

# Advance Engineering Survey



**Submitted by**

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**MODULE 9**

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Q.No(01)

(a) Given Data:~

$$\text{Tangent meet at chainage} \\ = 7426 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Deflection angle} = 14^{\circ}13'23''$$

$$\text{Degree of curve} = 5^{\circ}$$

Solution:~

$$D = 5^{\circ}$$

$$R = 5729.58/D$$

$$= 5729.58/5^{\circ} = 1145.91 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Tangent length} = BT_1 = BT_2$$

$$R \tan \phi/2$$

$$= 1145.91 \times \tan \left( \frac{14^{\circ}13'23''}{2} \right)$$

$$BT_1 = BT_2 = 142.96 \text{ ft}$$

Length of curve

$$L = \frac{\pi R \phi}{180}$$

$$L = \frac{\pi \times 1145.91 \times 14^{\circ}13'23''}{180}$$

$$L = 284.45 \text{ ft}$$

chainage of intersection point = 7426 ft

$$\text{minus tangent length} = -142.96 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Chainage of } T_1 = 7283.04 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Plus } L = 284.45 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Chainage of } T_2 = 7564.49 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{length of chord} = l$$

$$= 2R \sin\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right)$$

$$= 2 \times 1145.91 \times \sin\left(\frac{14^\circ 13' 23''}{2}\right)$$

$$= 283.72 \text{ ft}$$

Mid ordinate

$$R \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$1145.91 \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{14^\circ 13' 23''}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$= 8.81 \text{ ft}$$

External Distance

$$R \left(\sec\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) - 1\right)$$

$$1145.91 \left(\sec\left(\frac{14^\circ 13' 23''}{2}\right) - 1\right)$$

$$= 8.88 \text{ ft}$$

(Q. No 1)

(b) offset No	offset	Simpson	Multiplier	Product
1	7.426	1		7.426
2	10.426	4		41.704
3	11.426	2		22.852
4	5.426	4		21.704
5	3.426	2		6.852
6	4.426	1		4.426

$$\Sigma = 104.964$$

Area ( $h_1 - h_6$ )

$$= \frac{b}{3} \times 104.964$$

$$= \frac{30}{3} \times 104.964$$

$$= 1049.64 \text{ m}^2$$

Q.No(02)

Given Data:~

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Circular radius} &= 7426 - 7150 \\ &= 276\text{m}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Deflection angle} = 20^{\circ} 40'$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Point of intersection} &= 7426 - 5000 \\ &= 2426\text{m}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Interval} = 20\text{m}$$

Solution:~

$$R = 276 \times 2 = 552\text{m}$$

$$BT_1 = BT_2 = R \tan \phi/2$$

$$BT_1 = BT_2 = 552 \tan \frac{20^{\circ} 40'}{2} = 100.64\text{m}$$

Length of curve

$$L = \frac{\pi R \phi}{180}$$

$$L = \frac{\pi \times 552 \times 20^{\circ} 40'}{180}$$

$$L = 199.107$$

$$\text{chainage of point of intersection} = 2426\text{m}$$

$$\text{minus tangent} = -100.64\text{m}$$

$$\text{chainage of } T_1 = 2325.36\text{m}$$

$$\text{Plus } L = 199.107\text{m}$$

$$\text{chainage of } T_2 = 2524.467\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Length of 1st chord} &= C_1 \\ &= 2340 - 2325.60 \\ &= 14.4\text{m}\end{aligned}$$

$$C_2 = C_3 = C_4 = C_5 = C_6 = C_7 = C_8 = C_9 = 40 = 20\text{m}$$

$$C_{11} = 2524.467 - 2510$$

$$C_{11} = 14.467$$

By Deflection Method

$$\delta_1 = \frac{1718.9 \times C_1}{60R} \text{ (degree)}$$

$$\delta_1 = \frac{1718.9 \times 14.4}{60 \times 552}$$

$$\delta_1 = 0^\circ 44' 50.45''$$

$$\delta_2 = \frac{1718.9 \times 20}{60(552)}$$

$$\delta_2 = 1^\circ 2' 16.74''$$

$$\delta_2 = \delta_3 = \delta_4 = \delta_5 = \delta_6 = \delta_7 = \delta_8 = \delta_9 = \delta_{10}$$

$$\delta_{11} = \frac{1718.9 \times 14.467}{60(552)}$$

$$\delta_{11} = 0^\circ 45' 2.97''$$

Total deflection (tangential) angle for the chord is;

$$\Delta_1 = \delta_1 = 0^\circ 44' 50.45''$$

$$\Delta_2 = \Delta_1 + \delta_2 = 1^\circ 47' 7.19''$$

$$\Delta_3 = 2^\circ 49' 23.93''$$

$$\Delta_4 = 3^\circ 51' 40.67''$$

$$\Delta_5 = 4^\circ 53' 57.41''$$

$$\Delta_6 = 5^\circ 56' 14.15''$$

$$\Delta_7 = 6^\circ 58' 30.89''$$

$$\Delta_8 = 8^\circ 0' 47.63''$$

$$\Delta_9 = 9^\circ 3' 4.37''$$

$$\Delta_{10} = \Delta_9 + \delta_{10} = 10^\circ 5' 21.11''$$

$$\Delta_{11} = \Delta_{10} + \delta_{11} = 10^\circ 50' 24.08''$$

$$\text{Check} = \frac{20^\circ 40'}{2} = 10^\circ 20'$$

Q.No(03)

Given Data:~

$$\Delta AKM = 130^\circ$$

$$\Delta KMC = 140^\circ$$

$$1^{st} \text{ arc radius} = (7426 - 300) = 7126 \text{ m}$$

$$2^{nd} \text{ arc radius} = (7426 - 200) = 7226 \text{ m}$$

~~3rd arc radius =~~

$$\text{Chainage of intersection} (7426 - 400) = 7026 \text{ m}$$

Solution:~

$$\alpha = 180^\circ - 130^\circ = 50^\circ$$

$$\beta = 180^\circ - 140^\circ = 40^\circ$$

$$\phi = \alpha + \beta = 90^\circ$$

$$I = 180 - \phi = 180 - 90^\circ = 90^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned}KT_1 = KV &= R_L \tan\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) \\ &= 7126 \tan\left(\frac{50^\circ}{2}\right) \\ &= 3322.90 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}KT_2 = MT_2 &= R_S \tan\left(\frac{\beta}{2}\right) \\ &= 7226 \tan\left(\frac{40^\circ}{2}\right) \\ &= 2630.04\end{aligned}$$



$$KM = MT_2 + KT_1 = 3322.90 + 2630.04 = 5952.94m$$

Now,

$$\frac{BK}{MK \sin \beta} = \frac{1}{\sin I}$$

$$BK = \frac{MK \sin \beta}{\sin I}$$

$$BK = \frac{5952.94 \times \sin 40^\circ}{\sin 90} = 3826.47m$$

$$BM = \frac{5952.94 \times \sin 50^\circ}{\sin 90} = 4560.21m$$

$$T_L = KT_1 + BK = 5322.90 + 3826.05 = 7148.95m$$

$$T_S = MT_2 + BM = 2630.04 + 4560.21 = 7190.25m$$

$$L_c = \frac{\pi R_c \alpha}{180} = \frac{\pi \times 7226 \times 40}{180} = 5044.69m$$

chainage of intersection point  
= 7026m

$$-T_L = -7148.95m$$

chainage of  $T_1 = -122.95m$

$$\text{Plus } L_c = +6218.60m \\ = 6095.65m$$

Chainage of compound curvature.

$$\text{Plus } l_s = +5044.69\text{m}$$

Chainage of  $T_2 = 1140.34\text{m}$

