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SECTION = A

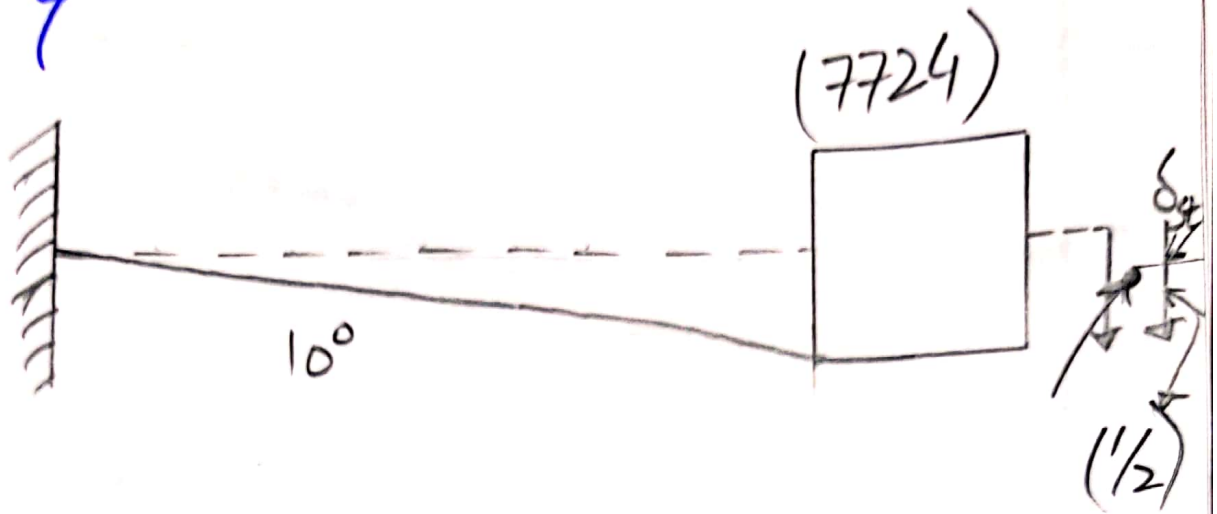
SUBJECT = Earth Quake
Engineering

Date = 29/06/2020

Teacher = Sir Yaseen.

#01

Q No. #01 :-



GIVEN DATA :-

$$E = 29,000 \text{ ksi}$$

$$I = 150 \text{ in}^4$$

$$W_{\text{wt}} = \text{deflection } (7724) \text{ lb}$$

SOLUTION :- The General EoM for SDOF system is,

$$Kx + c\dot{x} + m\ddot{x} = F(t) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

#02

In our system is undamped ($C=0$)
Under going free vibration ($P(t)=0$)

Hence General E.o.M becomes
 $Kx + m\ddot{x} = 0 \rightarrow (ii) \quad (1)$

$$\Rightarrow K = 3EI/L^3$$

$$\Rightarrow K = \frac{3 \times 29,000 \frac{K}{in^2} * 150 in^4}{(10 \times 12 in)^3} \Rightarrow 7.55 \frac{K}{in}$$

In Order to eliminate the chances of mistakes during calculation it is more appropriate to use fundamental units like lb, ft, sec or kg, m, Sec

$$\Rightarrow K = 7.55 \frac{K}{in} = \frac{90625 \text{ lb/ft}}{12 \text{ in/ft}}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{7724 \text{ lb/Sec}^2}{32.2 \text{ ft}} \Rightarrow 239.875 \text{ Slug}$$

Answer

3

#03

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{k/m} = \sqrt{\frac{90625}{239.875}}$$

* $\omega_n = 19.437 \text{ rad/sec}$

$$\Rightarrow T_n = 2\pi / \omega_n \Rightarrow 2\pi / 19.437$$

* $T_n = 0.323 \text{ Sec}$

Substituting the corresponding value in eq # (ii)

~~$$= 90625u + 2419.44 =$$~~

$$\Rightarrow 90625u + 239.87\ddot{u} = 0$$

where k is in lb/ft & m is in lb Sec²/ft.

General solution to the EOM

Q

#04

for undamped free vibrations is;

$$u(t) = u(0) \cos(\omega_n t) + \frac{u'(0)}{\omega_n} \sin(\omega_n t)$$

$$u(0) = \frac{1}{2}'' = \frac{1}{24} \text{ft} \quad \& \quad u'(0) = 0$$

$$u(t) = \frac{1}{24} \times \cos(19.437t) + 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} \times \cos(19.437t)$$

* Equivalent Static Force at any time t is;

$$F_s(t) = K u(t) = \frac{90625 \times \cos(19.437t)}{24}$$

$$F_s(t) = (3776.04 \times \cos 19.437t)$$

$$F_s(t) = 3560$$

#05

* Amplitude of dynamic displacement u_0 for undamped free vibration is.

$$u_0 = \sqrt{\left(u(0)\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\dot{u}(0)}{\omega_n}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{24}\right)^2 + 0}$$

$$u_0 = \frac{1}{24} \text{ ft}$$

* Amplitude of equivalent static force. f_{so} .

$$\Rightarrow K u_0 = 90625 \times \frac{1}{24}$$

$$= 3776.04$$

END #001

#06

Q #02

ζ (Damping ratio) of Reinforced concrete with Considerable Cracking?

$\Rightarrow 3-5\%$

$\Rightarrow 3\%$

Using Data of beam given in Q #01

Required: \rightarrow Develop & solve the equation showing variation of Equivalent static force with time \rightarrow Draw graph to show the variation of displacement with time & the variation.

#07

Equivalent static force with time.

Solution Eo.M for Demand free variation is

$$K_0 + C\dot{u} + m\ddot{u} = 0 \rightarrow (1)$$

for question (1)

$$K_0 = 90625 \text{ lb/ft}$$

$$m = 239.875 \text{ slug}$$

$$\omega_n = 19.437 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$c = 7 \times \text{In} \times \omega_n \text{ putting value}$$

$$c = (0.03) \times (239.875) \times (19.437)$$

$$c = 279.747 \text{ lbsec/ft}$$

put value In eq $\rightarrow (1)$

#08

$$\rightarrow Kx + Cv + mv = 0 - 0 \text{ put value}$$

$$\rightarrow 90625x + 279.747v + 239.875 = 0$$

~~$$x(t) = K \cdot u(t)$$~~

Solution to the EOM for
Damped free vibration is

$$\rightarrow u(t) = e^{-\zeta \omega_n t} \left[u(0) \cos(\omega_d t) + \frac{1}{\omega_d} [\dot{u}(0) + \zeta \omega_n u(0)] \sin \omega_d t \right]$$

~~ω_d~~ $\Rightarrow \omega_d = 19.437 \text{ rad/sec}$

$$u(t) = e^{-0.03 \times 19.425 t} \left[\frac{1}{24} \times \cos(19.425 t) + \frac{1}{19.425} \left[0 + \frac{1}{24} \times 0.03 \times 19.425 \right] \times \sin(19.425 t) \right]$$

$$u(t) = e^{-0.0582 t} \left[0.041 \times \cos(19.425 t) + 0.00125 \times \sin(19.425 t) \right]$$

#09

$$\Rightarrow f_s(t) = e^{-0.582t} [(90625 \times 0.041) \cos(19.425t) + (90625 \times 0.00125) \sin(19.425t)]$$

$$k \cdot u(t) \Rightarrow 90625 \times u(t)$$

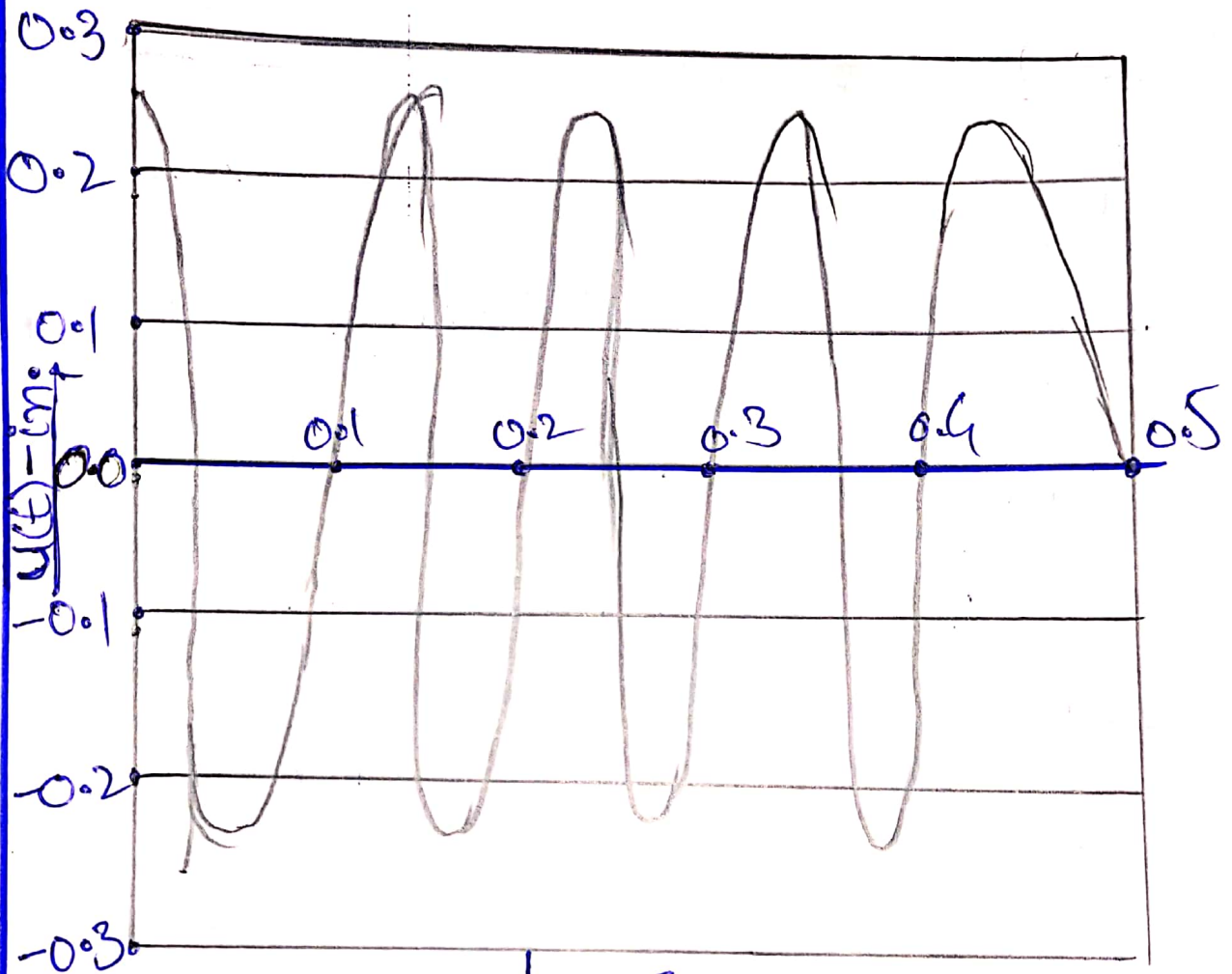
$$\Rightarrow f_s(t) = e^{-0.582t} [(90625 \times 0.04) \cos(19.425t) + (90625 \times 0.00125) \sin(19.425t)]$$

$$\Rightarrow f_s(t) = e^{-0.582t} [3715.62 \cos(19.425t) + 113.28 \sin(19.425t)]$$

(END #09)

#0510

Undamped Free Vibration

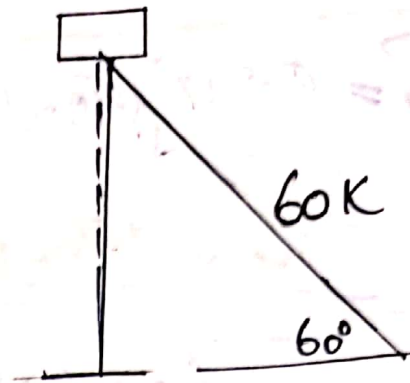


$t - \text{Sec}$
Variation of Displacement
with Time.

01

#011

Q#03



→ GIVEN DATA

Force of = 60 Kips

Displace the base by = 774 in

at the end of = 7 cycle

which complete of = 3.57 sec

Amplitude of displacement = 2.286 cm

↳ 40.9 in

→ Required DATA:

↳ Complete the following

① → Damping ratios.

② → Natural periods of undamped vibrations.

③ → Stiffness of structures.

- 4 → weight of Panke
 5 → Damping Co-efficient
 6 → Number of cycles to reduce the displacement amplitude 0.5
 8 →
- * SOLUTIONS: It given in eq,

$$U_1 = 7.724 \text{ in}$$

after $J = 7$,

$$U_{j+1} = U_B = 2.286 \text{ cm} = \underline{0.9 \text{ in}}$$

3(A) → Damping Ratio

$$\Rightarrow J = \frac{1}{2\pi\zeta} \ln \left(\frac{U_1}{U_{j+1}} \right)$$

⇒ By putting values we get:

$$\Rightarrow 7 = \frac{1}{2\pi\zeta} \ln \left(\frac{7.724}{0.9} \right)$$

3

#43

$$\zeta = 0.0488 = 4.88\%$$

$$\zeta = 4.88\% \quad \text{Answer.}$$

3 (B) Natural or period of undamped vibration $T_n = ?$

$$\Rightarrow 7 \text{ Cycle of Vibration} = 3.57 \text{ Sec}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Time required to complete one cycle} = 3.57 / 7$$

$$\Rightarrow T_D = 0.51 \text{ Sec Damping Time period.}$$

$$\text{Law } \omega_D = \omega_n \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2\pi}{T_D} = \frac{2\pi}{T_n \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_D = \frac{T_n}{\sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}} \quad \Rightarrow T_n = T_D \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_n = 0.51 \times \sqrt{1 - (0.0488)^2}$$

#4

$$T_m = 0.51X \sqrt{1 - (0.0488)^2} \quad T_m = 0.5093 \text{ seconds} \quad \text{Answer}$$

3 (C) Stiffness of Structure; (K)?

$$K = \frac{60 \times \cos 60^\circ}{7.724}$$

$$K = 3.883 \text{ K/cm}$$

$$K = 46596 \text{ lb/ft} \quad \text{Answer}$$

3 (D) Height of Tank; (h)?

$$\Rightarrow \omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{K}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{K}{\left(\frac{w}{g}\right)}} = \sqrt{\frac{K \cdot g}{w}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_n^2 = K \times g / w$$

$$\Rightarrow h = K \times g / \omega_n^2 \Rightarrow \text{Also } (\omega_n = 2\pi / T_m)$$

$$\Rightarrow h = K g / \left(\frac{4\pi^2}{T_m^2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow h = K g \times \frac{T_m^2}{4\pi^2}$$

05

~~#15~~ 15

$$\Rightarrow W = \left[\frac{46596}{ft} \times \frac{32.2 ft}{sec^2} \right] \times \frac{0.51 sec}{4 \times 11^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow W = 19382.73 lb \Rightarrow 19.38 \text{ Answer.}$$

#3 (E): Damping Coefficient (C=?)

\Rightarrow It is known that $\gamma = \frac{C}{2m\omega_n}$

$$\Rightarrow C = \gamma \times 2m\omega_n \Rightarrow C = \gamma \times 2m \times \left(\frac{2\pi}{T} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow C = \frac{0.0488 \times 4 \times 11 \times \frac{19382.73}{32.2}}{0.51}$$

$$\Rightarrow C = 594002.476 \text{ lb. Sec/ft. Answer.}$$

#3 (F): No. of Cycle. to reduce the displacement amplitude from 7 in to (0.5 in). (T=?)

∞

0016

$$\Rightarrow J = \frac{1}{247} \ln \left[\frac{0.1}{U_{j+1}} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow J = \frac{1}{247 \times 0.0488} \ln \left[\frac{7.724}{0.5} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow J = \underline{8.90} \text{ OR } 9 \text{ cycle.}$$

(End # 03)