of tawheed:

(1) In being.

(2) In attributes.

(3) In worship.

RISALAH:-

Risalah means Proph-
ethood.

It is a channel of

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Communication between Allah and mankind.

Allah sent Prophets to every nation at different times to bring forgetful human beings back to the right path. (as - Siratul Mustaqim)

All Appoints Prophets.

According to Islam, Allah appointed 124,000 Prophets.

Names of 25 Prophets are mentioned in the Quran.

First Prophet - Adam (AS)

Last Prophet Muhammad (SAW)

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SOME BOOKS SENT BY AAHA:-

Tawar (Musq)

Labur (Dawud)

Infil (159)

Quray (Muhammed saw)

BELIEF & ACTION:-

Belief are like the
foundation of a
building.

Action are like the
pillars, walls and roof.

LAST PROPHET:-

(SAW) is not the father
of any man among you.
Muhammed

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But he is the
messenger of Allah
and the last (and)
of the Prophets. And
Allah is Ever All-Aware
of everything. (Quran 33-40)

"The End"